## DAIHATSU G200

## Service manual

DAIHATSL MOTOR CO., LTD.

## IMPORTANT SAFEIY NUIIGE

The vehicle is a machine comprising a great number of parts. Basically speaking, the vehicle is potentially hazard. However, one can handle it safely if he has the required knowledge.
Correct service methods and repair procedures are very vital for assuring not only the safety and reliability of a vehicle, but also the safety of service personnel concerned.
The methods and procedures contained in this manual describe in a general way the techniques which the manufacturer has recommended. Thus, they will contribute to ensuring the reliability of the products. The contents of the servicing operations come in a wide variety of ways. Moreover, techniques, tools and parts necessary for each operation are different widely from each other.
This manual does not cover all details of techniques, procedures, parts, tools and handling instructions which are necessary for these operations, for such coverage is impossible. Hence, any one who obtains this manual is expected first to make his responsible selection as to techniques, tools and parts which are necessary for servicing the vehicle concerned properly. Furthermore, he must assume responsibility for his actions in connection with his own safety.
Therefore, one should not perform any service if he is not capable of making responsible selection and/or if he can not understand the contents herein described, for this manual has been prepared for experienced service personnel.

## WARNINGS, CAUTIONS AND NOTES

All these symbols have their specific purposes, respectively.

## WARNING:

- This symbol means that there is the possibility of personal injury of the operator himself or the nearby workers if the operator fails to follow the operating procedure prescribed in this manual.


## CAUTION:

- This symbol means that there is the possibility of damage to the component being repaired if the operator fails to follow the operating procedure prescribed in this manual.

NOTE:

- To accomplish the operation in an efficient manner, additional instructions concerning the operation are given in this section.
The following list describes general WARNINGS:
- Always wear safety glasses for eye protection.
- Use safety stands whenever a procedure requires you to be under the vehicle.
- Be sure that the ignition switch is always in the OFF position, unless otherwise required by the procedure.
- Set the parking brake when working on the vehicle.
- Operate the engine only in a well-ventilated area to avoid the danger of carbon monoxide.
- Keep yourself and your clothing away from moving parts, when the engine is running, especially from the fan and belts.
- To prevent serious burns, avoid contact with hot metal parts such as the radiator, exhaust manifold, tail pipe, catalytic converter and muffler.
- Do not smoke while working on a vehicle.
- To avoid injury, always remove rings, watches, loose hanging jewelry, and loose clothing before beginning to work on a vehicle.
- Keep hands and other objects clear of the radiator fan blades! The electric cooling fan is mounted on the radiator and can start to operate at anytime by a rise in coolant temperature or turning ON of the air conditioner switch in the case of vehicles equipped with an air conditioner. The electric cooling fan is also mounted on the condenser for air conditioner and starts to operate anytime when the air conditioner switch is turned "ON". For this reason care should be taken to ensure that the electric cooling fan motor is completely disconnected when working under the hood.


## CHASSIS SERIAL NUMBER STAMPED POSITION

The chassis number is stamped on the cowl panel at the right side in the engine compartment.


## MANUFACTURE'S PLATE POSITION

The manufacturer's plate is attached on the cowl panel.


## CONTENTS OF MANUFACTURER'S PLATE

(1) General, Australian, Norwegian and Finnish specifications

(2) European Specification (except for Norway and Finland)

(1) Manufacturer's name, Country
(2) Vehicle model
(3) Chassis No.
(4) Engine type
(5) Engine displacement
(6) Body colors
(7) Trim code
(B) Engine number
(9) Manufacturer's name in Japanese
(10) Gross vehicle weight
(1i) Gross combination weight
(12) Maximum permissible front axle weight (13) Maximum permissible rear axle weight (14) Production moth-year (Only for AUS spec.)

## ENGINE NUMBER AND ENGINE TYPE STAMPED POSITIONS

[HC, HD engine]

- The engine number is stamped on the cylinder block.
- The engine type is indicated by embossed letters on the cylinder block.



## [CB engine]

- The engine number is stamped on the cylinder head.
- The engine type is indicated by embossed letters on the cylinder block.


## [CB engine for Australian specifications]

- The engine number is stamped on the cylinder block.
- The engine type is indicated by embossed letters on the cylinder block.



## BODY COLOR INFORMATION

| Color name | Code |
| :--- | :---: |
| White | W09 |
| Greenish gray mica | *S14 |
| Pure red | *R19 |
| Dark blue mica | *B23 |
| Light turquoise metallic | *G16 |
| Black metallic | 6A5 |

The asterisk "*" mark indicates the employment of new color.
COLOR CODE IN THE WORLD

| Color name | Color code |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DAIHATSU | AKZO | DUPONT | Cl | SPIES HECKER | STANDOX |
| White | W09 | DAHW09 | K9344 | XM48 | 16461 | W09 |
| Greenish gray mica | S14 | DAHS 14 | H9925 | 5GK9B | 60439 | S14 |
| Pure red | R19 | DAHR19 | H9924 | 5GL1 | 30423 | R19 |
| Dark blue mica | B23 | DAHB23 | H9853 | 2RM2B | 50330 | B23 |
| Light turquoise metallic | G16 | DAHG16 | H9923 | 5GK8B | 60440 | G16 |
| Black metalic | 6A5 | DAH6A5 | L7902 | $\begin{gathered} \text { A403B or } \\ \text { B929B } \end{gathered}$ | 96326 | 6A5 |

## TRIM CODE



A code that has been set in alphabetical order.
Seat main material
F.Y: Fabric

L: Vinyl chloride leather

## VEHICLE 4-PLAN DIAGRAMS

## 4-Plane diagram of 3-door model



## 4-Plane diagram of 5 -door model



## PERFORMANCE DIAGRAMS



CB engine with 5-speed manual transmission



HC-C engine with 4-speed automatic transmission


HC-E engine with 4-speed automatic



HC-E engine with $\mathbf{5}$-speed manual transmission


HD-E engine with 5-speed manual transmission

ENGINE SPECIFICATION


## NOTE

* European with tropical spec. and Australian spec: $850 \pm 50$
${ }^{* 1}$ The lubrication oil capacity are under reconsideration. Refer to the service manual for the correct amount.

| Item Engine type |  |  |  |  | CB | $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ | HC-E | HD-E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooling system | Cooling method |  |  |  | Water-cooled eiectromolor type | Water-cooled electromotor type | Water-cooled electromotor type | Water-cooled eleciromotor type |
|  | Radiator type |  |  |  | Corrugation type forced circulation | Corrugation type forced circulation | Corrugation type forced circulation | Corrugation lype forced circulation |
|  | Coolant capacity liter [Including 0.434 liter for reserve tank] |  | Manual transmission | European | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
|  |  |  | General, Australian | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.7 |
|  |  |  | Tropical spec. | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.5 | - |
|  |  |  | Aulomatic transmission | European | - | 4.6 | 4.6 | - |
|  |  |  | General, Australian | - | 5.4 | 5.4 | - |
|  |  |  | Tropical spec. | - | 5.4 | 5.4 | - |
|  | Electromotor capacity W |  |  |  | 45. 80 | 80, 120 | 80, 120 | 80.120 |
|  | Water pump type |  |  |  | Centrifugal type bell-driven type | Centrifugal type belt-driven type | Centrifugal type bell-driven type | Centrifugal type bett-driven type |
|  | Thermostat type |  |  |  | Wax pellet type | Wax pellet type bottom by-pass type | Wax pellet type bottom by-pass type | Wax pellet type bottom by-pass type |
| Air cleaner | Type |  |  |  | Filter paper type | Filter unwoven rabric type | Fijler unwoven fabric type | Filler unwoven fabric lype |
|  | Number |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fuel system | Fuel tank | Capacity liter |  |  | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 |
|  |  | Location |  |  | Underneath rear seat floor | Underneath rear seat floor | Underneath rear seat floor | Underneath rear seat floor |
|  | Fuel pipe material |  |  |  | Rubber and steel tube | Rubber and steel tube | Rubber and steel tube | Rubber and steel tube |
|  | Fuel pump type |  |  |  | Diaphragm type | Diaphragm type | Electromotor type | Electromotor type |
|  | Fuel filter type |  |  |  | Filter paper type | Filter paper type | Fitter paper type (Voltex lype) | Filter paper type (Voltex type) |
|  | Carburetor | Manufacturer |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aisan } \\ \text { industry } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aisan } \\ \text { industry } \end{gathered}$ | - | - |
|  |  | Type |  |  | Downdraft, 2-barrel, single carburetor | Downdraft, 2-barrel, single carburetor | - | - |
|  |  | Throttle bore diameter mm (inch) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 28(1.10), \\ & 32(1.26) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28(1.10), \\ & 32(1.26) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | - |
|  |  | Venturi |  | arneter | mm (inch) | $18(0.71)$, $25(0.98)$ $7(0.28)$ $8(0.31)$ | $21(0.83)$, $25(0.98)$ $9(0.35)$, $8(0.31)$ | - | - |
|  | Fuel injection device |  |  |  | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { Electronic } \\ \text { type } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Electronic } \\ \text { type } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Injector | Type of nozzle retainer |  |  | - | - | With cushion rubber type | With cushion rubber type |
|  |  | Nozzle type |  |  | - | - | Electronic controlled throttle type | Electronic controlled throttle type |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Injection pressure } \\ & \mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ (2.55,18.4) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ (2.55,18.4) \end{gathered}$ |


| Item Engine type |  |  |  |  |  | CB | $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ | HC-E | HD-E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engine electrical system | Ignition system | Voltage V |  |  |  | 12 [Negative ground] | $\begin{gathered} 12 \text { [Negative } \\ \text { ground] } \end{gathered}$ | 12 [Negative ground] | 12 [Negative ground] |
|  |  | Type |  |  |  | Full-transistorized type battery ignition type | Fill-transistorized type battery ignition type | Full-transistorized type (ESA) battery ignition lype | Full-transistorized type (ESA) battery ignition type |
|  |  | Ignition timing |  |  |  | BTDC $5^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ Stable revolution below 1000 rpm | BTDC $5^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ} /$ Stable revolution below 1000 rpm | TOC $0^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ with the check comector connexded with pround terminal | DC $0^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ with conneclue coneck with ground terminal |
|  |  | Firing order |  |  |  | 1-2-3 | 1-3-4-2 | 1-3-4-2 | 1-3-4-2 |
|  |  | Distributor | Distributor type |  |  | Full-transistorized type battery ignition type | Full-transistorized type battery ignition type | Full-transistorized type battery ignition type | Full-transistorized type battery ignition type |
|  |  |  | Performance of timing advancing mechanism | Centritugal type | M/T |  |  | ESA | ESA |
|  |  |  |  |  | A/T | - | 0\%800 mon. $14.55^{\circ} 2800 \mathrm{pmm}$ | ESA | - |
|  |  |  |  | Vacuum type | M/T | $0^{\circ} / \mathrm{t} 000 \mathrm{mmimg}$. $11 \%-330 \mathrm{mmHg}$ | $0 \%$-100 minitg. $15^{\circ} /-410 \mathrm{mmHg}$ | ESA | ESA |
|  |  |  |  |  | A/T | - | $0^{\circ} /-100 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{mg}$. $10^{\circ}-300 \mathrm{mmHg}$ | ESA | - |
|  |  | Spark plug | Manuiacturer \& Type | NIPPONDENSO |  | W16EX-UNT6EXR-U | K20PR-U11 | K20PR-U11 | K20PR-U11 |
|  |  |  |  | NGK |  | BP5EAL/BP5EY | BKR6E-11 | BKR6E-11 | BKR6E-11 |
|  |  |  |  | BOSCH |  | - | - | FR7DCX | FR7DCX |
|  |  |  |  | CHAMPION |  | - | RC9YC4 | RC9YC4 | - |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spark plug } \\ & \text { gap } \\ & \quad \mathrm{mm} \text { (inch) } \end{aligned}$ | NIPPONDENSO |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.7-0.8 \\ (0.028-0.031) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | NGK |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.7-0.8 \\ (0.028-0.031 y \\ 0.8-0.9 \\ (0.031-0.036) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | BOSCH |  | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | CHAMPION |  | - | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0-1.1 \\ (0.039-0.043) \end{gathered}$ | - |
|  |  |  | Thread |  |  | $\mathrm{M} 14 \times 1.25$ |  |  |  |
|  | Battery | Type | General specifications |  |  | 34B17//55B24L | $34817 \mathrm{~L} / 366200$ Delco |  | 36820L/Delco |
|  |  |  | European specifications |  |  | Delco | Delco | Delco | Delco |
|  |  |  | Australian specifications |  |  | 34B17L | - | 34817L/36820L | 36B20L |
|  |  | Capacity AH | General specifications |  |  | $27 \mathrm{Ah}, 36 \mathrm{Ah}$ | 27 Ah 28 An. 36 Ah | 27 Ah. 28 An. 36 An | $28 \mathrm{Ah}, 36 \mathrm{Ah}$ |
|  |  |  | European specifications |  |  | 36 Ah | 36 Ah | 36 Ah | 36 Ah |
|  |  |  | Australian specifications |  |  | 27 Ah | - | $27 \mathrm{Ah}, 28 \mathrm{Ah}$ | 28 Ah |
|  | Alternator | Type |  |  |  | Three-phase alternaling current commuting type | Three-phase allernating current commuting lype | Three-phase allernaling current commuting lype | Three-phase alkernating currenl commuting lype |
|  |  | Output |  MT <br>   <br>  AT | General specifications |  | 12-50 | 12-60 | 12-60 | 12-60 |
|  |  |  |  | European specifications |  | 12-50 | 12-60 | 12-60 | 12-60 |
|  |  |  |  | Australian specifications |  | 12-50 | 12-60 | 12-60 | 12-60 |
|  |  |  |  | General specifications |  | - | 12-70 | 12-70 | - |
|  |  |  |  | European specifications |  | - | 12-70 | 12-70 | - |
|  |  |  |  | Australian specific | calions | - | 12-70 | 12-70 | - |
|  |  | Regulator type |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Contact } \\ \text { pointless type } \\ \text { (IC regulator } \\ \text { type) } \end{gathered}$ | Contact pointless type (IC regulator type) | ```Contact pointless type (IC regulator type)``` | ```Contact pointless type (IC regulator type)``` |
|  | Starter | Type |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Magnet } \\ \text { engaging type } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Magnet } \\ \text { engaging type } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Magnet } \\ \text { engaging lype } \end{gathered}$ | Magnet engaging type |
|  |  | Output |  |  | V-kW | $\begin{aligned} & \quad 12-0.7 \\ & * \quad 12-0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \star 12-0.8 \\ \star^{2} 12-1.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} * 12-0.8 \\ * 212-1.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12-0.8 \\ & *^{2} 12-1.0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Radio noise suppressing device |  |  |  |  | Resistive cord | Resistive cord | Resistive cord | Resistive cord |

NOTE:

- Cold specifications
"Other than European and General with cold specifications
"European and General with cold specifications


## POWER TRAIN SPECIFICATIONS (1)

|  |  |  | 3-Door |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | G202 |  | G200 |  |  |  | G201 | G200 |  |  |
|  |  |  | FMDS | YMDS | FMDS | FMDE | FMGE | YMDE | FMSE | FPDS | FPDE | FPGE |
| Clutch | Mechanism from engine to transmission |  | Engine-clutch-transmission |  |  |  |  |  |  | Engine-fluid coupling-transmission |  |  |
|  | Reduction ratio from engine to transmission |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.00 (Stall torque ratio) |  |  |
|  | Type |  | Dry, single disc diaphragm |  |  |  |  |  |  | Three-element, single-stage. 2-phase |  |  |
|  | Operation method |  | Mechanically-operated type |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hydraulically-operated type |  |  |
|  | Facing | Dimensions mm (inch) [outer dia. $\times$ inner dia.] | $\begin{gathered} 170 \times 110 \\ (6.69 \times 4.33) \end{gathered}$ |  | $190 \times 132(7.48 \times 5.2)$ |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  |  | Material | Woven molded (asbestos-free) |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Transmission | Type | Forward | Constant-mesh type |  |  |  |  |  |  | Six-position in-line (with over drive switch) |  |  |
|  |  | Reverse | Selective sliding type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Operation method |  | Floor shift type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gear ratio (tooth No.) | 1st gear | 3.090 |  | 3.090 | 3.181 [3.416] |  |  | 3.090 | 2.807 |  |  |
|  |  | 2nd gear | 1.842 |  | 1.842 | 1.842 |  |  | 1.750 | 1.479 |  |  |
|  |  | 3rd gear | 1.250 |  | 1.250 | 1.250 |  |  | 1.250 | 1.000 |  |  |
|  |  | 4th gear | 0.864 |  | 0.916 | 0.864 |  |  | 0.916 | 0.735 |  |  |
|  |  | 5th gear | 0.707 |  | 0.750 | 0.707 |  |  | 0.750 | - |  |  |
|  |  | Reverse | 3.142 |  | 3.142 | 3.142 |  |  | 3.142 | 2.769 |  |  |
| Final reduction: gear | Type |  | Conventional type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gear type |  | Helical gear |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reduction ratio |  | 4.933 | 4.642> | 4.642 | 4.266 *3.647 |  |  | 4.266 | 3.853 |  |  |
| Differential gear | Housing type |  | Integral with transmission case |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gear type and number |  | Straight bevel gear, 2-large, 2-small |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]< > : Australian and General specifications with those for cold area

* : Option for except Austratian specifications and European specifications with G200LS-FMGE and G200RV-YMDE.
(2)

|  |  |  | 5-Door |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | G202 | G200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | GMDS | GMDS | GMGS | GMDE | GMGE | GPDS | GPGS | GPDE | GPGE |
| Clutch | Mechanism from engine to transmission |  | Engine-clutch-transmission |  |  |  |  | Engine-fluid coupling-transmission |  |  |  |
|  | Reduction ratio from engine to transmission |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 2.00 (Stall torque ratio) |  |  |  |
|  | Type |  | Dry single disc diaphragm |  |  |  |  | Three-element, single-stage, 2-phase |  |  |  |
|  | Operation method |  | Mechanically-operated type |  |  |  |  | Hydraulically-operated type |  |  |  |
|  | Facing | Dimensions mm (inch) [outer dia. $\times$ inner dia.] | $\begin{aligned} & 170 \times \\ & 110 \\ & (6.69 \times \\ & 4.33) \end{aligned}$ | $190 \times 132(7.48 \times 5.2)$ |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
|  |  | Material | Woven moided (asbestos-free) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transmission | Type | Forward | Constant-mesh type |  |  |  |  | Six-position in-line (with over drive switch) |  |  |  |
|  |  | Reverse | Selective sliding type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Operation method |  | Floor shift type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gear ratio (tooth No.) | 1st gear | 3.090 | 3.090 |  | 3.181 [3.416] |  | 2.807 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2nd gear | 1.842 | 1.842 |  | 1.842 |  | 1.479 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3rd gear | 1.250 | 1.250 |  | 1.250 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4 th gear | 0.864 | 0.916 |  | 0.864 |  | 0.735 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5th gear | 0.707 | 0.750 |  | 0.707 |  | - |  |  |  |
|  |  | Reverse | 3.142 | 3.142 |  | 3.142 |  | 2.769 |  |  |  |
| Final reduclion gear | Type |  | Conventional type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gear type |  | Helical gear |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reduction ratio |  | $\begin{gathered} 4.933 \\ <4.642> \end{gathered}$ | 4.642 |  | $4.266 * 3.647$ |  | 3.853 |  |  |  |
| Differenlial gear | Housing type |  | Integral with transmission case |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gear type and number |  | Straight bevel gear, 2-large, 2-small |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(3)

| ltem |  |  |  | 3-Door |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | G202 |  | G200 |  |  |  | G201 | G200 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | FMDS | YMDS |  |  |  |  |  | FPDS | FPDE | FPGE |
| Running system | Front axle | Type |  | Ball joint type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Toe-in | mm (inch) |  |  |  |  |  | 39) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Cambe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Caster |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | King-p inclina | ion angle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Trail | mm (inch) |  |  |  |  | 9.0 | .35) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rear | Toe-in | mm ( inch) |  |  |  |  |  | 039) |  |  |  |  |
|  | axle | Camb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Tire | Type | Front wheel Rear wheel | $* 6.1$ 145 155 | $\begin{aligned} & -13 \\ & \text { OR13 } \\ & \text { OR13 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OR13 } \\ & \text { OR14 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 165 / \\ & 165 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5R14 } \\ & \text { OR13 } \end{aligned}$ | 175/60R14 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 45 / 80 \mathrm{P} \\ & 155 / 80 \mathrm{P} \\ & 65 / 70 \mathrm{P} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Rim | Front wheel <br> Rear whee! | $13 \times 4.5$ | $[13 \times 5 \mathrm{l}$ ] |  | 4.5. J 13 | $\times 5 \mathrm{~J}, 14$ | 5 JJ] | $14 \times 5 \mathrm{~J}$ |  | 4.5J | - 5J] |

General specifications
[ ]: Option for G200 and G201
GSM00020-00000
(4)

| Item |  |  |  | 5-Door |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | G202 | G200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | GMDS | GMDS | GMGS | GMDE | GMGE | GPDS | GPGS | GPDE | GPGE |
| Running system | Front axle | Type |  | Ball joint type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Toe-in | mm(inch) |  |  |  |  | 1 (0.039) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Camb |  |  |  |  |  | $0^{\circ} 20^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Caster |  |  |  |  |  | $1^{\circ} 55^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Kinginclina | ion angle |  |  |  |  | $12^{\circ} 0^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Trail | mm (inch) |  |  |  |  | 9.0 (0.3 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rear | Toe-in | mm (inch) |  |  |  |  | 4 \{0.15 |  |  |  |  |
|  | axle | Camb |  |  |  |  |  | -40' |  |  |  |  |
|  | Tire | Type | Front wheel | 6.15-13 145/80R13 155/80م13 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OR13 } \\ & \text { OR14 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 5R14 OR13 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RR13 } \\ & \text { OR13 } \\ & \text { RR13 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Rim | Front wheei <br> Rear wheel | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \times 4.5 \mathrm{~J} \\ & {[13 \times 5 \mathrm{~J}]} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 4.5. ${ }^{\text {[ }}$ | 5J, 14 | 5J] |  |  |

## LAMP SPECIFICATIONS

| Item <br> Lamp |  |  | Wattage | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Headlamp | Butb specifications | Halogen | 55/60 |  |
| Front |  | Clearance lamp | 5 |  |
|  |  | Turn signal lamp | 21 |  |
| Side turn signal lamp |  |  | 5 |  |
| Rear combination lamp |  | Stop/tail lamp | 21/5 |  |
|  |  | Tail tamp (only vehicles equipped with rear fog lamp) | 5 |  |
|  |  | Turn signal lamp | 21 |  |
|  |  | Back-up lamp | 21 |  |
|  |  | Rear fog lamp | 21 |  |
| License plate lamp |  |  | 5 |  |
| Room lamp (Interior light) |  |  | 10 |  |
| Spot lights (Inside mirror) |  |  | 3.6 |  |
| Luggage lamp |  |  | 5 |  |
| High-mount stop lamp |  |  | 21 |  |

MAIN SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS (1)

(2)

| Item | Vehicle mode! |  | 5-Door |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { G202 } \\ \hline \text { GMDS } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | G200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | GMDS | GMGS | GMDE GM | GMGE | GPDS | GPGS | GPDE | GPGE |
| Tire inflation pressure $\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ | Tire size |  | 6.15-13 | 145/80R13 |  | 155/80R13 | 175/60R14 |  | 165/65R14 | 4 165/70R13 |  |
|  | Front |  | 180 (1.8. 26 ) | $\begin{aligned} & 180(1.8 .26) \\ & 200(2.0,29) \text { AUS } \end{aligned}$ |  | 180 (1.8.26) | $180(1.8,26)$ |  | 180 (1.8, 26) | ) $180(1.8,26)$ |  |
|  | Rear |  | $180(1.8,26)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 180(1.8,26) \\ & 200(2.0,29) \text { AuS } \end{aligned}$ |  | $180(1.8,26)$ | $180(1.8,26)$ |  | 180 (1.8, 26) | ) 180 (1.8.26) |  |
| Spare tire inflation pressure $\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kgt} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ |  |  | $420(4.2,60)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheel nuts tightening torque $\quad \mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}(\mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m})$ |  |  | 88.2-117.6 (9-12) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accelerator pedal free play mm |  |  | 3-8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engine idle speed rpm | Type of engine |  | CB | $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ |  | HC-E |  | $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ |  | HC-E |  |
|  | M/T |  | $850 \pm 50$ | $850 \pm 50$ |  | $800 \pm 50$ |  | - |  | - |  |
|  | A/T |  | - | - |  | - |  | $800 \pm 50$ |  | $850 \pm 50$ |  |
| Engine oil capacity liter | Engine type |  | CB | $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ |  | HC-E |  | HC-C |  | HC-E |  |
|  | F level |  | 2.7 | 3.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | L level |  | 1.7 | 2.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oil capacity when oil filter is replaced |  | 3.0 | 3.5 (3.6 for oil cooler equipped model) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Full capacity |  | 3.2 | 3.8 (3.9 for oil cooler equipped model) |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Manual transmission oil capacity | Capacity liter |  | $2.10-2.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
|  | Grade |  | API GL-3 or GL-4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
|  | Viscosity |  | SAE 75W-85 or 75 W -90 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| Automatic transmission oil capacity | Capacity liter |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.0 |  |
|  | Drain and refill |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.8 |  |
|  | Fluid type |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | ATF DEXRON ${ }^{\text { }}$ II |  |
| Brake fluid | Grade |  | FMVSS116 DOT3 or SAE J1703 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brake pedal (while engine is running) | Free trave $\quad \mathrm{mm}$ |  | 0.5-2.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reserve travel mm | Without A.B.S | 151 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | With A.B.S | $-$ | 151 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clutch pedal free travel mm |  |  | 15~30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parking brake operating travel (when pulled by a force of $196.1 \mathrm{~N}(20 \mathrm{kgf})$ ) | Drum brake |  | 4-7 notches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Disc brake |  | 4-7 notches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exhaust emissionat tail pipe (Manufacturer's standard) | Idle CO Vol \% |  | $1 \pm 0.5$ | $1.5 \pm 0.5$ |  | 0.5 (Max) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Idle HC max. ppm |  | 1000 | 1000 |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Idle $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \quad \mathrm{~min} . \%$ |  | - | 12.1 |  | 14.0 |  |  |  |  |  |

## MAIN MODIFICATION POINTS COMPARED WITH FORMER MODEL



## NOTE:

- This chart describes the main modification points only.
- For details, refer to the data at the end of each section of the service manual.

ENGINE

- Inlake manifold

To improve the axial lorque output characteristics at a normal range, the distance from the air cléaner to the throtle body has been shortened thus preventing intake air surging during the inerka supercharging Consequenily. Ihe output characterisucs of the axial torque have been improved lo thave a wider flat range. As a result of these moditications. the inlake manifold throtife body and a.r cleaner have been changed

- Camistral1

For erinaniced output characierislics jurirg the normat rotation range the frofte of the camshaft has been frofle of the camshat has toreen type

- Actursting bar

The adjusing bar has beeri changed to a belt tension adjuslable type by means al ari SSt

To reduce piston slap nolse. the piston-to-cylnder clearance has been decreased and also pislon profile has been changed.


For improved operation teeling.
a nonlinear link has been employed

- A 5 mm -dia coil type resislive cord lor high-frequency noise protection has
been employed

Cylinder nead cover (EF1-equipped engine only) A PCV valve has been adopted al the blow-by gas hose side In line with this modification. the shape of the cylander head cover has been changed.

- Cylinder block

For improved rigidity, the arrangement of ribs has been changed Moreover. for improved pont rigidity relative to the transmission case. the number of the bolts connecting the Iransmission case has been increased from lour to five Furthermore, the number of the knock pins has been increased so as to prevent the center oi the engine from being deviated from that of the transmission.

- Prston ring

The gap between the opening ends ol the pistor ring No. 1 nas been set to a value greater than that of the piston ring No. 2 . Consequently the residuai pressure of the second land has been reduced, thus decreasing fluttering of the piston rings As a result, the oil consumption has been reduced
-Secona ring
For reduced oil consumption, a cutout section has been added, thus mproving the oul scraping characleristucs
*Oil ring
For deduced oil consumption thin width lype oil ring has been employed Morecover, for reducing the mechanical loss of the engine. expansion rate of oil ring has been reduced

- Camshafl

Fur at higher outpul. the
protfe of the camshafi
has beern changed


To make the disintulor mainlenance-Iree. a lull ransistorized type distribulor has been adopled (Including Type CB engine)

## BODY

## 1. Safety

(1) Coilision safety


The impact absorbing and dispersing body construction, which consists of a high-rigidity cab and a crushable body, has improved the impact absorbing characteristics against the frontal collision by $30 \%$, compared with the former type. This body has complied with the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (occupant injury scale) which is the most stringent standard in the world.

The impact absorbing and dispersing body means a, body whereby the impact input by collision can be effectively dispersed to the high-rigidity cab by proper arrangement of body members. In this way, the degree of the deformation of the cab - (vehicle compartment) has been reduced.

(3) Empioyment of lock reinforcement

To increase the retention strength of the lock, the door lock section has been reinforced.
(4) Fuel inlet box

For enhanced safety, a rubber shield has been provided around the resin box so that the fuel system may be separated from the vehicle interior in the event of collision breakage.

(5) High-mount stop lamp (Except European specifications)
The high-mount stop lamp comes in two kinds: In one type, the stop lamp is placed in the back window. The other is a roof end spoiler built-in type. On vehicles with the general specifications, the high-mount stop lamp is optional equipment. On vehicles with the Australian specifications, the type in which the stop lamp is placed in the back window is standard equipment, whereas the roof end spoiler built-in type is optional equipment.

(6) Rear wiper

For wider rear field of vision on a rainy day, the wiping area of the wiper has been increased.


## (7) Engine hood

To reduce the front/lower dead angle, the engine hood hinge height has been lowered.


## (8) Inside rear view mirror

To reduce the dead angle by the inside rear view mirror, the installation height of the inside rear view mirror has been raised.


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## 2. Easy Operation

(1) Improvement of door closing

For reduced operating force, inclined type hinges have been employed at the door hinge.

Specifications:

| Inclination angle of front door | $2.5^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Inclination angle of rear door | $2.0^{\circ}$ |

(2) Lock button integral type inside handle (3-door model only)
For easier operation, the locking knob has been built in the inner handle.
(3) Rotary knob type child safety (5-door model only)
For easier operation, the child proof has been changed from the hitherto-employed lever type to a rotary knob type.

## 3. Weight Reduction

(1) Front door window glass

For reduced mass, lightweight glass has been employed.


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(2) Quarter window glass (3-door model only)

For reduced mass, lightweight glass has been employed.
(3) Bell crank for rear door

A resin-made one-piece type bell crank has been adopted.
(4) Blow-molding protection molding

For reduced mass, blow-molding protection molding has been employed.
Employment of blow molding also has made it possible to affix color film to the material adhesive protection molding simultaneously. Hence, it has become easier to respond to the color selection.


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## 4. Quietness



For reduced vibration, a high-rigidity cab, front suspension arms and principal axes of inertia type engine mountings have been employed. Furthermore, for reduced noise in the vehicle interior, sound-insulating materials have been used effectively.
(1) HIGH-RIGIDITY CAB

For improved rigidity of the cab, reinforcements have been added or the construction has been changed at the following sections constituting the cab.


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(1) Front pillar

To increase the bending and twisting rigidity at the joint section, the reinforcements at the front pillar section have been modified to such a construction that they are vertically inserted into the rocker section.

## 2) Rear pillar

To increase the rigidity, a roof side inner reinforcement has been added at the rear pillar.

## Center pillar

To increase the bending and twisting rigidity at the joint section, the reinforcement at the center pillar section has been changed to such a construction that it is vertically inserted into the rocker section.


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(4) Dash crossmember

For enhanced rigidity, the sectional construction of the dash crossmember has been changed.


## Instrument panel reinforcement

A steel pipe type instrument panel reinforcement is provided as standard equipment on all models.
(6) For enhanced rigidity, the number of the roof reinforcements has been changed from two to three, thus preventing the roof from drumming.

## (7) Rocker panel

For enhanced rigidity, the sectional construction has been changed and the thickness of the plate has been increased.
(8) Wheel house brace

The joint of the wheel house outer brace and roof side inner reinforcement has been strengthened. Thus, the construction has been changed so that the whole rear pillar may sustain impacts from the suspension.

(9) Rear crossmember

The joint rigidity of the rear floor crossmember with the rocker panel has been increased.

## (10) Floor tunnel reinforcement

For increased rigidity, the floor tunnef reinforcement has employed a two-division type. Furthermore, for increased rigidity at the tunnel section, the front floor center reinforcement has been extended to the longitudinal wall of the tunnel.

## (11) Floor under reinforcement

For enhanced strength and rigidity, the fioor under reinforcement, which was formerly divided into the front reinforcement and rear reinforcement, has been made an integral type.

## Top of rear pillar

The roof side inner reinforcement has been provided as standard equipment. Moreover, for enhanced rigidity, a larger back door opening upper inner frame has been employed and the thickness of the steel sheet has been increased.

## ) Others

IMPROVEMENT OF INSTALLATION RIGIDITY OF CHECK. ER BRACKET
For enhanced installation rigidity, the configuration and construction of the checker bracket have been changed.


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SIDE MEMBER
The spot working hole at the side member inner joint section has been abolished. Instead, for assured rigidity, the overlapping section of the inner member has been increased.
(2) INCREASED RIGIDITY OF DOOR FRAME
(1) Employment of door sash having large section

For improved rigidity at the sash section, a door sash having a large sectional construction area has been employed.
(2) Employment of large triangle bracket

For assured assistance of sash rigidity, a large-sized triangle bracket of the front door has been adopted.
(3) Employment of three-ply seal (European specifications with HD engine equipped model only) For enhanced seaing characteristics, opening weatherstrips have been provided at the front door and rear dcor.


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## (3) ENGINE MOUNTINGS



The engine mounting method has been changed from a combined three-point mounting type to such a type where the engine is supported on the principal axes of inertia. This construction makes it possible to reduce vibration during the engine idling and restrict the movement in a roll direction by means of the front stopper.

The engine rear mount and front stopper are installed to the engine support member which is installed with the bushes interposed. Thus, the engine vibration is not directly transmitted to the dash panel because of the following two vibration-proof effects; that of each part of the engine rear mount and front stopper and that of the bushes at the installation section of the engine support member. Therefore, the engine vibration is dispersed to the body through the engine support member and suspension member. Consequently, the transmitting noise to the dash panel has been reduced.

## D Engine mounting right insulator

To reduce the weight, the bracket has been changed from sheet metal to aluminum casting. This has reduced the weight at the tip end of the bracket, thus increasing the rigidity.

The external shape of the engine mounting right insulator is the same on both manual transmission vehicle and automatic transmission vehicle. However, rubber characteristics are different.
(2) Engine mounting left insulator

This insulator differs in shape between the manual transmission vehicle and the automatic transmission vehicle owing to difference of the transmission holding section. The rubber characteristics are different, too.

(5) Engine mounting front insulator (Stopper) (Automatic transmission vehicle only)
On automatic transmission vehicles, a locator has been provided at the front stopper section. The locator rod converts the engine idling vibration in an up-\&- down direction during D range to the vibration in a fore- $\&$-aft direction, which is then transmitted to the high-rigidity body. Consequently, the vibration in an up-\&-down direction has been reduced at the floor and steering.


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(4) SILENCER

For reduction of vibration and noise level, insulators and silencers are affixed to the front and rear floors.


| Part name |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Asphalt sheet | Dash panel insulator No. 2 sheet |
|  | Front floor silencer side sheet |
|  | Center fioor silencer side sheet |
|  | Front floor silencer center sheet (HD engine equipped vehicle only) |
|  | Center fioor silencer center sheet (HD engine equipped vehicle only) |
|  | Rear floor sitencer No. 1 sheet (HO engine equipped vehicle only) |
|  | Rear floor silencer No. 2 sheet |
| (9) Felt | Front floor silencer side pad |

## 5. Improvement of Appearance Quality

(1) Quarter Window Glass (3-door vehicle)

In order to provide flush vehicle surface, the quarter window glass has adopted an adhesive type using urethane adhesive agent. In addition, for improved sealing performance, a molding with a reference pin for assembling use has been newly installed at the outer periphery of the glass. To conceal the adhesive sections, ceramic treatment has been performed to the outer periphery of the window glass. An opening trim is provided at the opening flange section at the body side so as to prevent personal injuries, such as a cut at hand, by the edge section.

## (2) Back door glass

In order to provide flush vehicle surface, an adhesive type window has been employed.
Therefore, a spacer used as a reference during glass positioning has been newly installed.
To conceal the adhesive sections, ceramic treatment has been performed to the outer periphery of the window glass. An opening trim is provided at the opening flange section at the back door side.

## ) Door outside panel

For improved appearance, the door outside handle employs a built-in type key cylinder (at the front side only).

## (4) Side outer panel

An integral type side outer panel has been employed, thereby abolishing the sealer at the joint section. As a result, the accuracy of the door opening has been improved.


## 6. Others

(1) Canvas top

## (Optional equipment on some of 3 -door vehicles)

To create a sporty image, the canvas top has been made integral with a roof deflector which reduce catching-in of wind.

 Upon completion of the operation, make sure to immediately release your hand from the switch.

- Do not sit on the canvas top or lean on it.
- When you go away from the vehicle, make sure that the canvas top is fully-closed.
- Be careful in opening/closing of the cambas top after rain or washing the vehicle, the water droplets collected on the canvas top may drop into the vehicle interior.
- Do not open or close the canvas top during high-speed driving, for this practice may damage the canvas top.
- Do not perform the opening/closing of the canvas top during freezing period, snowfall or when the ambient temperature is below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
- Before you open the canvas top, make sure that no water or snow is present on the canvas top.


## WARNING:

- When operating the switch, utmost care must be exercised to ensure that hands etc. will not be caught by the closing or opening canvas top.
- Never protrude hands or face above the opening section of the canvas top while the vehicle is moving.
- Also, do not put a long object that sticks out from the vehicle.
It may lead to an accident.


## NOTE:

- For important information on cleaning and caring for your canvas top, refer to "Canvas Top Care" in Section 12.
(2) OPENING/CLOSING IN EVENT OF SWITCH FAILURE Set the ignition switch to the lock position. Remove the service hole plug.
Now, you can get access to the hexagonal hole at the lower end of the drive shaft at the roof side where the service hole plug has been removed. Insert the exclusive-use handle (hexagonal wrench) furnished with the vehicle into the hexagonal hole. The canvas top is closed when you turn the handle clockwise. Conversely, the canvas top is opened when the handle is turned counterclockwise.


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## POWER TRAIN

## CLUTCH

The clutch is a dry single-disc type, as is the case with the hitherto-employed one. However, the clutch capacity has been increased about 10 percent, compared with the former type, thus improving the wearresistance of the clutch facing as well as feeling at the time of engagement. (HC series engine equipped vehicle)


## Clutch dise

For reduced engine transmitting noise, the maximum twisting angle and twisting rigidity of the clutch disc have been increased. Moreover, JD-8 (asbestos-free type) has been employed for the facing material so as to improve anti- juddering performance.


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## Clutch cover

The clutch cover comes in two kinds; one for HC and the other for HD. Each clutch cover has different assembling load.


## CONTROL MECHANISM

The operation mechanism employs a cable type which features high reliability, as is the case with the conventional ones.


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## Clutch release bearing

The clutch release bearing has adopted an automatic self- aligning type bearing, thus improving the durability of the diaphragm spring and reducing clutch juddering.


## Clutch Release Fork

The clutch release fork is made of sintering alloy. It is installed to the clutch release lever by means of a bolt.


## MANUAL TRANSMISSION

The manual transmission has employed a 5 -speed transmission.
As for the 5-speed transmission of the HC-E engine, the 5th gear (top gear) has been set to a higher speed so as to improve fuel consumption. Weight reduction of each part has been further promoted. Moreover, shifting into the reverse gear has been made easier and shift feeling has been improved. For reduced engine transmitting noise, the joint rigidity relative to the engine has been increased.


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## RANSMISSION CASE

To improve the joint rigidity of the transmission case, the number of the connecting bolts with the engine has been increased from four to five. Furthermore, ribs have been added at the engine mating surface so as to increase the strength.

In line with the change in engine rear mounting, positions of bracket installing boss have been changed and added. Moreover, a boss for the air cleaner installing bracket has been newly provided.


## 4-SPEED ELECTRICALLY-CONTROLLED TRANSMISSION

The 4 -speed electrically-controlled automatic transmission with lock-up mechanism has been newly employed.
This automatic transmission is mainly composed of a torque converter with lock-up clutch, a 4 -speed planetary gear unit, a hydraulic control system and an electric control system.
This automatic transmission has the following features.

- The automatic transmission ECU controls the clutches and brakes in the automatic transmission, based on the shift pattern pre-memorized in the ECU for each driving mode (Auto, Power and Easy).
- When shifting the transmission, the hydraulic line pressure in the transmission is controlled by the ECU in order to reduce transmission shift shocks.
Furthermore, when shifting the transmission, the automatic transmission ECU (A/T ECU) demands the EFi ECU to reduce the engine output for a predetermined duration of time in order to reduce transmission shift shocks.
On vehicles equipped with EFi engines, the EFi ECU retards the ignition timing according to the A/T ECU demand to reduce the engine output for predetermined length of time memorized in the EFi ECU.
- Even if the shift lever is placed to the reverse range when the vehicle speed is in excess of a certailevel, no reverse shift will take place so that the transmission may not be damaged.
- The A/T ECU monitors the operating conditions of sensors, such as the throttle sensor and vehicle speed sensor as well as the operating conditions of electrical parts, such as the shift position switches and solenoid valves. In cases where any malfunction should take place in these electrical parts, the A/T ECU memorize the malfunction as applicable diagnosis code and if malfunction occured in the important operating systems, the ATT ECU makes the warning lamp go on, thus telling the driver of the occurrence of malfunctions. In addition, the diagnosis function is provided that tells the operator of memorized malfunction contents as malfunction codes during the check service.
* For details, see the AT section.


## CONSTRUCTION



## System Diagram



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Hydraulic System


## SUSPENSIONS


he suspensions basically inherit the hitherto-employed strut 4-wheel independent type.
The suspensions have the following remarkable features.

1. For improved rolling attitude and yawing response, the roll center height has been set to an optimum value by extending each suspension arm of the front and rear suspensions.
2. Front suspension

The front suspension has employed a front suspension member structure. This has enhanced the whole suspension rigidity and has contributed to the improved controllability.
On GTi vehicles, a suspension member (brace) has been added to the lower side of the front suspension member, thus further increasing the suspension member rigidity.

The adoption of an L-shaped arm at the lower arm has made it possible for the front bush position to be arranged in an optimum way. Consequently, the compliance steering (deflection steering) which will take place by external forces (lateral force, longitudinal force) applied to the earth-contact section of tires has been reduced. Furthermore, the anti-dive and anti-lift characteristics have been further improved.

The front axle has been set to the Vorlauf arrangement in which the wheel center is located ahead of the kingpin's center line (employment of short trail and middle caster). (The Vorlauf arrangement equals to negative Nachlauf arrangement. (Here, Nachlauf refers to an arrangement in which the wheel center is located behind the kingpin's center line.)) As a result, the forces required for turning and retaining the steering wheel have been reduced and the steering feeling has been improved.

Moreover, the kingpin offset amount has been set to an optimum value so as to reduce occurrence of flattening.
For improved riding comfort and controllability, the front suspension member upper support has been changed from a rubber compression type to a rubber shearing type.

Furthermore, the spring constant has been changed and the number of the installed bolts has been increased from two to three.
3. Rear suspension

For assured riding comfort and straightahead running stability over rough terrains, the rear suspension arm has been extended so as to reduce the change in tread. Furthermore, the camber changing amount has been set to an optimum value in order that the cornering limit and controllability during cornering as well as the yawing convergence may be improved.

## STEERING SYSTEM


ie steering system has adopted the rack and pinion type steering gear, as is basically the same with the conventional steering system. However, detailed specifications have been reviewed so that the safety may be further assured and the steering feeling, stability and steering vibration may be improved.

## STEERING GEAR ASSEMBLY



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## MANUAL STEERING GEAR ASSEMBLY

The basic construction of the manual gear assembly is the hitherto-employed rack and pinion type.
For reduced turning effort of the steering wheel under the vehicle stationary state or during running at an extremely low speed, the rack stroke per pinion turn has been shortened.

## POWER STEERING GEAR ASSEMBLY

The basic construction of the power steering gear assembly is the hitherto-employed rack and pinion type. To reduce the number of turns of the steering wheel, the fack stroke per pinion turn has been increased, thus reducing the number of the lock-to-lock turns. Moreover, for reduced turning effort, the operating characteristics of the control valve have been modified.

## Specifications

| Items |  | Former mantal steering | New manual steering | Former power steering | New power steering |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total rack stroke | mm | 148.5 | 150.0 | 148.5 | 150.0 |
| Inner turning angle | degree | 39.85 | 39.78 | 39.85 | 39.78 |
| Outer turning angle | degree | 34.95 | 34.54 | 34.95 | 34.54 |
| Ackerman steering angle | degree | 29.19 | 29.33 | 29.19 | 29.33 |
| Number of pinion teeth. |  | 6 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Rack stroke/pinion turn | mm | 35.81 | 34.56 | 39.90 | 46.68 |
| Number of lock-to-lock turns |  | 4.01 | 4.27 | 3.63 | 3.21 |
| Ackerman rate | \% | 46 | 50 | 46 | 50 |

For enhanced accuracy of the front wheel alignment, the mounting section of the steering gear assembly has been switched from the dash panel crossmember section to the suspension member.
Furthermore, for improved steering feeling, the mounting rigidity of the steering gear assembly has been increased by reducing the offset between the installation point and the center of the steering gear.

## STEERING WHEEL



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he steering wheel comes in two kinds: One is made of resin. The other is made of foamed urethane.

## Resin-made steering wheel

For improved crash characteristics and improved safety, the resin-made steering wheel has been provided with two 15 mm dia. holes at the spoke sections.
Moreover, for enhanced vibration-proof characteristics, the steering wheel has employed a hollow core type. thus reducing the weight.

## Foamed urethane-made steering wheel

For improved safety, the foamed urethane-made steering wheel has employed an energy absorbing pad at the steering wheel pad section.
Furthermore, for reduced weight and enhanced durability, an aluminum alloy-made core has been adopted. Moreover, flon gas used for foaming urethane has been changed to substance (HcFC123) that does not contain a chloric group.

## STEERING COLUMN



For reduced vibration during the engine idling, a reinforcing bracket has been added to the steering columr Furthermore, the offset relative to the steering wheel center has been decreased by downsizing the upper bearing and arranging it at the center of the multi-use lever switch.
Moreover, a steering stay has been newly provided in order to increase the steering supporting rigidity. For reduced transmitting noise from the engine compartment, a resin bush has been provided between the intermediate shaft and the rubber cover.

## POWER STEERING VANE PUMP


he vane pump is a newly-developed aluminum alloy-made pump featuring compact design and lightweight. $\rightarrow$ In this vane pump, the supporting construction of the drive shaft (main shaft) has been switched from a cantilever construction to a both-end supporting construction. Moreover, the front side bearing has employed a ball bearing. This modification has improved the stability of rotating center of the rotor and has reduced the hydraulic pulsation. Consequently, this change has made it possible to use a high- load belt.
To prevent fretting, this front bearing has been installed by press-fitting to the pump body.
For improved oil discharging performance during a cold period, the diameter of the suction port for the vane pump working fluid has been increased. Also, the oil sump at the working fluid suction passage of the end cover has been abolished.
As a result of this abolishment of the oil sump, cavitation no longer occurs, thus reducing noise.
Moreover, for reduced noise, the cam profile has been changed from a linear profile to a curved profile, thus preventing a sudden change in speed of the vane plate. Consequently, the impact at which the vane plate hits the cam has been reduced. Furthermore, the return hole of the working fluid has been changed from a single drain construction to a double drain construction. Therefore, the volume at the oil sump section has been reduced and the probability of cavity breakage has been reduced.
The flow rate of oil for oil seal lubrication has been reduced by narrowing down the opening area (clearance between the body and the shaft) at the leak oil passage. As a result, the working fluid suction effect has 'eeen improved.
. . .e pulley for the vane pump has employed a pulley-and-boss integral type.

RESERVOIR TANK


The reservoir tank has employed a newly-designed lightweight resin-made tank.
The reservoir tank has been installed to the body by means of brackets with a sheared rubber interposed. Consequently, this has prevented vibration and noise from being transmitted to the body side.

## Reservoir tank specifications

| Oil capacity | $(\ell)$ | Max. | 0.26 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 0.21 |  |

## TIE ROD ENDS

The ball seat material of the tie rod end ball joint has been altered to decrease the rotating torque at the ball joint section, thus reducing the sliding resistance. This has reduced vibration that is transmitted from the tire side to the steering wheel side caused by fluttering.


## BRAKES



Basically, the brake piping is a two-separate line type employing a diagonal (cross) piping. Even if either system should fail, the loss of braking forces may be kept to a minimum level.
The number of parts has been reduced so that the service may be carried out easily.
For improved braking performance, the brake master cylinder has adopted a type with a 7 -inch booster on all models except for Type HD engine-mounted vehicles and ABS-equipped vehicles. Furthermore, the inner diameter of the master cylinder is set to 19.05 mm .
Moreover, for reduced initial depressing force, the jumping amount has been increased at the booster side. On Type HD engine-mounted vehicles and ABS-equipped vehicles, the brake master cylinder has employed a center valve type with an 8 -inch booster. The inner diameter of the master cylinder is 20.64 mm .
As for the front brakes, a 13 -inch dia. disc brake has been employed on all models. For improved braking 'eeling, the brakes have been made to have such characteristics that a natural braking force can be obtained according to the brake pedal depressing force.
On Type HD engine-mounted vehicles and ABS-equipped vehicles, a ventilated disc has been employed. The front brake calipers are the same as the hitherto-employed floating caliper type. For easier service of the calipers, the calipers are installed by means of mounting brackets.
The material of the brake pad has employed non-asbestos material. Furthermore, the hitherto-employed sound detecting type wear indicator has been provided at the inner side of the pad.
As for the rear brakes, the hitherto-employed 180 mm -dia. drum brakes are used except for Type HD engine-mounted vehicles and ABS-equipped vehicles.
On Type HD engine-mounted vehicles and ABS-equipped vehicles, the hitherto-employed floating caliper type disc brakes have been adopted. The mounting position of the calipers has been switched to front side so that the routing of the parking brake cable may be performed easily. Furthermore, the adjusting method of the pad clearance has been changed from a micro adjusting type to a one-shot type.
As for the proportioning valve, a proportioning and bypass valve for cross piping use has been employed on all models.

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER


The brake master cylinder has employed a tandem type made of aluminum alloy.
The brake master cylinder comes in three kinds: One is for G200 standard vehicles. Another is for G201 standard vehicles. The other is for ABS-equipped vehicles. On G200 standard vehicles, the master cylinder has employed a side valve type having a cylinder inner diameter of 19.05 mm ( 0.75 inch); on G201 standard vehicles, a side valve type having a cylinder inner
diameter of 20.64 mm ( 0.813 inch); on ABS-equipped vehicles, a center valve type having a cylinder inner diameter of 20.64 mm ( 0.813 inch).
The G201 standard vehicles and ABS-equipped vehicles share the brake master cylinder of the sam. external shape. However, a center valve is provided at the secondary piston for the ABS- equipped vehicle. Therefore, care must be exercised so as not to mistake one for the other master cylinder.

## BRAKE BOOSTER


he brake booster means a device whereby the brake pedal depressing force is doubled by utilizing -difference in pressure between the negative pressure inside the intake manifold and the atmospheric pressure.
The brake booster has employed a 7 -inch single type for G200 standard vehicies; an 8-inch single type for G201 standard vehicles and ABS-equipped vehicles.

## PROPORTIONING VALVE



The braking force control device means a device which prevents the rear wheels from being locked caused by the shift of loads from the rear wheels to the front wheels during the braking. The twin proportioning valve (twin $P$ valve) is employed and installed at the center of the dash panel. The proportioning valve comes in two kinds for standard vehicles and for ABS- equipped vehicles.
In the twin $P$ valve, the two valves are arranged in parallel. When the input fluid pressure (master cylinder fluid pressure) exceeds the set value, the output fluid pressure (rear wheel cylinder pressure) is controlled. Consequently, the braking forces are ideally distributed between the front and rear wheels.

## FRONT BRAKE


he front disc brake uses a 13 -inch disc brake on all models. A solid disc brake has been adopted on G200 -- models, whereas a ventilated type disc brake has been adopted on G201 models and ABS-equipped vehicles.
The front disc brake has employed a caliper floating type. The calipers come in two kinds: One is for the solid disc. The other is for the ventilated disc.
For easier removal and installation of the calipers, a caliper mounting bracket has been added.
The disc pad has employed a non-asbestos pad. Furthermore, for easier service, a sound detecting type wear indicator has been installed.

REAR BRAKE


The rear brakes have adopted drum brakes for G200 models; disc brakes for G201 models and ABSequipped vehicles.

## DISC ROTOR (ABS-equipped vehicle)

On ABS-equipped vehicles, a sensor rotor has been pressfitted for wheel speed detection.


ABS


On some models mounted with Type HC-E engine with the European specifications, the 4 -sensor and 4-channel type ABS manufactured by NIPPONDENSO is available as optional equipment.
This ABS system features small size, lightweight, a less number of actuator components and a less number of accessory parts.
(For details, refer to the ABS service manual.)

## PARKING BRAKE MECHANISM



The parking brake employs a center lever method rear-wheel control type, as has been hitherto employed The lever ratio of the parking brake lever has been reviewed this time so as to reduce the operating load orthe lever and improve the brake effectiveness.
On disc-brake vehicles, the automatic adjusting mechanism (one-shot mechanism) has been employed that keeps the reserve travel (a gap between the piston and the push rod) of the parking brake lever at a constant value.

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## One-shot mechanism

(1) Construction

The one-shot mechanism consists of a push rod (adjusting bolt), a sleeve nut built-in the piston assembly, a bearing, a washer, a wave washer and a snap ring. This mechanism is operated when the service brake pedal is depressed.

(2) Operation

When the service brake pedal is depressed, the piston moves forward by a distance corresponding to the pad wear by the hydraulic pressure of the master cylinder.
At this time, the sleeve nut and adjusting nut section will not move, for the sleeve nut and adjusting bolt (push rod) are connected by the screw section.
However, the sleeve nut, bearing, washers and wave washer move in the forward direction of the piston, contracting the wave washer, for they are incorporated inside the piston by the snap ring.
Because of a reaction force generated at the wave washer this time, the sleeve nut which is in a floated state from the piston by the bearing is turned by a distance of the gap between the piston and the sleeve nut (corresponding to the pad wear). Consequently, the gap between the piston and the sleeve nut (push rod) can be kept at a proper value.

NOTE:

- When replacing the pad, make sure to return the piston into the cylinder by turning the piston clockwise.
- After the pad has been replaced or the caliper has been disassembled, be sure to depress the service brake pedal two or three times and adjust the reserve travel of the parking brake lever.


## arking brake

The parking brake comes in two kinds according to the difference in shape of the center console.


## VEHICLE INTERIOR



With a view to creating a vehicle the users will desire to use for a long time with friendly feeling and affectioi the vehicle interior has been so designed that the vehicle may have an ideal physical space with streamer lines. A quality feeling that is one class higher has been provided through the realization of balanced seat positions, comfortable seats, well-balanced and comfortable arrangement of the interior components, instrument panels facing stightly toward the driver and slightly-larger sized switches that feature good conspicuousness.

## INSTRUMENT PANEL

To provide an improved quality feeling, the instrument panel has been designed to consist of simple and streamed lines. For easier operation, frequently-used heat control switches and radio are arranged at relatively-high positions. Moreover, the center clusters have been arranged so that they face toward the driver's seat.
In addition, the distance between switches and the driver's seat has been shortened and the switches have been enlarged for easier operation.


## CONSOLE BOX

On all models, the full-console box is optional equipment. This console box has been so designed that it provides a continuous-feeling from the center cluster section of the instrument panel.
On high-grade models of AT and MT vehicles, the center tray is standard equipment. No basic model is equipped with the center tray.


## AIR CONDITIONER



It has been agreed on the world level that the use of this substance of CFC12 (R12), because of its properties to destroy the ozone layers, be abolished totally by the end of this century.
The air conditioner has adopted one compatible with alternate flon HFC 134a (R134a) that has an extremely small coefficient of ozone layer destruction. In addition, the air conditioning capacity has been increased. The R134a, which is expressed by a chemical formula of $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{FCF}_{3}$, does not contain Cl group (chlorine group) which constitutes a principal cause of the ozone layer destruction. Therefore, the R134a is the most expected substance as an alternate flon which has an extremely low coefficient of ozone layer destruction and stable physical property.
Furthermore, R134a also meets the requirements that the coefficient of global warming effect must be low and that the characteristics are similar to those of hitherto-employed CFC12 (R12).
However, R134a can not be used in the air conditioners for hitherto-employed R12 use owing to the following haracteristics: Poor solubility with the compressor oil (mineral oil), a greater water solubility (easy-to-take-in water) and a greater degree of swelling against sealing materials and hose materials.
To realize an air conditioner compatible with R134a, the following modifications have been enforced: Change in each sealing material and sealing construction, change in the dying agent, increased capacities of the magnet clutch and condenser, etc., change in the pressure switch and expansion valve and development/employment of new lubricating oil.
Moreover, taking into consideration the fact that even R134a has not a zero coefficient of ozone layer destruction, the hitherto-employed melt bolt has been abolished and the pressure relief valve is provided at the compressor side. This relief valve is opened to a required degree, in the event that the high-pressure rises abnormally, so as to lower the pressure. In this way, the releasing of the refrigerant (R134a) to the atmosphere may be kept to a minimum level.
From the viewpoint of the service, as a precautionary measure to prevent wrong use of the former refrigerant (R12) onto the new air conditioner, the piping joint sections, charging valve and service tools have been altered. Moreover, an identification of R134-use has been made conspicuously on each unit.

WHEEL


The wheei basically comes in five kinds.
On the 13 -inch wheel, the thickness of the steel material has been changed so that the weight may be reduced.
The aluminum wheel comes in two kinds; 13 -inch and 14 -inch wheels. The 13 -inch aluminum wheet has employed 7 -spoke type which gives a stable and tensed appearance. The 14 -inch aluminum wheel is a 5 -spoke type featuring sporty image.
For compact design, the wheel offset of the temporary tire has been shortened.

## WHEEL CAP

The following kinds of wheel caps have been provided.


## DAIHATSU G200,6201

## CHASSIS

## MA-1

## MAINTENANCE

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## MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE SECTION DESCRIPTION

Maintenance operation:
NOTE 1. Check the odometer and the period the vehicle has been operated whichever comes first.
2. Continue periodic maintenance after $100,000 \mathrm{~km}$ ( 60,000 miles), following this schedule.

| O ... Check or inspect |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Section | Inspection |  | $\times 1000 \mathrm{~km}$ | 1 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { See. } \\ & \text { page } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | $\times 1000$ miles | 0.6 | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |  |
|  |  |  | Years | - | 0.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 |  |
| Brake system | Brake booster | - Fun |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | MA-24 |
|  |  | - Rubber parts (7 inches), booster assembly (8 inches) and vacuum hose replacement |  | Every 4 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MA-24 |
|  | Brake fluid | - Lev |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | O | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | O | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | MA-E |
|  |  | - Change |  | Every 1 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MA-6 |
|  | Brake hose \& tube | - Leakage Loose clamps Damage |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | MA-7 |
|  |  | - Hose change |  | Every 4 year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MA-7 |
|  | Brake drum / disk | - Wear Damage |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | MA-10 |
|  | Brake lining | - Drum-to-fining clearance Wear |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | MA-14 |
|  | Brake pad (disk brake) | - Wear Damage Disk-to-pad clearance |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | MA-10 |
|  | Brake pedal | - Free play Reserve travel |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | MA-5 |
|  |  | - Effe |  |  | 0 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | MA-6 |
|  | Master cylinder. wheel cylinder and disc caliper | - Fluid |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ | MA-18 |
|  |  | - Fun Dam We |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | MA-10 |
|  |  | - Cup | al replacement | Every 2 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MA-10 |
|  | Parking brake lever | - Work |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | MA-B |
|  |  | - Effe |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | MA-8 |
|  | Parking brake rod \& cable | - Tig Rat Dan |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | MA-9 |
|  | Proportioning valve | - Replacement |  | Every 4 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MA-36 |



| Section | Inspection |  | $\times 1000 \mathrm{~km}$ | 1 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | See page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\times 1000$ miles | 0.6 | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |  |
|  |  |  | Years | - | 0.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 |  |
| Steering system | Ball joint dust boot | - Damage |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ | MA-51 |
|  | Gear box | - Leakage |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | MA-51 |
|  |  | - Tightness |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | MA-51 |
|  | Knuckie | - Rattle of linkage |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | MA-51 |
|  | Power steering belt | - Damage Tightness |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | O | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | O | $\bigcirc$ | MA-51 |
|  | Power steering fluid | - Fluid hose change |  | Every 4 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MA-52 |
|  |  | - Level Leakage |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | MA-52 |
|  | Rod and arm | - Damage Rattle Tightness |  |  |  | 0 |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | MA-5d |
|  | Steering wheel | - Free play Operation Rattle Tightness |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | MA-55 |
|  | Wheel alignment | - Side slip test Turning angle |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | MA-55 |
| Suspension system | Attaching portion \& linkage | - Damage Rattle Tightness |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | MA-56 |
|  | Shock absorber | - Damage Function Oil leakage Rattle |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | MA-56 |
|  | Spring | - Damage |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | MA-56 |
|  | Suspension arm. control arm \& dust cover | - Damage Rattle Tightness |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | MA-5F |
| Engine | Fuel tine \& connection | - Fuel hose replacement |  | Every 4 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MA-37 |
| Exhaust emission control system | Check valve | - Function |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | MA-37 |

## MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS <br> BRAKE PEDAL



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## FREE PRAY

With the engine stopped, first reduce the vacuum in the booster by depressing the brake pedal more than five times. Then lightly and slowly depress the pedal by hand until you feel resistance and measure the free play.

Specified Value: $0.5-2.0 \mathrm{~mm}$


## EFFECTIVENESS

1. Check that the brakes are functioning effectively, either by using the brake tester or by conducting road tests on a level road.
2. Ensure that the brakes are functioning normally without any side pull.

## BRAKE FLUID

## LEVEL

Check the brake fluid level and replenish the brake fluid to the "MAX" line of the reservoir tank, if required.
NOTE:

- If the brake fluid is spilled in advertently over the paintfinish surface of the vehicle, quickly wipe off the brake fluid.


## CHANGE

1. Submerge one end of a hose in a container filled with the brake fluid. Connect the other end of the hose to the wheel cylinder bleeder plug of the vehicle. Loose the bleeder plug.
2. Release the brake fluid completely fromeach wheel cylinder.
3. Tighten the bleeder plug and fill the brake fluid to the "MAX" line of the tank.


NOTE:

- For the vehicle equipped with A.B.S., air bleeding takes more time than that without A.B.S..


## BRAKE HOSE \& TUBE

## LEAKAGE, LOOSE CLAMP AND DAMAGE

 Inspect the hose for following points.(1) Hoses and tubes for damage, cracks
(2) Hoses for deformation or swelling
(3) Tubes for corrosion or rust
(4) Tube clamps and related parts for tightness, rattle or damage
(5) Connection for fluid leakage
(6) Hoses for extreme bending, twisting or pulling


## HOSE CHANGE

1. Release the brake fluid from the reservoir tank.
2. Separate the hose from the brake tube, using a brake pipe wrench.
3. Detach the clip.
4. Disconnect the hose from the shock absorber bracket.
5. Disconnect the hose from wheel cylinder (or disc brake caliper).
6. Install in the reverse order of disconnecting.


NOTE:

- When install the hose to the wheel cylinder, tighten the specified torque, new gasket interposed. (Front brake)

Tightening Torque: $27-34 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $2.7-3.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 19.5-25.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

- When install the brake hose to the brake ture, tighten the specified torque. (Rear brake)

Tightening Torque: $13-17(1.3-1.8 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m})$

7. Perform the operation of air bleeding for the brake piping line. (See brake fluid change.)

(1) Parking brake handle
(2) Adjusting nut
(3) Parking brake pull rod
(4) Switch

## WORKING TRAVEL

1. Pull the lever with 200 N by hand.

Specified Value: 4-7 notches

## NOTE:

- If not specified value, adjust the adjusting nut.

2. Check the brake warning lamp for proper operation.


## EFFECTIVENESS

1. Check to see if the vehicle can be retained in a stationary state on a dry slope with grade of $1: 5$ when the parking brake is applied.
2. Check that the ratchet of parking brake lever is functioning properly. Also, check the tooth shape of the ratchet for any abnormality.

## PARKING BRAKE ROD \& CABLE


(1) Parking brake pull rod
(2) Clamp
(3) Parking brake cable assembly
(4) Clamp
(5) Clip

## TIGHTNESS, RATTLE OR DAMAGE

1. Inspect the clamp-related parts for tightness, rattle or damage.

Tightening Torque: $4-7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $0.4-0.7 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 2.9-5.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ ) for all bolts
2. Inspect the rod and cable for damage.

## FRONT BRAKE (Disc brake)

Tightening torque
Unit: N•m (kgf-m, ft-lb)

* : Non-reusable parts

(1) Main cylinder slide pin
(2) Sub cylinder slide pin
(3) Disc brake W/indicator pad No. 1
(4) Anti-squal shim No. 1
(5) Disc brake pad No. 2
(6) Anti-squal shim No. 2
(7) Disc brake pad guide plate No. 1
(8) Disc brake pad guide plate No. 2
(9) Disc brake cylinder
(10) Disc brake cylinder mounting
(11) Pin boot
(12) Set ring
(13) Cylinder boot
(44) Disc brake piston
(15) Piston seal


## INSPECTION

1. Jack up the vehicle with safety stands. Remove the wheel.
2. Inspect the pad for damage and uneven wear.
3. Inspect the disk caliper for damage and malfunction.

NOTE:

- Any defective parts must be replaced.


## DISC BRAKE PAD WEAR

1. Inspect the brake pad thickness through the inspection hole provided in the caliper.

Specified Thickness: 10 mm
Minimum Limit : 1 mm


## CUP AND DUST SEAL REPLACEMENT

1. Disconnect the flexible hose from the disc brake caliper.
2. Remove the disc brake cylinder by removing the two attaching bolts.
3. Detach the disc brake pad.

NOTE:

- Cut off the brake fluid leakage at the point of flexible hose end by means of suitable stopper.

4. Detach the cylinder boot set ring and cylinder boot, using a screwdriver.

5. With a wooden piece or a cloth placed at the end of the disc cylinder, as indicated in the illustration. Drive out the piston by applying compressed air.
CAUTION:

- Special caution must be exercised so that no brake fluid may be splashed. Also, be very careful not to allow your finger be pinched.


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7. Prepare the following new parts.

- Piston seal
- Cylinder boot
- Set ring
- Bush dust boot

NOTE:

- Also, replace any defective parts.
- Apply grease to those points indicated in the illustration. Specified Grease: Brake rubber grease.


9. Insert the piston into the caliper, making sure that the piston is not tilted during the installation.

10. Assemble the cylinder boot in the caliper.

NOTE:

- Make sure that the boot is fitted securely in the groove.

11. Assemble the cylinder boot set ring, making sure not to scratch the boot.

$\therefore$ Install the disc brake pad guide plate on the knuckle.
Install the brake pad in the caliper, with anti-squeal shims. Install the disc brake pad to the disc brake cylinder mounting. Then, install the disc brake cylinder to the disc brake cylinder mounting.

Tightening Torque: $38-49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $3.8-5.0 \mathrm{kgi}-\mathrm{m}, 27.5-36.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
14. Install the flexible hose.

Tightening Torque: $27-34 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(2.7-3.5 kgf-m, $19.5-25.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
15. Perform air bleeding for the brake system.

## FLUID LEAKAGE

1. Inspect the fluid leakage from the disk brake cylinder portion.
$\therefore$ Inspect the fluid leakage from the brake hose connecting portion between the cylinder and hose.

REAR DRUM BRAKE
COMPONENTS

## $\square$ : Tightening torque

Unit : N.m (kgf-m, ft-lb)
$\star$ : Non-reusable parts

(1) Rear hub grease cap
(2) Cotter pin
(3) Castle nut
(4) Brake drum subassembly
(5) Shoe hold down spring
(6) Shoe hold down pin
(7) Tension No. 4 spring
(B) Tension No. 3 spring
(9) Tension spring
(10) Brake shoe assembly
(11) Brake shoe assembly
(12) Brake wheel cylinder assembly
(13) Brake backing plate
(44) Parking brake shoe lever
subassembly
(16) Automatic adjust latch
(16) Automatic adjust lever
(11) Automatic adjust pin
(18) Torsion spring
(19) Wheel cylinder boot
(29) Wheel brake cylinder piston
(2) Compression spring
(2) Cylinder cup

## NSPECTION

1. Jack up the vehicle with safety stands. Remove the wheel.
2. Remove the grease cap, cotter pin, lock nut and plate washer.
3. Remove the brake drum, using the SST.

SST: 09510-87301-000
4. Inspect the backing plate, brake drum and brake shoe for damage, uneven wear or scores.

## BRAKE DRUM AND LINING WEAR

1. Inspect the brake drum diameter.

Specified Diameter: 180 mm
Allowable Limit : 181 mm
2. Inspect the brake lining thickness.

Specified Thickness: 4.0 mm
Allowable Limit : 1 mm

## WHEEL CYLINDER REPLACEMENT

1. Remove the tension springs, using the SST.

SST: 09703-30010-000
2. Disconnect the brake tube from the wheel cylinder, using the brake pipe wrench.
3. Remove the attaching bolts of the wheel cylinder. Proceed to remove the wheel cylinder from the backing plate.
4. Replace the following parts.
(1) Wheel cylinder boot
(2) Wheel cylinder piston cups
(3) Compression spring


GMA $00044-99999$
5. Assemble the cup on the wheel cylinder piston. NOTE:

- Be sure to install the cup in the correct direction.
- Apply brake rubber grease to the piston cup.

6. Install the two pistons and compression spring to the wheel cylinder.
7. Assemble the two wheel cylinder boots.
8. Install the wheel cylinder to the backing plate.

Tightening Torque: $8.11 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( 0.8 - $1.2 \mathrm{kgf-m}, 5.8-8.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
9. Install the brake pipe to the wheel cylinder temporarily by hand. Then, tighten the nut of brake pipe, using the brake pipe wrench.

Tightening Torque: $13-17 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(1.3-1.8 kgf-m, $9.6-13.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{Ib})$
10. Install the tension spring.

NOTE:

- Be careful no to damage the wheel cylinder boot during the installation.

11. Install the brake drum subassaembly, then tighten the lock nut.

Tightening Torque: 60-89 N.m
( 6.1 - $9.1 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 44.1-65.8 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
12. Install the new cotter pin and the grease cap.

13. Perform air bleeding for the brakes.
14. Depress the brake pedal. Ensure that the automatic adjusting mechanism emit operating sound. Continue this operation, until you no longer hear any operating sound.
15. Adjust the working travel of the parking brake lever.

## DRUM TO LINING CLEARANCE

1. Depress the brake pedal and ensure that the automatic adjusting mechanism emits operating sound. Repeat this operation until you no longer hear the operating sound.
2. Ensure that the brake drum turns lightly.

## FLUID LEAKAGE

inspect the fluid leakage from the brake system.

## REAR DISC BRAKE

## : Tightening torque

COMPONENTS
Unit : $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ (kgi-m, ft-lb)
$\star$ : Non-reusable parts

(1) Disc brake caliper assembly
(2) Disc brake cylinder assembly
(3) Disc brake mounting
(4) Spacer No. 1
(5) Bush dust boot No. 1
(6) Spacer No. 2
(7) Bush dust boot No. 2
(8) Parking brake strut
(9) O-ring
(10) Disc brake piston adjuster
(11) Dust seal retainer
(12) Pad adjust ring
(13) Compression spring
(14) Spring retainer
(16) Hole snap ring
(16) Piston seal
(11) Disk brake piston assembly
(1B) Cylinder boot
(13) Set ring
(24) Needle roller bearing
(21) Oil seal
(2) Tension spring
(23) Parking brake crank subassembly
(24) Cable support bracket

## -NSPECTION

1. Jack up the vehicle with safety stands. Remove the wheel.
2. Inspect the pad for damage and uneven wear.
3. Inspect the caliper for damage and malfunction.

NOTE:

- Any defective parts must be replaced.


## DISC BRAKE PAD WEAR

1. Inspect the brake pad thickness through the inspection hole provided in the caliper.

Specified Thickness: 7 mm
Minimum Limit : 1 mm


## CUP AND DUST SEAL REPLACEMENT

1. Loosen the parking brake adjusting nut.

2. Disconnect the brake tube from the caliper. NOTE:

-     - Cut off the brake fluid leakage at the brake tube end by means of suitable stopper.

3. Disconnect the parking brake cable from the caliper.

4. Remove the rear disc brake caliper assembly by removing the adjusting bolts.

5. Detach the disc brake cylinder assembly from the disc brake mounting by removing the attaching bolt.

6. Detach the cylinder boot set ring and cylinder boot, using a screwdriver.

7. Remove the disc brake piston assembly, using the SST. SST: 09719-00020-000

8. Remove the piston seal.

9. Remove the hole snap ring.

10. Remove the following parts.
11. Spring retainer
12. Compression spring
13. Pad adjusting ring
14. Dust seal retainer
15. Disc brake adjusting piston
16. O-ring
17. Parking brake strut
18. Prepare the following new parts.

- Bush dust boots
- Cylinder boot
- O-ring
- Piston seal
- Setring


## NOTE:

- Also, replace any defective parts.
-     - Apply grease to those points indicated in the illustration. Specified Grease: Brake rubber grease

12. Apply brake rubber grease to the disc brake cylinder. Install the parking brake strut.
13. Install the disk brake adjusting piston with a new O-ring and the dust seal retainer.
NOTE:

- Be sure to align the protruding section of the dust seal retainer with the cut-out section of the brake disc cylinder when installing the disc brake adjusting piston.

14. Install the pad adjusting ring, compression ring and spring retainer in this order. Then, temporarily install the hole snap ring.

- NOTE:
- When installing the hole snap ring, make sure that it comes incontact with the spring retainer straight.

15. Install the hole snap ring to the brake disc cylinder, using the SST.

SST: 09506-87501-000
CAUTION:

- Be very careful not to scratch the brake disc cylinder during the illustration.


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16. Ensure that the adjuster moves by moving the parking brake crank.

17. Install the piston seal.
18. Install the piston to the disc brake cylinder, using the SST.

SST: 09719-00020-000

19. Assemble the piston assembly so that it may come at the position indicated in the right figure.
20. Assemble the cylinder boot in the caliper.

NOTE:

- Make sure that the boot is fitted securely.

21. Assemble the cylinder boot set ring, making sure not to scratch the boot.

-1. Connect the parking brake cable to the rear caliper. Install the parking cable support bracket.
22. Connect the brake hose to the disc brake cylinder with new gasket interposed.

Tightening Torque: $27-34 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $2.7-3.5 \mathrm{kgt}-\mathrm{m}, 19.5-25.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
26. Perform air bleeding for the brake system. (See change of brake fluid.)


## DISC TO PAD CLEARANCE

1. Depress the brake pedal about $2 \sim 3$ times. (This operation makes it possible to adjust the clearance between the disc brake pad and disc.)
2. Adjust the working travel of the parking brake lever. (See parking brake.)
3. Check to see if the brake disc can be rotated smoothly.
. Ensure that no abnormal sound is emitted when the wheel is rotated.

## FLUID LEAKAGE

1. Inspect the fluid leakage from the disk brake cylinder portion.
2. Inspect the fluid leakage from the brake hose connecting portion between the cylinder and hose.

(1) Master cylinder piston seal
(2) Booster body
(3) Spring retainer
(4) Booster spring
(5) Booster piston rod
(6) Reaction disc
(7) Air valve seal
(8) Set cover
(9) Valve body
(13) Booster plate
(11) Diaphragm
(13) Pooster with rod, valve subassembly
(13) Poppet valve
(14) Air valve spring retainer
(2) Booster body
(16) Control valve spring
(3) Spring retainer
(10) Valve spring
(4) Booster spring
(5) Booster piston rod
(11) Piston return spring retainer
(6) Reaction disc
(16) Control valve spring retainer
(7) Air valve seal
(193) Element A
(8) Set cover
(20) E-ring
(9) Valve body
(10) Booster plate
(11) Diaphragm
(21) Element B
(20) Adjustment nut
(27) Booster push rod seal retainer
(24) Valve ring
(23) Piston seal

## NOTE:

- The replacement of the rubber parts inside the brake booster should be conducted for the 7 -inches booster only.
As for the 8 -inches booster, the brake booster assembly should be replaced.


## INCTION CHECK

-. With the engine stopped, depress the brake pedal several times, applying the same force at each brake application. Ensure that the brake pedal height will not vary at each brake application. Then, start the engine while depressing the brake pedal. If the bark pedal moves in stightly, it indicates that the booster is functioning properly.

## BRAKE BOOSTER REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the connector of the brake fluid level switch.
2. Drain the brake fluid.
3. Disconnect the brake pipes from the master cylinder.
4. Remove the master cylinder and gasket.
5. Disconnect the vacuum hose.

## NOTE:

- If the brake fluid is spilled inadvertently over the paintfinish surface of the vehicle, quickly wipe off the brake fluid.

6. Remove the ignition coil. (For LHD vehicle)
7. Remove the air cleaner. (For LHD vehicle)

8. Removal the clutch cable support bracket. (For LHD vehicle)
(1) Remove the battery and the engine coolant reservoir tank.

- (2) Disconnect the clutch cable from the transmission side and the clutch pedal.

(3) Remove the clutch cable support bracket.


9. Remove the instrument finish lower panel.
10. Disconnect the connector for the multi-use lever switch and key switch.
11. Remove the steering column assembly from the reinforcement, by removing the two nuts and four bolts.
12. Remove the clip and the with-hole pin at the brake pedal. Separate the master cylinder push rod clevis and from the brake pedal.
13. Remove the brake booster assembly and gasket from the vehicle, by removing the four nuts.

## REPLACEMENT OF RUBBER PARTS (Only 7 inches booster)

1. Remove the booster push rod clevis and lock nut.
2. Separate the booster housing from the booster body as follows:
(1) Put mate marks on the booster body and booster housing.
2) Secure the brake booster on the following SST.

SST: 09753-87701-000
NOTE:

- Be certain to evenly tighten the SST nuts at the right and left sides. Also, be very careful not to tighten the SST nuts excessively.
(3) Turn the SST screw clockwise so as to disengage the booster housing from the booster body.
(4) Remove the brake booster from the SST.


3. Disassemble the brake booster.


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4. Prepare following new parts.

- Master cylinder piston seal
- Spring retainer
- Reaction disc
- Diaphragm
- Poppet valve
- Element A
- Piston return spring retainer
- E-ring
- Element B
- Booster push rod seal retainer
- Piston seal


5. Apply silicon grease to those points indicated in the figure below.

6. Assemble the following parts in the booster valve subassembly with rod.
(1) Install the poppet valve in the air valve spring retainer. Install them in the booster valve subassembly with rod.
(2) Install the control valve spring, valve spring, control valve spring retainer, element and $E$ ring.
7. Instali the booster valve subassembly with rod and the piston return spring retainer in the valve body.

8. Install the element, adjusting nut and nut in place.

9. Assemble the following parts in the booster plate.
(1) Install the diaphragm
(2) Install the valve body, air valve seal reaction disc and booster piston rod.

(3) Install the set cover as follows:

- Temporarily install the set cover on the booster plate.
- Assemble the set cover by pinching the joint section of the booster plate with the claw section of the set cover, using pliers.
- Slide the claw section of the set cover using a screwdriver, until it no longer moves.

10. Install the piston seal, valve ring and booster push rod seal retainer in the booster housing.

11. Assemble the booster body and booster housing as follows:
(1) Place the booster body, spring retainer and booster piston return spring in the following SST.
SST: 09753-87701-000
(2) Place the booster housing in the SST. NOTE:

- Be certain to evenly tighten the SST nuts at the right and left sides. Also, be very careful not to tighten the SST nuts excessively.
- Furthermore, care must be exercised to ensure that the diaphragm will not be pinched.
(3) Turn the SST screw counterclockwise so that the mating marks may be lined up.
If the force required for turning is great, apply a small amount of silicon grease to the portion where the booster body is making contact with the booster housing.
(4) Remove the brake booster from the SST.

13. Install the master cylinder piston seal in the brake booster.
14. Temporarily install the master cylinder push rod clevis and nut.


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## BRAKE BOOSTER PUSH ROD CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT

1. Set the SST in such a way that the SST rod makes a light contact with the piston of the master cylinder, as indicated in right figure.

SST: 09737-87001-000
NOTE:

- Be sure to carry out this adjustment with the gasket attached in position.

2. Set the SST as indicated in the illustration. Adjust the push rod so that the push rod clearance may become zero.


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## BRAKE BOOSTER INSTALLATJON

1. Install the brake booster in the engine compartment with a new gasket interposed between booster and the vehicle body, using the four nuts.

Tightening Torque: $10-15 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $1.0-1.6 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 7.2-11.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
2. Install the clip and the with-hole pin at the brake pedal.
3. Install the steering coiumn assembly to the reinforcement.

Tightening Torque
Bolt: $15-21 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{m}$
( $1.5-2.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 10.8-15.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
Nut: $\quad 10-15 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $1.0-1.6 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 7.2-11.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{Ib})$
4. Connect the connector for the multi-use lever switch and key switch.
5. Install the instrument finish lower panel.
6. Install the clutch cable. (For LHD vehicie) Adjust the clutch pedal free play and reserve travel.
7. Install the air cleaner and the ignition coil. (For LHD vehicle)
8. Connect the new vacuum hose.
. install the master cylinder with a new gasket interposed.
Tightening Torque: $12.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(1.3 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 9.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
10. Connect the brake pipes to the master cylinder.

Tightening Torque: $13-17 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(1.3-1.8 kgf-m, $9.6-13.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
11. Connect the terminal of the brake fluid level switch.
12. Perform the air bleeding for the brake system.


## 3RAKE MASTER CYLINDER

## COMPONENTS



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[^1]
## REMOVAL OF BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

1. Disconnect the connector of the brake fluid level switch.
2. Drain the brake fluid.
3. Disconnect the brake pipes from the master cylinder.
4. Remove the master cylinder and gasket.

NOTE:

- If the brake fluid is spilled inadvertently over the paintfinish surface of the vehicle, quickly wipe off the brake fluid.

5. Remove the cylinder piston seal. (For the 7 inches booster)

## Inner parts replacement

1. Remove the set bolt and gasket while the pistons are being pushed fully by means of a suitable bar.
NOTE:

- During the removal, be sure to push the piston slowly so as to prevent the brake fluid from splashing.

2. Using a snap ring pliers, detach the snap ring while the pistons are being pushed by means of a suitable bar.
3. Remove the piston No. 1 from the master cylinder.

NOTE:

- Remove the piston straight, being very careful not to scratch the cylinder bore.

4. Remove the piston No. 2 by lightly tappping the flange surface.
NOTE:

- Remove the piston straight, being very careful not to scratch the cylinder bore.

5. Prepare the following parts.

- Brake master cylinder piston seal
- Gasket
- Brake master cylinder piston assembly No. 1
- Brake master cylinder piston No. 2

NOTE:

- Apply rubber grease to those points indicated in the illustration.

,. With the pistons in their fully pushed in state, install a new snap ring.


7. While pushing the pistons fully with a screwdriver, assemble the set bolt with a new gasket.
8. Install the master cylinder piston seal. (For the 7 inches booster)
9. Check and adjust the brake booster push rod clearance.
10. Install the master cylinder to the brake booster with a new gasket.

11. Connect the brake pipes to the master cylinder.

Tightening Torque: $13-17 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(1.3-1.8 kgf-m, $9.6-13.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
12. Connect the terminal of the brake fluid level switch.
13. Perform the air bleeding for the brake system.


## Replacement

1. Disconnect the brake pipes from the proportioning valve.

NOTE:
2. Remove the bolt from the body.

## installation

1. Install new proportioning valve with the bolt.

Tightening Torque: $13-15 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
\text { (1.3-1.6 kgf-m, } 9.4-11.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

2. Instail the brake pipes to the proportioning valve.

Tightening Torque: $13-17 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $1.3-1.8 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 9.6-13.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
3. Perform the air bleeding for the brake system.

## - *UEL HOSE AND CHECK VALVE

## : Tightening torque

## COMPONENTS

Ünit : $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ( $\left.\mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{tt}-\mathrm{lb}, \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{ib}{ }^{*}\right)$
$\star$ : Non-reusable parts

(1) Fuel cut off valve assembly
(2) Fuel tank sub inlet hose
(3) Fuel tank inlet pipe subassembly
(4) Breather hose
(5) Gasket
(6) Drain plug
(7) Fuel return hose
3) Fuel hose (For fuel filler)
.j) Fuel hose (For charcoal canister)
(10) Check valve
(11) Fuel hose (For check valve)

## FUEL TANK REMOVAL

1. Jack up the vehicle and support it with safety stand.
2. Drain the fuel from the tank by removing the drain plug. After the fuel has been drained, instail the drain plug with a new gasket.

Tightening Torque: $3-10 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
\text { (0.3-1.0 kgf-m, } 2.2-7.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

3. Disconnect the negative terminal from the battery.

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4. Disconnect the fuel sender gauge and fuel pump connector under the rear seat cushion.

5. Remove the fuel tank inlet pipe and the breather hose.
6. Remove the check valve.
(For carburetor engine without canister)
WARNING:

- Never allow any fire to be brought near the working site.

7. Remove the fuel hose for fuel filter.
(For carburetor engine)
8. Disconnect the fuel hose for fuel filter.
(For E.F.I. engine)
9. Remove the fuel return hose.
10. Remove the fuel hose for canister.


## - FUNCTION CHECK OF CHECK VALVE

1. Remove the fuel cut off valve, by removing the fuel tank breather pipe subassembly.

2. Ensure that the air continuity is present, as indicated in the itlustration.

Tightening Torque:
$1.2-1.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(0.15-0.25 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 10.8-18.1 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lb})$

3. Install the fuel cut off valve, a new gasket and fuel tank breather tube subassembly.


## FUEL TANK INSTALLATION

Reverse the removal procedure to install the fuel tank assembly.

## CHASSIS GREASE \& OIL

## CONDOTION

Visually check that the grease and oil condition is adequate on the following chassis various parts.

- Steering related parts
- Knuckle, king pin related parts
- Suspension related parts
- Door related parts
- Hood lock related parts


## DOOR \& HOOD

## LOCK OPERATION

1. Check that the door lock operates properly.
2. Check that the key lock and inner lock (including child safety) operate properly.
3. Check the doors for opening/closing, alignment and tightness.


## DAMAGE \& TIGHTNESS

1. Check each hinge provided on the side doors and back door for looseness, moving by hand.
2. Check the hinge of the engine hood for looseness, moving by hands. Also, visually check the hinges for damage.

## MUFFLER AND EXHAUST PIPE

## DAMAGE \& TIGHTNESS

1. Check that the attaching section of the exhaust pipe and muffler as well as their connecting section for looseness, using a spanner or moving them by hand.
2. Visually check the exhaust pipes and mufflers for damage and leak of exhaust gas. Also ensure that there is no possibility of interference with any other parts.

## WARNING:

- Never perform this check when the exhaust system is hot.
 Be careful not to burn yourself.


## FUNCTION OF MUFFLER

Ensure that the muffier functions properly by changing the engine revolution speed.

## ;EAT BELTS

## OPERATION

Visually check the seat belts for damage. Also, check that the tongue plate can be buckled properly.

## TIGHTNESS

Check the seat belt attaching bolts for tightness.
Tightening Torque: $29-53 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(2.9-5.4 kgf-m, $21.0-39.0 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$


## BATTERY

## CONNECTION OF TERMINAL SECTION

Check the terminal connections for cracks, corrosion or looseness. Check the hold-down clamps for looseness.

## SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Except for Delco Freedom battery)

Check that the gravity should be more than $1.25\left(20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

## ELECTROLYTE LEVEL (Except for Delco Freedom battery)

Check the electrolyte level, if it is between the upper and lower limits.

## NOTE:

For Delco Freedom battery

1. It is impossible to add the electrolyte, for it is permanently sealed.
2. It is possible to check the battery condition on the Hydrometer provided in the battery.

- Green dot is visible:

The battery is adequately charged.

- Dark (The green dot is invisible): The battery must be charged.
- Clear or light yellow:

Replace the battery.

## HORN, WIPER, WINDSHIELD WASHER \& DEFROSTER

## FUNCTION

Horn

1. Ensure that the horn functions properiy when any position of the horn button are pushed while turning the steering wheel.
2. Check horn volume and tone.


Rear wiper
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## LIGHTING SYSTEM

## FUNCTION

Light control switch

1. Ensure that each lamp goes on when the lever is operated.
2. Check lightness of the headlamps and the headlamp aiming.


## Dimmer switch and passing light

1. Check the dimmer switch and passing light for operation.
2. Ensure that the indicator lamp glows when the headlamps are upper beam.

Turn signal switch

1. Ensure that the following lamps at the side where the switch is operated flash.
The front, rear, side turn signal lamps and the indicator lamp.
2. Ensure that the self cancel mechanism operates properly.

Hazard warning signal switch
Ensure that the turn signal lamps and the signal indicator lamps flash when the switch is operated.

Room lamp

1. Ensure that the room lamp always glows when the switch is at the "ON" position.

- 2. Move the switch to the "DOOR" position, then ensure that the room lamp glows only when the side door is opened.

Stop lamp
When the brake pedal is depressed, ensure that the stop lamp goes on. Also check that the stop lamp goes out when the brake pedal is released.

Back-up lamp
When the shift lever is shifted into the reverse position with the engine switch turned to the "ON" position, ensure that the back-up lamp goes on.


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## METER \& GAUGE

## FUNCTION

## Speedometer

1. Check that the pointer complies smoothly in accordance with the vehicle speed.
2. Check that the pointer does not fluctuate remarkably.

Tachometer
Check that the pointer complies smoothly in accordance with the engine revolution speed.

## Water temperature gauge

Check that the pointer is at the starting point when the engine is cold and it is moved in accordance with warm-ing-up the engine.


Fuel gauge
Ensure that the pointer always indicates the fuel amount even when the engine switch is turned to the "OFF" position.

## Warning light

Ensure that the warning lights glow with the engine switch turned to the "ON" position. And go out when the engine has been started and the parking brake lever is released.

## WIRE HARNESS

Check the wire harness and clamps for damage.

## AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

## FLUID LEVEL

1. Park the vehicle on a level road and apply the parking brake.
2. With the engine idling, move the shift lever from $P$ range to $L$ range smoothly, and return to $P$ range.
3. Pull out the dipstick and wipe it clean. Then Insert the dipstick and take it again. Check to see if the fluid level is in the limits.

NOTE:

- Perform the check when the fluid temperature is 70 $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, which is normal operating temperature.


## FLUID LEAKAGE

1. If the oil level is lower than that limit, check for fluid leakage.

- 2. Check to see if the leakage exists from the oil pan gasket or the drain plug.


## FLUID CHANGE

1. Drain the transmission fluid by removing the drain plug.
2. Install the drain plug and new gasket.

Tightening Torque: 24-54 N.m
(2.4-5.6 kgf-m, 17.4 - $40.5 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

NOTE:

- Case where drain and fill the automatic transmission fluid. ... 3.2 litter
- Case where no fluid remains at all in the transmission nor in the torque converter.
... 5.7 litter


## AATTLE OF OPERATION MECHANISM

1. Check the shift control cable for rattle or damage.
2. Ensure that the shift lever can be moved to each range with a proper detent feeling.

## CHANGE OF OIL COOLER HOSE

1. Remove the engine under cover.
2. Disconnect the radiator outlet and inlet hose of the radiator and a automatic transmission.
3. Replace the oil cooler hoses.
4. If necessary, add the transmission fluid.

## CAUTION:

- Be sure to completely wipe off the oil remaining at the outside of the inlet/outiet pipe. Then, connect a new hose.

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## CLUTCH

## FREE PLAY

1. Lightly depress the clutch pedal by hand, until you feel resistance. Then, measure the free travel.
Specified Clutch Pedal Free Travel: $15-30 \mathrm{~mm}$
2. If the free travel does not conform to the specification, turn the adjusting ring of the clutch cable so as to conform to the specification.

## RESERVE TRAVEL

1. Start the engine.
2. When the clutch is completely disengaged, ensure that the clearance between the clutch pedal and the dash panel conforms to the specification.
Specified Reserve Travel: 25 mm or more


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## OPERATION

1. While the engine is running at idle speed, depress the ciutch pedal. Ensure that no abnormal noise is emitted and the gear shift can be made smoothly into the first gear or the reverse position.
2. Move off the vehicle while releasing the clutch pedal gradually. Ensure that the vehicle exhibits no slippage and that the clutch engagement is smooth.

## ANUAL TRANSMISSION

## OIL. LEVEL

1. Park the vehicle on a level road and apply the parking brake.
2. Turn the ignition switch OFF.
3. Remove the filler plug and check to see if the transmission oil level is in the limits.
4. Reinstall the filler plug with new gasket after checking. Tightening Torque: $30-49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $3.0-5.0 \mathrm{kgf-m}, 21.7-36.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

## OIL LEAKAGE

Inspect the transmission for oil leakage.

## OIL CHANGE

1. Remove the drain plug and filler plug.

Drain the transmission oil.
2. Reinstall the drain plug with new gasket.

Tightening Torque: $30-49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(3.0-5.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m})$
3. Replenish the transmission oil, until it begins to overflow from the filler hole.
Manual Transmission Oil
Grade: API GL-3
Viscosity: SAE 75W-85 or 75W-90


Capacity: 2.25 liters

- 4. Reinstall the filler plug with new gasket.

Tightening Torque: $30-49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(3.0-5.0 kgf-m, 21.7-36.2 ft-lb)

## RATTLE OF OPERATION MECHANISM

1. Move the shift lever to the neutral position as well as to each gear position.
2. Check that the shift lever has a proper play and the gear engagement takes place smoothly when shifted. Also, check that shift lever moves smoothly.

## DRIVE SHAFT

## JOINT DUST BOOT

1. Inspect that the dust boot is free from damage or cracks.
2. Inspect that the dust boot band is secured in position.



## JOINT SECTIONS

1. Move the drive shaft by hand in an up-and-down direction as well as in a right-and-left direction.
2. Inspect that the joint section exhibits no excessive rattle.

## SPLINE SECTION

1. Check the spline section for excessive play by turning the drive shaft by hand.


## IRE

## CLACKS AND DAMAGE

Inspect the tread section and side wall section for cracks and damage.

## ROTATION

1. Rotate the tires in the order shown in the illustration.

Note 1 Vehicle with 4 steel wheels and one steel spare wheel or 4 aluminum wheels and one aluminum spare wheel.
Note 2 Vehicle with compact spare wheel or 4 aluminum wheels and one steel spare wheel.
Note 3 Vehicle with 175/60 R14 tires. (Original factory-installed tires)

- Tire Rotation Interval: every $10,000 \mathrm{~km}$ ( 6000 miles)


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See Note 1 See Note 2 See Note 3
2. Adjust the tire air pressure after rotation.

## WHEEL

## WHEEL DISC

Rim and wheel disc
Inspection of damage
Inspect that the rim and wheel disc exhibit no corrosion, deformation, cracks nor runout.

Reference

## Runout Limit: Not to exceed 3 mm (Measured at outer peripheral section of wheel)



## 〕TEERING BALL JOINT DUST BOOT

## DAMAGE

Inspect the dust boot of tie rod end ball joint for crack or damage.


## TIGHTNESS

Inspect the drive belt for tension or deflection.
Specified Value:

| Condition | Tension N | Belt deflection mm <br> [when pushed with <br> a force of $98 \mathrm{~N}(10 \mathrm{~kg})]$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| When a new <br> belt is installed: | $250-400$ | $8-10$ |
| When belt is <br> reused: | $150-250$ | $10-14$ |

## NOTE:

- If a new belt is operated in its installed condition for more than 5 minutes, this belt should be regarded as a used part.


3. Stop the engine. Repair the hose as indicated in the illustrations.


## NOTE:

- When installing the flare nuts of tubes to the steering gear, be sure to install the O-rings positively.
- Be very careful not to install the hoses in the twisted or forcibly bent state.
- Be sure disconnect the return hose at the reservoir tank.

4. Fill the reservoir tank with fluid.

Power Steering Fluid: DEXRON II
5. Start the engine and run it idly. When the fluid starts to flow out from the return hose side, immediately stop the engine.
6. Repeat the steps 4. and 5. above, until air no longer injects from the return side.
7. Connect the return hose to the reservoir tank.
8. Run the engine at a speed below the fast idle speed.

Turn the steering wheel quickly up to the lock position in either the right or left direction. Hold this locked state for about two to three seconds. Next, turn the steering wheel up to the oppositite lock position. Hold this lock state for about two to three seconds.
Repeat this operation two to three times.
NOTE:

- Check the fluid level during the bleeding operation, and added the fluid as required.


## LEAKAGE

Inspect the power steering device for fluid leakage.

## TIE ROD AND ARM

## DAMAGE

Inspect the tie rod end, lock nuts and arm for damage.

## TIGHTNESS

Inspect the nuts of the tie rod for looseness.
Tightening Torque: 26-38 N.m
( $2.7-3.9 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 19.5-28.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

## RATTLE

Inspect the tie rod end, lock nuts and arm for rattle.


## STEERING WHEEL

## FREE PLAY

1. Set the vehicle in a straight-ahead condition.
2. Inspect the steering wheel play by turning it lightly with your fingers.
Specified Value: 10 mm Max.

## OPERATION

Take road test. Ensure that the steering wheel exhibits no excessive shimmy motion.

## RATTLE

- Hold the steering wheel by your hands. Ensure that the steering wheel exhibits no excessive looseness or play by moving it in an up-\&-down direction, a right-\&-left direction as well as in a fore-\&-aft direction.


## TIGHTNESS

Inspect the attaching sections for tightness or damage.
Tightening Torque
Steering Wheel / Steering Main Shaft:

$$
28-41 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(2.8-4.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 20.3-30.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{Ib})
$$

Steering Main Shaft / Universal Joint:

$$
25-34 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(2.5-3.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 18.1-25.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

Universal Joint / Steering Pinion:

$$
25-34 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(2.5-3.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 18.1-25.3 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

## WHEEL ALIGNMENT

## SIDE SLIP TEST

$\therefore$ Check the sideslip, using a sideslip tester.
Specified Value: $0 \pm 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ per 1 m

## TURNING ANGLE

1. Measure the wheel turning angle, using a turning radius gauge.
Specified Value: Inner side: $39^{\circ} 45^{\prime} \pm 2^{\circ}$
Outer side: $34^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \pm 2^{\circ}$
2. If the wheel turning angle differs between the right and left sides, correct the turning angle.

## CORRECTION OF WHEEL TURNING ANGLE

(1) Loosen the lock nuts of the tie rod ends.
(2) Make the length (a) indicated in the illustration, equal between the right and left sides length.

## NOTE:

- Make sure that the boot is not twisted during this correction.
- Make sure that the tie rods at the right and left sides are turned by the same amount.
Tightening Torque: $38-56 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$



## SUSPENSION \& LINKAGE

## DAMAGE

Visually inspect each coil spring for breakage and cracks.


## RATTLE

Check the arm connecting section for rattle by rocking it by hand.

## TIGHTNESS

Inspect the attaching sections for tightness.


## SHOCK ABSORBER

DAMAGE AND OIL LEAKAGE
Visually inspect each shock absorber for damage and oil leakage.


## RATTLE

Check each shock absorber instaliation section for excessive play by rocking it by hand.
Check the installation section for looseness with a spanner.

## FUNCTION

Rock the vehicle in up-\&-down direction. Ensure that the vehicle emits no abnormal noise.


## SUSPENSION ARM, CONTROL ARM \& DUST COVER

DAMAGE
Visually inspect the suspension arms and strut rod for. damage.

# DAIHATSU G200, G201 

## HC, HD-Engine

## MAINTENANCE

## MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS <br> MA- 2 <br> MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE <br> MA- 3

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level

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3. Inspection of engine coolant leakage

MA- 6
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5. Inspection of drive belt ..... MA- 9
6. Inspection air filter element ..... MA-11
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## MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

The scheduled maintenance service is important to ensure trouble-free, safe and economical driving. Failure to perform the scheduled maintenance may cause an accident or serious damage.
If you conduct the periodical maintenance, Daihatsu car owners may reduce the chance of accidents or car problems. Furthermore, it becomes possible for you to find at an earlier stage maifunctions which may lead to serious damages. Consequently, potential vehicle damage can be prevented or the degree of the damage can be minimized.
Therefore, all of the persons who are concerned with servicing the Daihatsu vehicles should offer the periodical maintenance service to Daihatsu car owners in order that they may be protected from accidents or unexpected problems.
To prevent malfunctions in advance, however, conducting the periodical maintenance service only is insufficient. It is essential that owners themselves perform maintenance, such as the pre-starting check described in the owner's manual, so that the vehicle exhibits no abnormal change or phenomenon. Hence, please explain to owners about the necessity of maintenance performed by them.
However, malfunction may occur on those vehicles which are always checked by their owners. For instance, if a part instructed to be replaced periodically should be used beyond the replacement intervals and the liff of the part has expired, there are cases where malfunction occurs suddenly despite the fact that numaifunction has taken place until yesterday. To prevent such malfunction in advance, be sure to replace parts recommended to be replaced periodically at the specified replacement intervals.
This section describes those items of the scheduled maintenance service recommended by the Daihatsu and their intervals. Be sure to observe the check schedule.

## MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

NOTE:

1. Perform the periodic maintenance when the odometer reading or duration from last periodic maintenance whichever comes first, if not specified.
2. Continue to perform the periodic maintenance after $100,000 \mathrm{~km}(60,000$ miles) by same interval with before $100,000 \mathrm{~km}$.

○ ... Check or inspect -... Change or replace


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... Ch | eck | or in | pect |  | ... | han | or | replac |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Section | Items | What to check | $\times 1,000 \mathrm{~km}$ | 1 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | See page |
|  |  |  | $\times 1,000$ miles | 0.6 | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |  |
|  |  |  | Years | - | 0.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 5 |  |
| Exhaust emission control system | Brow-by gas recirculation device | - Connection <br> - Damage |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
|  | Fuel evaporative emission control device | Piping | - Damage |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | Charcoal canister | - Clogging <br> - Damage |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | Check valve | - Function |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | Reler <br> to the <br> chassis <br> section <br> of the <br> manual <br> manual |
|  | Emission control device | - Tightness <br> - Damage |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | Dash pot or throttle positioner | - Operation |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | VTV for spark control (HC-C engine) | - Clogging |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | Piping | - Damage <br> - Attaching condition |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | Heat preventive device | - Tightness <br> - Damage |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Engine electrical system | Battery | - Electrolyte level |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | - Specific gravity <br> - Connection of terminal section |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | Ignition timing | Spark plug | - Condition |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | Ignition system | - Timing |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | Distributor cap and rotor | - Condition |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | Ignition timing | Timing advance Device ( HC -C engine) |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |

NOTE:

- If the vehicle should be operated under severe driving conditions, vehicle operated occasionally or vehicle operated dusty area, more frequent maintenance are required.


## COLD ENGINE OPERATION

1. Inspection of engine coolant level

Check to see if coolant level is between the LOW and FULL lines of the reserve tank.
If coolant level is near the LOW level or bellow the LOW level, add the coolant up to the full level.
WARNING:

- Never open the radiator cap when the engine is still hot. Failure to observe this caution will cause you to get scalded.

NOTE:

- If no coolant is present in the reserve tank or the coolant level is very low, check for water leakage, using a radiator cap tester.
- Here; the coolant refers to the coolant having an adequate freezing protection rating.


## 2. Inspection of radiator cap and radiator filling port

## WARNING:

- Never open the radiator cap when the engine is still hot. Failure to observe this caution will cause you to get scalded.
(1) Ensure that the engine coolant temperature is nearly atmosphere temperature.
(2) Turn the radiator cap to opening direction (counterclockwise) for one step (until the first detention will be feels).

3) Lightly depress the radiator cap one to two times to release the inner pressure of radiator.
(4) Open the radiator cap by turn it to counterclockwise while depressing the radiator cap.
(5) Remove the radiator cap.
(6) Install the radiator cap to the radiator cap tester.
(7) Check the radiator cap by means of a radiator cap tester to see if the relief valve opens at a pressure of $58.84-102.97 \mathrm{kPa}\left(0.6-1.05 \mathrm{kgt} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 8.53-14.9 \mathrm{psi}\right)$. If the radiator cap fails to confirm to the specification, replace the radiator cap.
(8) Remove the radiator cap from the radiator cap tester.


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(9) Check the seal packing of the radiator cap for damage. Replace the radiator cap with a new one, if any damage is exists.

(10) Lift the valve at the vacuum side with your fingers.

Ensure that the valve is functioning properly.
Replace the radiator cap with a new one, if the valve fails to function.
(11) Check the radiator filling port
(1) Ensure that the upper part of the radiator filling port has no crack. distortion or dented.
(2) Ensure that the radiator cap locked section of the radiator filling port has no crack, distortion or dented.
Replace the radiator, if any crack, distortion or dent are existing.
(12) Install the radiator cap to the radiator securely.

## 3. Inspection of engine cootant leakage

WARNING:

- Never open the radiator cap or drain plug when the coolant is still hot. Failure to observe this caution will cause you to get scalded.
(1) Ensure that the engine coolant temperature is nearly atmosphere temperature.
(2) Turn the radiator cap to opening direction (counterclockwise) for one step (until the first detention will be feels).
(3) Lightly depress the radiator cap one to two times to release the inner pressure of the radiator.
(4) Open the radiator cap by turn it to counterclockwise while depressing the radiator cap.
(5) Remove the radiator cap.
(6) Fill the radiator with coolant, if necessary.
(7) Attach a radiator cap tester.
(8) Apply a pressure of $117 \mathrm{kPa}\left(1.2 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 17 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ to the cooling system by means of a radiator cap tester.
If the pressure drops, check the hoses, radiator, water pump and heater for evidence of leakage.
If no external leakage is found, check the heater core, cylinder block, cylinder head, oil cooler and throttle body for evidence of leakage.
Check the hoses for deterioration, cracks, bulge or damage.
Replace the damaged part (s) if necessary.
(9) Remove the radiator cap tester from the radiator.
(10) Secure the radiator cap to the radiator.


## 4. Inspection of the battery

## WARNING:

- Never touch at the battery terminals immediately after the engine is stopped.
- Be certain to turn OFF the ignition key switch during the inspection.
(1) Check the battery terminal case for proper installing condition and cracks.
If battery case exhibits improper installing condition or cracks, replace or repair the battery, as required.
- (2) Check to see if the battery terminals extibit corrosion and loose connection.
If the battery terminal exhibit corrosion and loose condition, disconnect the battery cable terminal which connected to the battery terminals.
Remove the any rust, using a wire brush or a tine abrasive paper.
After the battery cable terminals have been connected, coat these terminal with a thin film of lithium grease.


## CAUTION:

- After the battery terminals have been cleaned, make sure that no rust particle remains on the terminals.
- Do not shorten the terminals of the battery with tools of metal objects. If the battery terminals are shorted, it will cause the battery to overheat and can cause damage or explosion.


GMA00000-99999
(3) Check of specific gravity of battery electrolyte (Except Delco Freedom Battery)
Measure the specific gravity of the electrolyte of each cell, using a hydrometer. Ensure that the specific gravity is within the specified value.
Standard Specific Gravity: 1.25 or more
When futly charged at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$


If the specific gravity is not within the specified value, check the electrolyte level and replenish distilled water. Then, charge the battery until the specific gravity reaches the specified value.
<Reference>

| Specific gravity <br> at standard <br> temperature |
| :--- |\(=\left[\begin{array}{l}Measured <br>

specific <br>
gravity\end{array}+0.0007 \times\left($$
\begin{array}{l}\begin{array}{l}\text { Electrolyte } \\
\text { temperature at } \\
\text { time of } \\
\text { measurement }\end{array} \\
\end{array}
$$\right]-20 $$
\begin{array}{l} \\
\hline\end{array}
$$\right)\)

## CAUTION:

- Utmost care must be exercised as to the handling of electrolyte. Be careful not to allow the electrolyte to touch to your skin, clothes or any parts of the vehicle.
(4) Inspection of battery electrolyte leveł
(Except Delco Freedom Battery)
Ensure that the battery electrolyte level is in the upper limit level.
If the battery electrolyte level of any cell is not at the upper limit level, replenish distilled water to the upper limit level.
WARNING:
- Tighten the battery vent caps securely after adding distilled water. Otherwise the battery electrolyte may be splashed out and damage your vehicle or even cause serious bodily injury.
- Battery contains sulfuric acid which is poisonous and corrosive.
Therefore, be careful not to splash battery fluid on yourself or clothes and wash the part immediately if it happen. Furthermore, wear protective safety glasses to protect the eyes.
- If you have swallowed battery fluid, drink as much water or milk as possible and immediately see a doctor.
- Keep tire away from the battery. It could cause battery explosion.
- Keep children away from the battery.


## CAUTION:

- Wast splashed battery fluid away from paint finish immediately.


## NOTE:

- Never add city tap water or sulfuric acid, etc. instead of distilled water.
- If the electrolyte level of each battery cell differs greatly, it is advisable to inspect to see if any electrolyte leakage is present.

GMA00016-00000
(5) Check battery specific gravity and electrolyte level.
(For Delco Freedom Battery)
Check battery specific gravity and electrolyte level by the color of the hydrometer.
Green Dot is Visible:
The battery is adequately charged.
Dark (The Green Dot is Invisible.):
The battery must be charged.
Clear of Light Yellow:
Replace the battery.


## NOTE:

- On the Delco Freedom Battery, it is impossible to add the electrolyte, for it is permanently sealed.
- If the battery is required the charging, be sure to consult with the agent of Delco Freedom Battery for correct charging procedure.


## Inspection of drive belt

(1) Visual inspection of the drive belt

Visually check the belt for separation of the adhesive rubber above and below the core, core separation from the belt side, severed core, separation of the rib from the adhesive rubber, cracks or separation of the ribs. torn or ribs or cracks in the inner ridges of the ribs. Replace the drive belt, if necessary.

(2) Inspection of the drive belt tension Measure the amount of the drive belt deflection when the midpoint of the drive belt between the alternator and the water pump pulley is pushed with a force of 98 N ( $10 \mathrm{kgf}, 22 \mathrm{lb}$ ).
Specified Belt Deflection
New Belt: $4-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ (0.16-0.19 inch) [with a force of $10 \mathrm{~kg}(22 \mathrm{lb})$ applied at the point shown in the figure.]
Used Belt: $5-6 \mathrm{~mm}(0.21-0.23$ inch) [with a force of $10 \mathrm{~kg}(22 \mathrm{lb})$ applied at the point shown in the figure.]

If necessary, adjust the drive belt tension.
NOTE:

- "New belt" refers to a belt which has been used on a running engine for less than five minutes.
- "Used belt" refers to a belt which has been used on a running engine for more than five minutes or more.
- After replacing the drive belt, check that it fits properly in the ribbed grooves, especially in the places difficult to see.
- After installing a new belt, run the engine for about five minutes and then recheck the tension.
(3) Adjustment of drive belt tension
(1) Ensure that the ignition switch turned OFF.
(2) Slacken the atternator attaching bolts.

NOTE:

- Slacken the attaching bolts only for alternator moves.
(3) Install the following SST to the alternator and adjusting bar as shown in the right figure.
SST: 09286-87701-000
(4) Adjust the drive belt tension to the specified value by adjusting nut of the SST.
NOTE:
- As for the specification refer to the step (2).
(5) Tighten the alternator attaching bolts to the specified torque.
Tightening Torque: $34.3-53.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(3.5-5.5 kgf-m, $25.3-39.8 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{tb})$
(6) Remove the SST from alternator and adjusting bar.



## - Inspection air filter element

(1) Removal of air filter element ( HC -C engine)
(1) Unlock the four clips and remove the wing nut.
(2) Gradually lift up the air filter upper case.

NOTE:

- Be very careful not to allow the vacuum hoses of the vacuum motor and ITC valve to be disconnected.
(3) Remove the air filter element.

(HC-E and HD-E engine)
(1) Remove the tube from air filter case.
(2) Disconnect the hook under the air duct at resonator attached section by pulling up.
(3) Unlock the four clips.
(4) Gradually open the air filter case cover.


## NOTE:

- Do not open the air filter case cover more than that necessary to remove the air filter element.
(5) Remove the air filter element.
(2) Replacement of air filter element

Replace the air filter element when the replacement time arrives.
(3) Inspection of air filter element

Visually inspect the air filter element for being excessively dirty, damage or oily.
Replace the air filter element if necessary.
(4) Cleaning of air filter element

Clean the air fifter element with compressed air.
First, blow compressed air from the back side of the element thoroughly. Then, blow off the upper side of the element.
CAUTION:

- The air pressure to be used for this cleaning operation should not exceed $392.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4.0 \mathrm{kgt} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56.9 \mathrm{psi}\right)$.
- Protect your eyes with safety goggles during the cleaning operation.


Replace the air filter element, if necessary.

(5) installation of the air filter element
( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ engine)
(1) Install the air filter element with align the protrusions sections of air filter lower case and air filter element.
(2) Place the air filter upper case.

NOTE:

- Ensure that the vacuum hose of the vacuum motor and ITC valve connected properly.
(3) Align protrusions of the lower cover and upper cover.
(4) Latch the four clips and tighten the wing nut.
( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}$ and $\mathrm{HD}-\mathrm{E}$ engine)
(1) Install the air filter element.

NOTE:

- Ensure that the direction of the air filter element in such direction wider protrusion side come to the air filter cover side.
(2) Close the air filter case cover.
(3) Latch the four clips.
(4) Connect the hook under the air duct at resonator attached section by pushing it doun.
(5) Connect the disconnected tube to the air filter case cover.

7. Inspection of blow-by gas recirculation device (HC-C engine)
Visually inspect the hoses for improper connections, cracks, leak or damage.
Replace or repair any part which exhibit defects.

( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}$ and $\mathrm{HD}-\mathrm{E}$ engine)
(1) Visually inspect the hoses for improper connections. cracks, leak or damage.
NOTE:

- Replace or repair any part which exhibit defects.
(2) Disconnect the blow-by gas hose from the surge tank side.
(3) Ensure that the no air continuity exists when blow your breath from the disconnected hose.
If air continuity is exist replace the check valve.

(4) Connect the Mity Vac to the disconnected hose.
(5) Ensure that the air continuity is exists when air suck in by the Mity Vac.
If no air continuity is exists, replace the check valve.
(6) Install the check valve to the cylinder head.
(7) Disconnect the Mity Vac from the blow by gas hose.
(8) Connect the blow-by gas hose to the surge tank side.

8. Inspection of heat preventive device
( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ engine)
(1) Check the heat insulator for damage.
(2) Check for adequate clearance between the exhaust manifold and heat insulator.
(3) Ensure that the attaching boits are tightened properly.

- (HC-E, HD-E engine)
(1) Check the heat insulator for damage.
(2) Check for adequate clearance between the three-way catalyst and heat insulator.
(3) Ensure that the attaching bolls are tightened properly.

9. Inspection of the spark control system
( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ with manual transmission engine)
(1) Disconnect the VTV hoses from VTV.
(2) Ensure that the air passes through with out restriction. when blow your breath into the VTV carburetor side (side B).
If significant restriction exist, replace the VTV.
(3) Ensure that the there is restriction in the VTV, when blow your breath into the VTV distributor side (side A).
If no restriction exist, replace the VTV.
(4) Remove the VTV hoses from carburetor and distributor.
(5) Ensure that the there is no restriction in the hose, when blow your breath into the each hoses.
If there is restriction, replace the hoses.
(6) Connect the VTV to the original position.

NOTE:

- Do not connect the VTV for opposite direction.


## 10. Check of exhaust emission control device tightness and damage

(1) Ensure that the no looseness are existing on attaching bolts.
If looseness is existing retighten the attaching bolts of the catalytic converter.
(1) HC-E engine with Australian specifications.
(2) HG-E engine except for Australian specifications and $H D-E$ engine.


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## NOTE:

- Be sure to confirm that the no exhaust gas leakage is present at the connecting sections of catalytic converter, after retighten the attaching bolts.
- If gas leakage is present, replace the gasket with new one.
(Refer to the EM section or BO section of service manual.)
(2) Ensure that the no looseness is existing on the oxygen sensor attaching condition.
If looseness is existing retighten the oxygen sensor.
Tightening Torque: $29.4-39.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(3.0-4.0 \mathrm{kgl}-\mathrm{m}, 21.7-28.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

## NOTE:

- Be sure to contirm that the no gas leakage is present at the oxygen sensor attaching section.

(3) Ensure that the no crack or no any other damage is present on the oxygen sensor cord section.
If any damage is present replace the oxygen sensor with new one.
(4) Ensure that the connector of the oxygen sensor connected securely and clamped to connector clamp properly.
If not, securely connect and clamp the connectors.


11. Inspection of the fuel line and connection
( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ engine)
(1) Visually inspect the fuet line for damage, leakage and crack.
If damage, leakage or crack is existing, repair or replace the part as necessary.
(2) Ensure that the no looseness are existing on the connected sections of the fuef line.
(HC-E, HD-E engine)
(1) Visually inspect the fuel line for damage or crack. If damage or crack is existing, repair or replace the part as necessary.
(2) Ensure that the no looseness are existing on the connected sections of the fuel line.
(3) Turn OFF the ignition switch.
(4) Open the diagnosis connector cover.

## NOTE:

- Be sure to prevent the entering of dust or water etc. into the diagnosis connector.
- Entering of dust, water or contamination of terminals in the diagnosis connector may cause serious malfunction, due to lowering the insulation of each terminals.
(5) Connect the Fp terminal with GND terminal in the diagnosis connector with the following SST.

SST: 09991-87705-000
NOTE:

- Care must be exercised to ensure that no connection made on terminal except for those specified.
- Even slight contact of the other terminal caused serious malfunction.
(6) Turn ON the ignition switch.
(7) Ensure that the no fuel leakage is existing on the fuel line.
If fuel leakage is present, repair or replace the part as necessary.
(8) Turn OFF the ignition switch.

(9) Remove the SST from the diagnosis connector. NOTE:
- Care must be exercised to ensure that no connection made on terminal except for those specified.
- Even slight contact of the other terminal caused serious malfunction.
(10) Close the diagnosis connector terminal cover.

NOTE:

- Be sure to prevent the entering of dust or water etc. into the diagnosis connector.
- Entering of dust, water or contamination of terminals in the diagnosis connector caused serious malfunction, due to lowering the insulation of each terminals.


## 12. Replacement of fuel filter

## WARNING:

- Do not work near the open frame.

Failure to observe this caution will cause fire.
(HC-C engine)
(1) Ensure that the ignition switch turned OFF.
(2) Open the fuel filler cap.
(3) Remove the attaching bolt of fuet filter.
(4) Detach the hose clips from fuel filter side.

(5) Place the suitable container or cloth under the fuel filter.
(6) Disconnect the fuel hoses from fuel filter.
(7) Remove the clips from the fuel hoses.
(8) Insert the new clips to fuel hoses.
(9) Install the new fuel filter to the fuel hoses.
(10) Attach the new clips to the correct position.
(11) Install the fuel filter by attaching bolt.
(12) Secure the fuet filler cap.
(13) Remove the placed container or cloth.
(HC-E and HD-E engine)
(1) Ensure that the ignition switch turned OFF.
(2) Open the fuel filler cap.
(3) Place the suitable container or cloth to under the fuel filter.
(4) Slowly slacken the union bolt of upper side of the fuel filter.
While preventing the fuel from splashing.
NOTE:

- Be sure to hold the fuel filter side by spanner or the like to prevent from the fuel filter turning.
- Be sure to prevent the fuel from splashing to body or rubber part etc., because quite large amount of fuel will flow out.
(5) Disconnect the flare nut under the fuel fitter. NOTE:
- Hold the fuel filter side by spanner or the like to prevent from the turning.
- Prevent the fuel from splashing to body or rubber part etc., because quite large amount of fuel will flow out.
(6) Remove the fuel filter by removing the two attaching bolts.
(7) Install the new fuel filter with two attaching bolts.

Tightening Torque: $5.9-8.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(0.6-0.9 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 4.3-6.5 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

(8) Apply the engine oil to the threaded portion of the flare nut.
(9) Fully tighten the flare nut to the fuel filter by hand.
(10) Tighten the flare nut to specified torque.

Tightening Torque: $34.3-43.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(3.5-4.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 25.3 \cdot 31.8 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

## NOTE:

- Prevent the fuel filter from turning by spanner or the like.
(11) Connect the fuel hose to the fuel filter by union bolt with new gaskets interposed.
- WARNING:
- Do not reuse the gaskets. Failure to observe this caution may cause fire by fuel leakage.

(12) Futly tighten the union bolt to the fuel filter by hand.
(13) Tighten the union bolt to specified torque.

Tightening Torque: $34.3 \cdot 44.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $3.5-4.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 25.3-32.5 \mathrm{tt}-\mathrm{Ib}$ )

## NOTE:

- Prevent the fuel filter from turning by spanner or the like.
(14) Close the fuel filler cap.
(15) Remove the placed container or the cloth.
(16) Repeate the ignition switch turn ON/OFF for four to five time with interval of three seconds.

13. Inspection of fuel evaporative emission control device
(HC-C engine with GCC specifications)
(1) Visual inspection of fuel vapor line and connections.

Check the line and connections for loose connections, kinks or damage.
(2) Visual inspection of fuel tank.

Check the fuel tank for deformation, cracks or fuel leakage.
Replace the fuel tank, if necessary.

## NOTE:

- Ensure that the no restriction existing in the hose to the charcoal canister and no malfunction on the fuel filler cap.
(3) Inspection of the fuel filler cap Check the fuel filler cap and gasket for damage or deformation.
Also check the safety valve in the fuel filler cap is operating properly. Replace the cap; if necessary.
NOTE:
- If fuel tank deformed by negative pressure, be sure to replace the fuel filler cap with new one.


## WARNING:

- Do not inhale the air during the checking. Inhalation of air, you may inhale the gas remain in the fuel filler cap.

(4) Inspection of the charcoal canister
(1) Detach the hose band from charcoal canister.
(2) Disconnect the rubber hoses and remove the charcoal canister.
NOTE:
- Prior to disconnection of the rubber hose, put a tag on each of the rubber hoses so that they may be reconnected correctly to the original position.


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(3) Visual inspection of charcoal canister

Visually inspect the charcoal canister case for cracks or damage.
If any damage is found, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(4) Ensure that no air leakage is present when applying compressed air of $29.4 \mathrm{kPa}\left(10.3 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right.$ ) into thefuel tank side (B) or BVSV side pipe (B) while plugging the purge side (A) and atmosphere side (C) pipes.
If air leakage is present, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(5) Ensure that the no air continuity is exist when blowing your breath into purge side (A) pipe of the charcoal canister.
If air continuity is exist, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(6) Check of charcoal canister for restriction
a. Ensure that the air continuity is existing to the atmosphere side (C) pipes, when blow your breath into the fuel tank side (B) and BVSV side (B) While the purge side (A) pipe is plugged. If no air continuity is exist, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
b. Ensure that the air continuity is existing when applying a negative pressure to the purge side pipe (A) by Mity Vac. If no air continuity is exist, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(7) Cleąning of charcoal canister

Clean the charcoal canister by blowing compressed air of $294.2 \mathrm{kPa}\left(3.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ into the fuel tank side pipe (B) or BVSV side pipe (B) while holding the purge side of canister pipe (A) closed.
NOTE:

- Do not attempt to wash the charcoal canister.
- No activated carbon should come out during the test.
(8) Install the charcoal canister to the vehicle, then reconnect the rubber hoses and attach the new hose bands.
(9) Install the charcoal canister to vehicle.
(10) Reconnect the rubber hoses and attach the new hose band.

(5) Inspection of Outer Vent Valve
(1) Disconnect the rubber hose at the BVSV side..
(2) Connect the suitable hose to the outer vent valve.
(3) Ensure that air continuity exists.

If no air continuity exists, check to see if any abnormality is present in the electric circuit of the outer vent valve. Then replace the outer vent valve, as required.
WARNING:

- Never inhale the air during the continuity inspection.

(4) Turn ON the ignition switch.
(5) Ensure that the no air continuity exists.

If air continuity exists, check to see if any abnormality is present in the electric circuit of the outer vent valve. Then replace the outer vent valve, as required.
WARNING:

- Never inhale the air during the continuity inspection.
(6) Turn OFF the ignition switch.
(7) Disconnect the connected hose from the outer vent valve.
(8) Connect the rubber hose from the BVSV. Attach the new hose band.
(6) Inspection of the BVSV
(1) Remove the rubber hose bands from BVSV side.
(2) Disconnect the rubber hoses from BVSV.
(3) Check the air continuity of the BVSV under the following ambient temperature condition.

Below $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ : No air continuity exists.
Above $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ : Air continuity exists.
Replace the BVSV, as required.
(4) Install the BVSV to the BVSV hoses.

(5) Place the new hose bands.
( HC - E and HD -E engine)
(1) Visual inspection of fuel vapor line and connections. Check the line and connections for loose connections, kinks or damage.
(2) Visual inspection of fuel tank.

Check the fuel tank for deformation, cracks or fuel. leakage.
Replace the fuel tank, if necessary.
NOTE:

- Ensure that the no restriction existing in the hose to the charcoal canister and no malfunction on the fuel filler cap.
(3) Inspection of the fuel filler cap

Check the fuel filler cap and gasket for damage or deformation.
Also check the air continuity with some resistance is existing on the fuel filler cap.
Replace the cap, if necessary.

## NOTE:

- If fuel tank deformed by negative pressure, be sure to replace the fuel fiiler cap with new one after replacing the fuel tank.

(4) Inspection of the charcoal canister
(1) Detach the hose band from charcoal canister.
(2) Disconnect the rubber hoses from charcoal canister.
NOTE:
- Prior to disconnection of the rubber hose, put a tag on each of the rubber hoses so that they may be reconnected correctly to the original position.
(3) Remove the charcoal canister from vehicle by pull up the charcoal canister case.


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(4) Visually inspect the charcoal canister case for cracks or damage.
If any damage is found, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(5) Check of charcoal canister for air leakage Ensure that no air leakage is present when applyingcompressed air of $29.4 \mathrm{kPa}\left(10.3 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ into the fuel tank side pipe (B) with carburetor side (A) and atmosphere side (C) pipes plugged.
If air leakage is present, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(6). Ensure that the no air continuity is exist when blowing your breath into purge side (A) pipe of the charcoal canister.
If air continuity is exist, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(7) Check of charcoal canister for restriction.
a. Ensure that the air continuity is existing to the atmosphere side (C) pipe, when blow your breath into the fuel tank side pipe (B) while the purge side (A) pipe is plugged.
If no air continuity is exist, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
b. Ensure that the air continuity is existing when applying a negative pressure to the purge side pipe (A) by the Mity Vac.
If no air continuity is exist, replace the charcoal canister with new one.
(8) Cleaning of charcoal canister Clean the charcoal canister by blowing compressed air of 294.2 kPa ( $3.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) into the fuel tank side pipe (B) while holding the purge side of canister pipes (A) closed.

## NOTE:

- Do not attempt to wash the charcoal canister.
- No activated carbon should come out during the test. If activated carbon comes out replace the charcoal canister.
(9) Instail the charcoal canister to vehicle.
(10) Reconnect the rubber hoses and attach the new hose, band.


Inspection of the ignition timing advance device.

- (HC-C engine)
(1) Connection of the tachometer and timing light.
(See procedure of inspection and adjustment of ignition timing.)
(2) Warm up the engine thoroughly.
(3) Stop the engine.
(4) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the vacuum advancer.
(5) Plug the disconnected hoses with following SST.

SST: 09258-00030-000
(6) Start the engine.
(7) Ensure that the ignition timing will be advanced according with engine revolution when the engine is raced. If not repair the mechanical governor. (Refer to the IG section of the service manual.)
(8) Set the engine revolution at about 2000 rpm .
(9) Connect the Mity Vac to the main side vacuum advancer of the distributor.
(10) When the vacuum pressure is applied with the Mity Vac, ensure that the ignition timing will advanced according with a applied vacuum pressure by Mity Vac.
(11) Remove the Mity Vac from the vacuum advancer.
(12) Connect the main side vacuum hose to the main side vacuum advancer of the distributor.
(13) Ensure that the ignition timing will be advanced when the engine is raced.
(14) Connect the Mity Vac to the sub side vacuum advancer of the distributor.
(15) Connect the Mity Vac to the sub side vacuum advancer of the distributor.
(16) When the vacuum pressure by Mity Vac.
17) Remove the Mity Vac from the vacuum advancer.
-- (18) Connect the main side vacuum hose to the main side vacuurn advancer of the distributor.
(19) Ensure that the ignition timing will be advanced when the engine is raced. If not, check and repair the vacuum hose piping.
(20) Stop the engine.

## 15. Inspection of throttle valve

(1) Remove the air cleaner element.
(Refer to the inspection of the air cleaner element.)
(2) Ensure that the throttle valve operates smoothly with out rattle, when accelerator pedal is depressed gradually. If not, check and repair the accelerator pedal, linkage or throttle valve.
(3) Reinstall the air cleaner element. (Refer to the inspection of the air cleaner element.)


## 16. Inspection of choke valve

(1) Remove the air cleaner element.
(Refer to the inspection of the air cleaner element.)
(2) Pull the choke knob fully.
(3) Depress the accelerator pedal once.
(4) Ensure that the choke valve closed fully.
(5) Push back the choke knot fully.
(6) Ensure that the choke valve opened fully. If not, repair or replace the defective part.
(7) Reinstall the air cleaner element.
(Refer to the inspection of the air cleaner element.)
17. Inspection of carburetor linkage
(1) Ensure that the carburetor linkage connected properly and operate smoothly with out any rattled.

## 18. Inspection of exhaust emission control device

 tightness and damage(1) Ensure that the no looseness are existing on attaching bolts.
If looseness is existing retighten the attaching bolts of the catalytic converter.

Tightening Torque
HC-E Engine:
Exhaust manifold No. $1 \times$ Exhaust manifold No. 2
Exhaust manifold No. $2 \times$ Exhaust front pipe HD-E Engine:

## NOTE:

- Be sure to confirm that the no exhaust gas leakage is present at the connecting sections of catalytic converter, after retighten the attaching bolts.
- If gas leakage is present, replace the gasket with new one.
(Refer to the EM section or BO section of service manual.)
(2) Ensure that the no looseness is existing on the oxygen sensor attaching condition.
If looseness is existing retighten the oxygen sensor.
Tightening Torque: $29.4-39.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(3.0-4.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 21.7-28.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

NOTE:

- Be sure to confirm that the no gas leakage is present at the oxygen sensor attaching section.

(3) Ensure that the no crack or no any other damage is present on the oxygen sensor cord section.
If any damage is present replace the oxygen sensor with new one.
(4) Ensure that the connector of the oxygen sensor connected securely and clamped to connector clamp properly.
If not, securely connect and clamp the connectors.


## 19. Replacement of timing belt

(1) Ensure that the ignition switch turned OFF.
(2) Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative terminal of the battery.
(3) Disconnect the bonding wire from the engine.
(4) Remove the power steering drive belt.
(Refer to the SR section of the service manual.)
(5) Removal of air conditioner drive belt
(1) Remove the engine right side under cover by removing the three attaching bolts and two grommet.
(2) Loosen the tensioner attaching bolt and release the adjusting bolt.
(3) Remove the air conditioner drive belt.
(6) Slightly jack up the engine with the supporting pad of a garage jack placed underneath the oilf pan.
NOTE:

- Place a suitable object, such as a wooden piece, between the oil pan and the supporting pad of the garage jack so as not to deform the oil pan.
- Care must be exercised to ensure that the interposed object is not interfering with the oil drain plug. Failure to observe, this note may incur a damaged drain plug.
(7) Remove the engine mounting front insulator with engine mounting right bracket by removing the five bolts and one nut with resistance stay (EFI engine only).
CAUTION:
- Ensure that the engine is supported by the garage jack and no load are applied to the attaching bolt of the engine mounting front insulator and engine mounting right bracket.
Failure to observe this caution will cause to damage the other part hitting by engine.

(8) Loosen the all attaching bolt of the water pump pulley, utilizing the tension of the $V$-ribbed belt.
NOTE:
- On the power steering-equipped vehicles, the drive pulley of the power steering vane pump is attached with the water pump pulley.
- On the automatic transmission vehicles, it is necessary to jack up the engine unit slightly to loosen the water pump pulley.
(9) Remove the alternator attaching bolts.
(10) Remove the alternator drive belt.
(11) Remove the water pump pulley and power steering vane pump drive pulley (Power steering equipped vehicles only).
(12) Remove the clamp toolts of the oil pressure switch wire.
(13) Remove the attaching bolts of the air conditioner compressor, and sling it to the body shell side with suitable wire.
(14) Remove the attaching bolts of the engine RH front mounting No. 2 with alternator bracket.
NOTE:
- Remove the alternator drive belt adjusting bar, in case vehicle equipped with the power steering.
(15) Remove the attaching bott of the crankshaft pulley. NOTE:
- Place the gear shift lever in the 4th gear position so as to prevent the rotation of the crankshaft in case of manual transmission equipped model.
- On the automatic transmission vehicle, prevent the crankshaft from being rotated by inserting a screwdriver or the like into the like into the ring gear at the rear end section of the cylinder block.
(16) Remove the crankshaft pulley.


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(17) Remove the attaching bolts of the timing belt cover.
(18) Remove the timing belt upper cover.
(19) Remove the timing belt lower cover.
(20) Removal of the timing belt.

## NOTE:

- Prior to removal of the timing belt, put an arrow mark indicating the normal rotating direction on the belt, using a chalk or the like. However, do not use the oily paint.


## CAUTION:

- Do not try to pry the timing belt with a screwdriver or the like during the removal or installation.
- Do not allow the belt to come into contact with oil, water or dust.
- Do not bend the belt at a sharp angle or turn the belt inside out, as it is very vulnerable to bending.
- Do not utilize the tension of the timing belt when loosening the set bolt of the camshaft timing belt pulley.
- Do not turn the crankshaft and camshaft alone.
- Failure to observe this caution will cause break off the timing belt.
(1) Rotate the crankshaft until the "F" mark of the crankshaft timing belt pulley is aligned with the indicator of the cylinder head cover.
(2) Loosen the attacting bolt of the timing belt tensioner.
(3) Move the tensioner to the left as far as it will go and tighten the tensioner attaching boit temporarily.
(4) Remove the timing belt.
(21) Removal of the timing belt tensioner.
(1) Loosen the attaching bolt of the timing belt tensioner.
(2) Remove the tension spring.
(3) Remove the timing belt tensioner by removing the its attaching bolt.


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(22) Inspection of the timing belt.
(Refer to the timing belt section of the service manual.)
(23) Inspection of the timing belt tensioner
(1) Check the timing belt tensioner for smooth turning.
(2) Check the timing belt attaching surface for damage. If any malfunction or damage is present, replace the timing beft tensioner with new one.
(24) Inspection of timing belt tensioner spring
(1) Check the free length of the spring.

Free Length: HC engine 53.65 mm ( 2.11 inches)
HD engine 46.5 mm ( 1.83 inches)
(2) Check the tension of the spring at the specified instailation length.
Tension as Installed
HC Engine: $\quad 19.6 \pm 2.0 \mathrm{~N}$ at 57.25 mm
$(2.0 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{kgf}$ at 57.25 mm ,
$4.4 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{lb}$ at 2.3 inch)
HD Engine: $\quad 29.4 \pm 2.9 \mathrm{~N}$ at 50.9 mm $(3.0 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{kgt}$ at 50.9 mm , $6.6 \pm 0.7 \mathrm{lb}$ at 2.0 inch)

If the tension dose not conform to the specification, replace the tensioner spring.
(25) Visually inspect the timing belt pulleys for damages. If the any damage is present, replace the timing belt pulley.
(For detaif of removal and installation of timing belt pulleys, refer to the EM section of the service manual.)
NOTE:

- Do not allow the timing belt pulleys to come into contact with oil, water or dust.
(26) Inspection of timing belt pulley flange

Visually inspect the crankshaft timing belt pulley flange for bend, damage and wear.
If the any damage is present, replace the crankshaft timing belt pulley flange with new one.
(For details of removal and installation of timing belt pulley flange, refer to the EM section of the service manual.)
NOTE:

- Do not allow the timing belt pulley flange to come into contact with oil, water or dust.
(27) Inspection of water pump leakage

Visually inspect the water purnp for leakage.
Repair it if any water leakage is presented.
(28) Inspection of the oil leakage

Ensure the no water leakage is presented.
Repair it if any water leakage is presented.


## (29) Installation of timing belt *

## CAUTION:

- Do not try to pry the timing belt with a screwdriver or the like during the removal or installation.
- Do not allow the belt to come into contact with oil, water or dust.
- Do not bend the belt at a sharp angle or turn the belt inside out.
- Do not utilize the tension of the timing belt when tightening the set boits of the camshaft timing belt pulley and crankshaft.
- The adjustment of the belt tension should be made when the cylinder block and its ambient temperatures are in between $5-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(41-122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
- Perform the engine turning operation at the crankshaft side.
- Do not turn the crankshaft or camshaft alone.
- Failure to observe this caution will cause break off the timing belt.
- When the timing belt is reused, install the timing belt in such way that the direction of the arrow mark put during the removal may much with the engine rotation direction.
(1) Attach the tension spring to the timing belt tensioner. <Reference> Identification of Tension Spring

| Engine | Rupber length mm (inch) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $H C$ | $30(1.181)$ |
| $H D$ | $20(0.787)$ |

(2) Hang the tension spring to the tension spring hook on the pin.

(3) Assemble the timing belt tensioner in place and install the bolt.
CAUTION:

- Hang the spring hook securely on the pin groove.
- Ensure that the pin at the oil pump is fitted into the pin hoie of the timing belt tensioner.
(4) While pulling the timing belt tensioner fully toward the water pump side, temporarily tighten the attaching bolt of the timing belt tensioner.
(5) Aline the "F" mark of the camshaft timing belt pulley with the indicator on the cylinder head cover.
NOTE:
- It should be noted that the piston may interfere with the valves, if the camshaft is turned independently.
(6) Aline the driled mark of the crankshaft timing belt pulley with the indicator on the oll pump.
NOTE:
- It should be noted that the piston may interfere with the valves, if the crankshaft is turned independently.
(7) Assemble the timing beit in such a way that the two mating marks on the timing belt may be aligned with the corresponding drilled marks on the crankshaft timing belt pulley and camshaft timing beli pulley.
NOTE:
- When the timing belt is reused, install the timing belt in such way that there exist 34 teeth in case of HC engine, 35 teeth in case of HD engine of the belt between the drilled marks of crankshaft timing belt puliey and camshaft timing belt pulley.
- When the timing belt is reused, install the timing belt in such way that the direction of the arrow mark put during the removal may much with the engine rotation direction. <Reference> Identification of Timing Belt

| Engine | Teeth NBR between timing mark |
| :---: | :---: |
| $H C$ | 34 |
| $H D$ | 35 |

(B) Loosen the attaching bolt of the timing belt tensioner. Apply the tension to the timing belt.
(9) Temporarily tighten the attaching bolt.

NOTE:

- Ensure that the belt exhibits no slack at the tension side of the beli (the side opposite to the tensioner).

(10) Rotate the crankshaft 1.9 turns in the normal direction (to the clockwise as viewed from the timing belt side of the engine) so thiat the "F" mark of the camshaft timing belt pulley comes at a point three teeth in the camshaft timing belt pulley before the indicator of the cylinder head cover.
CAUTION:
- At this time, never turn the crankshaft reversely.
- Make sure that the belt is not tilted between the crankshaft timing belt pulley and the camshaft timing belt pulley.

If crankshaft be reversed or the timing belt should be tilted, turn the crankshaft two more turns.
(11) Make the tensioner free by loosening the attaching bolt of the timing belt tensioner.
(12) Turn the crank shaft further in the normal direction until the "F" mark of the camshaft timing belt pulley is aligned with the cylinder head cover.

## CAUTION:

- Never turn the crankshaft reversely.
- Never turn the crankshaft beyond the point where the "F" mark of the camshaft timing belt pulley is aligned with the indicator.

If the crankshaft should be reversed or turned beyond that point, temporarily tighten the tensioner attaching bolt and repeat the operation from the step (ii) onward.
(13) Tighten the attaching bolt of the timing belt tensioner to the specified torque.
Tightening Torque: $29.4-44.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
\text { (3.0 - } 4.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m},
$$

$$
21.7-32.5 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

(14) Ensure that the drilled marks of the crankshaft timing belt pulley and camshaft timing belt pulley are aligned with the corresponding indicators.
If the drilled mark is not aligned with the indicator, repeat the operations from the step (10) onward.

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If the belt deflection dose not conform to the specification, repeat the operations from the step (10) onward.

(16) Checking of timing belt tension

When the midpoint of the belt at the tension side is pushed $5 \mathrm{~mm}(0.20$ inch), ensure that the pushing force is with in the specified value.
Specified Pushing Force: $7.9-15.6 \mathrm{~N}$
( $0.8 \cdot 1.6 \mathrm{kgf}$,
$1.77 \cdot 3.52 \mathrm{lb})$
When belt deflected 5 mm ( 0.20 inch)
(30) Installation of timing belt cover <Reference>
Identification of Timing Belt Cover

| Engine | Identification of timing belt cove |
| :---: | :---: |
| HC | 01 |
| HD | 102 |

(1) Install the timing belt lower cover.

Tightening Torque: $2.0-3.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(0.2-0.4 \mathrm{kgi}-\mathrm{m}, 1.4-2.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

## NOTE:

- Care must be exercised as to the length of each bolt.
(2) Install the timing belt upper cover.

Tightening Torque: $2.0-3.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(0.2-0.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 1.4-2.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

## NOTE:

- Care must be exercised as to the length of each bolt.
(31) Installation of crankshaft pulley <Reference>
Identification of Crank Shaft Pulley

| Engine | Identification of timing belt cover |
| :--- | :--- |
| HC-C | Ignition timing mark $5^{\circ} \pm 30^{\prime}$ <br> Air conditioner pulley diameler $111 \mathrm{~mm}(4.37 \mathrm{inch})$ |
| HC-E | Ignition timing mark $0^{\circ} \pm 30^{\prime}$ <br> Air conditioner puliey diameter $111 \mathrm{~mm}(4.37 \mathrm{inch})$ |
| HD-E | lgnition timing mark $0^{\circ} \pm 30^{\circ}$ <br> Air conditioner pultey diameter $119 \mathrm{~mm}(4.685$ <br> inch $)$ |

(1) Install the crankshaft pulley with four attaching bolts.
(2) Tighten the crankshaft pulley bolts to the specified torque.
Tightening Torque: $19.6 \cdot 29.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(2.0-3.0 \mathrm{kgt}-\mathrm{m}, 14.5-21.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

## NOTE:

- On the manual transmission transmission vehicle, prevent the crankshaft from turning by placing the gear shift lever in the 4th gear position.
- On the automatic transmission vehicle, prevent the crankshaft from being rotated by inserting a screwdriver or the like into the ring gear section of the cylinder block.

-(32) Installation of engine RH front mounting No. 2 with alternator bracket.
NOTE:
- Install the alternator drive belt adjusting bar, in case vehicle equipped with the power steering.
Tightening Torque: $44.1-53.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(4.5-5.5 kgf-m, $28.9-39.8 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{Ib}$ )
(33) Install the air conditioner compressor with attaching bolts.
(34) Install the oil pressure switch wire clamps to the engine mounting with the attaching bolts.
(35) Install the water pump pulley to the water pump pulley temporarily tighten the attaching bolt by hand.
<Reference>
Identification of Water Pump Pulley

| Engine | Identification color |
| :---: | :---: |
| HC | Nil |
| HD | Orange |



## NOTE:

- Install the power steering vane pump drive pulley with the water pump pulley, if vehicle equipped with the power steering.
(36) Install the alternator drive belt (V-rebbed belt).

NOTE:

- Make sure that the drive belt (V-rebbed belt) is fitted properly in the groove of each pulley.
(37) Adjustment of alternator drive belt tension. (Refer to the inspection of drive belt step 4.)
(38) Tighten the attaching bolts of the water pump pulley by utilizing the tension of $V$-ribbed belt.
Tightening Torque: $5.9-8.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(0.6-0.9 \mathrm{kgi}-\mathrm{m}, 4.3-6.5 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

(39) Ensure that the drive belt deflection meets with the specified value when the midpoint between the water pump pulley and the alternator drive pulley is pushed with a force of $98.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(10 \mathrm{kgf}, 22 \mathrm{lb})$.
(See the step 4)
If the deflection dose not confirm to the specification, perform the adjustment so that the specification may be satisfied.
(40) Install the engine mounting front insulator with the engine mounting right bracket by five attaching bolts and one nut.
Tightening Torque:
Nut: $\quad 14.7-22.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $1.5-2.3 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 10.8-16.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{ib})$
Bolt: $\quad 39.2-39.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (4.0-5.5 kgf-mi, 28.9-39.8 ft-lb)
(41) Remove the garage jack from under the oil pan.
(42) Installation and adjustment of air conditioner compressor drive belt.
(1) install the air conditioner compressor drive belt.
(2) Adjust the beit tension by idler pulley adjusting bolt.
(3) Tighten the idler pulley attaching nut.

Tightening Torque: $39.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(4.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 28.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
(43) Install and adjust the power steering drive belt and its tension (See the SR section of the service manual.)
(44) Connect the bonding wire to the engine mounting bracket.
(45) Connect the engine ground cable terminal to the negative terminal of the battery.
(46) Start the engine and no abnormal noise emitted.


## hot engine operation

## 1. Inspection of engine oil

(1) Oil quality check
(1) Park the vehicle on a level surface.
(2) Puil out the dipstick out and wipe off the engine oil.
(3) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it will go.
(4) Pull out the dipstick again and check the oil level if it is between " F " and "L" marks.
(5) Ensure that the engine oil level should be between the "L" and " $F$ " level on the dipstick.
If engine oil level is less than the " $L$ " level check the oil leakage.
If engine oil level is less than the " $L$ " level, replenish the specified engine oil to the " $F$ " level after the checking of the oil leakage.
NOTE:

- The amount of oil between the "L" level and the " $F$ " level equals to one liter.
(6) Check the engine oil for deterioration, ingress of water, discoloring or dilution.
If oil quality is poor, change the engine oil.
(See procedure of change of engine oit and oil filter section.)
(7) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it will go.
(2) Oil level check
(1) Park the vehicle on a level surface.
(2) Pull out the dipstick out and wipe off the engine oil.
(3) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it witl go.
(4) Pull out the dipstick again.
(5) Ensure that the engine oil level should be between the "L" and "F" level on the dipstick. If engine oil level is less than the "L" level check the oil leakage.
If engine oil level is less than the "L" level, replenish the specified engine oil to the "F" level after the checking of the oil leakage.


## NOTE:

- Use API grade SE or higher multigrade viscosity, fuelefficient oil. (See the procedure of change of engine oil and oil filter section.)
- The amount of oil between the " $L$ " level and the " $F$ " level equals to one liter.

(6) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
(7) Stop the engine.
(8) After few minutes, slowly pull out the dipstick out and wipe off the engine oil.
(9) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it wifl go.
(10) Pull out the dipstick again and check the oif level if it is between "F" and "L" marks.
If the engine oil level is low, replenish the specified engine oil to the "F" level of the dipstick.
(See procedure under pour engine oil to the engine.)
(11) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it will go.
(3) Inspection of engine oil leakage
(1) Check the oil level.
(See the inspection of the oil level.)
(2) Start the engine.
(3) Ensure that the no oil leakage is present.

Repair or replace the defective part, if oil leakage is present.

## 2. Change of engine oil and oil filter

WARNING:

- Protect your eyes by wearing the safety grasses.
- Be very careful not to burn yourself with hot engine oil or hot engine components.
(1) Park the vehicle on a level surface.
(2) Check the oil level. (See the inspection of the oil level.)
(3) Start the engine.
(4) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
(5) Place a suitable container under the oil drain plug.
(6) Remove the drain plug and gasket, and drain the engine oil into the placed container completely.
(7) Remove the oil filler cap.
(8) Remove the right side engine under cover by removing three bolts and one screw, if vehicle equipped air conditioner.
(9) Place a suitable container under the oil filter.
(10) Slacken the oil filter with an oil filter wrench.

CAUTION:

- Be careful, at this time oil may flow out.
(11) Remove the oil filter by hand.
(12) Wipe off the engine oil from the oil filter attaching part of the engine.
(13) Thinly apply engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter.
(14) Screw in the oil filter by hand, until the O-ring of the oil filter contacts the oil filter installing surface.


15) Tighten the oil filter three fourths to one complete turn, using the foilowing SST or by hand.
SST: 09228-87201-000

## CAUTION:

- Do not overtighten the oil filter. Failure to observe this caution will cause oil leakage or damage of oil pump or oil filter.
(16) Tighten the drain plug to the specified torque with new gasket interposed.
Tightening Torque: $19.6-29.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(2.0-3.0 kgf-m, $14.5-21.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
(17) Pour engine oil to the engine.

NOTE:

- Use API grade SE or higher multigrade viscosity, fuelefficient oil.
- The amount of oil between the "L." level and the " $F$ " level equals to one liter.

Unit: Liter

|  | HC-C |  | HC-E |  | HD-E |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With oil <br> cooler | Withoul <br> oil cooler | With oil <br> cooler | Without <br> oil cooler | With oil <br> cooler | Wilhout <br> oif cooter |
| F level | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| L level | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Oil <br> capacity <br> When oil <br> filter <br> replaced | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Full <br> capacity | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 |

## NOTE:

- If vehicle equipped with the oil-cooler, the oil capacity is 79 cc grater than the amount specified above.
(18) Pull out the dipstick out and wipe off the engine oil.
(19) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it will go.
(20) Pull out the dipstick again.
(21) Ensure that the engine oil level should be between the "L" and "F" level on the dipstick.
If engine oil level is less than the "L" level, replenish the specified engine oil to the " $F$ " level.
(22) Close the oil filler cap.

WARNING:

- Securely install the oil filler cap. Failure to observe this warning will cause a fire.
(23) Start the engine.

24) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
(25) Stop the engine.


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(26) After few minutes, slowly pull out the dipstick out and wipe off the engine oil.
(27) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it will go.
(28) Pull out the dipstick again and check the oil level if it is between "F" and "L" marks.
If the engine oil level is low, replenish the specified engine oil to the "F" level of the dipstick.
(29) Reinsert the dipstick as far as it will go.
(30) Install the right side engine under cover, if it is removed.

## 3. Inspection of engine starting and abnormal noise.

(1) Ensure that the engine can starts smoothly with out any abnormal noise.
(2) Ensure that the engine can not starts with shift lever placed other than the Neutral or Parking range if vehicles equipped with the automatic transmission.
4. Inspection of spark plug
(1) Inspection of electrode

When megger (insulation resistance meter) is used:
(1) Carefully disconnect the resistive cords from the spark plugs by holding their rubber boot section.
NOTE:

- Do not disconnect the resistive cords by holding the code section of the resistive codes.
(2) Measure the insulation resistance of the spark plug. Minimum Insulation Resistance: $15 \mathrm{M} \Omega$


## WARNING:

- Since the spark plugs are hot, care must be exercised to avoid getting scalded.

If the measured insulation resistance is less than specified, proceed to the step (2).

When a megger is not available:
(1) Start the engine. Warm up the engine completely.
(2) Race the engine at 4000 rpm for five seconds.
(3) Remove the spark plug, using the following SST.

SST: 09268-87703-000

## WARNING:

- Since the spark plugs are hot, care must be exercised to avoid getting scalded.
- Visually inspect the spark plug.

If the electrode is dry: Satisfactory
If the electrocle is wet: Proceed to the step (4)


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(2) Removal of the spark plug
(1) Carefuliy remove the resistive cords from the spark plugs by holding their rubber boot section.
NOTE:

- Do not disconnect the resistive cords by holding the code section of the resistive codes.
(2) Remove the spark plug, using the following SST.

SST: 09268-87703-000
(3) Visual inspection of spark plug Visually inspect the spark plug for electrode wear. thread or insulator damage.
Replace the spark plug if it exhibits damage.
Recommended Spark Plug

|  | CHAMPION | NIPPONDENSO | NGK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HC-C <br> HC-E | RC9YC4 | K2OPR-U11 | BKR6E-11 |
| HD-E | - |  |  |

## NOTE:

- All four spark plugs should have the same heat range and be ones manufactured by the same manufacturer.
(4) Inspection of electrode gap

Measure the electrode gap, using the plug gap gauge.
Electrode Gap: $1.0-1.1 \mathrm{~mm}$

$$
(0.040-0.043 \mathrm{inch})
$$

If the electrode gap of a used spark plug is not within the specification, replace the spark plug with new one. If the electrode gap of a new spark plug is not within the specification, adjust the gap by bending the base of the ground electrode, being careful not to touch the tip.
(5) Cleaning the spark plug If the, electrode has traces of wet carbon, dry the electrode and clean it with a spark plug cleaner.

Air Pressure: Not to exceed 588.4 kPa ( $6 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 85 \mathrm{psi}$ )
Duration: Less than 20 seconds
NOTE:

- If there are trace of oil, remove it with gasoline before the spark plug is cleaned by the spark plug cleaner.
(6) Inspection of spark plug insulation resistance More Than: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$

If the insulation resistance is less than the specified value, replace the spark plug with the new one.

(7) Installation of spark plug Install the spark plugs. Tighten them to the specified torque, using the following SST.

SST: 09268-87703-000
Tightening Torque: $14.7-21.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $1.5-2.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$, $10.8-15.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

## NOTE:

- Since the insulator strength of a small spark plug is comparatively smaller than that of regular spark plugs, when tightening, be sure to use the tool exclusively used for this application. Also, when tightening, never use the wrench in a crooked way.
(8) Connect the resistive cords to the spark plug.

NOTE:

- Care must be exercised to ensure that the spark plug side connector of the resistive cord grommet part should be matched with recessed part of the cylinder head cover.
- Clamp the No. 3 resistive cord in such way that the protector end should be come to the plug side of the resistive cord clamp as indicated in the right figure.

5. Inspection of distributor cap and rotor
(1) Ensure that the ignition switch is turned OFF.
(2) Disconnect the resistive cords from the distributor cap. NOTE:

- Do not hold the wire section of the resistive cord during the disconnection, be sure to disconnect the resistive cord by holding the grommet section of the resistive cord.
(3) Remove the distributor cap by removing the attaching bolts of the distributor cap.
(4) Ensure that the distributor cap have no cracks or any other damage.
(5) Ensure that the center carbon has no noticeably wear. If the excessive wear is found replace the center carbon.
NOTE:
- Replacement should be performed with rotor and center carbon as a set.
(6) Ensure that the electrode has no excessive electrical corrosion
If excessive electrical corrosion is found remove it by the baking soda water. Do not remove it by screw driver or the like.


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(7) Remove the distributor rotor by pull it out.
(8) Ensure that the distributor rotor has no cracks or other damage.
If damage is found replace the rotor with new one.
NOTE:

- Replacement should be performed with rotor and center carbon as a set.
(9) Ensure that the electrode has no corrosion.

If corrosion is found remove the electrical corrosion by baking soda water.

## NOTE:

- Do not remove the electrical corrosion by file or hard material made tools.
(10) Install the distributor rotor to the distributor securely.
(11) Replace the distributor cap gasket with new one.
(12) Install the distributor cap to the distributor.
(13) Install the distributor cap attaching bolts and tighten them evenly.
(14) Connect the resistive cords to the distributor cap by following the manner described on the GI section of the service manual.

6. Inspection and adjustment of valve clearances

The measurement and adjustment of valve clearance are carried out when each of the piston of the No. 1 and No. 4 cylinders is set to the top dead center at the end of compression stroke.
NOTE:

- The valve clearance adjustment is performed normally when the engine is in a hot condition.
"Hot engine condition" denotes a condition in which the cooling water temperature is $75-85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(167-185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and the engine oil temperature is above $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
However, when the engine has been overhauled, it is necessary to adjust the valve clearances while the engine is cold and to readjust the valve clearance in a hot condition after warming up the engine.

(1) Removal of the cylinder head cover
(1) Detach the resistive cords from the clamps.

NOTE:

- On the left hand drive unit, disconnect the accelerator cable at the throttle body side. Proceed to remove the cable from the cable clamp.
(2) Detach the resistive cords at the cylinder head side. NOTE:
- Be sure to hold the rubber boot during the resistive cord disconnection. Never remove the resistive cord, holding the cord portion.
(3) Disconnect the blow-by gas hoses from the cylinder head cover.


## NOTE:

- Do not disconnect the accelerator cable clamp. (only for right hand drive vehicle only)
(4) Detach the oxygen sensor harness from the clamp. (HC-E engine only)
(5) Disconnection of air cleaner case from the cylinder head.
( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ engine only)

1) Remove the attaching bolt of air cleaner to the cylinder head cover.
2) Remove the wing nuts.
3) , Disconnect the following hoses.

ITC vacuum hose to carburetor.
Vacuum hose to BVSV.
NOTE:

- This procedure may not required if air cleaner is not removed.

4) Gradually lift up the air cleaner case.

CAUTION:

- Be very careful not to disconnect the ITC valve and BVSV hoses, if those hoses are disconnected, be sure to reconnect the those hoses.

5) Disconnect the accelerator cable or choke cable from the clamp of the cylinder head cover. ( $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ engine only)

(6) Loosen the nine bolts ( 10 mm ) over tow or three stages in the sequence shown in the right figure.

## NOTE:

- Be sure to loosen the bolts progressively and uniformly over two or three stages.
(7) Remove the attaching bolts.
(B) Remove the cylinder head cover.


## NOTE:

- Be very careful not damage the grommets of the spark plug tubes.
(2) Inspection and adjustment of valve clearances


## NOTE:

- Before the adjusting bolts are tightening with the lock nuts apply engine oil to the between lock nut and valve rocker arm.
(1) Turn the crank shaft until the recessed mark on the crankshaft pulley is aligned with the indicator mark on the timing belt cover.


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NOTE:

- The "O" mark denotes those valves that can be adjusted under that setting.


## Valve Clearances (Hot)

Intake: $0.25 \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$ ( $0.0098 \pm 0.002$ inch)
Exhaust: $0.33 \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}(0.01 \pm 0.002$ inch $)$
(Reference)
Valve Clearances (Cold)
Intake: 0.18 mm ( 0.0071 inch)
Exhaust: 0.25 mm ( 0.098 inch)
Tightening Torque (Lock nut): $16.7-22.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(1.7-2.3 kgf-m,
$12.3-16.6 \mathrm{ft}-1 \mathrm{tb})$

| Piston position |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| When valve rocker arms of No. 1 cylinder are free: <br> (Piston of No. 1 cylinder is at top dead center under compression stork) | Intake | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | Exhaust | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| When valve rocker arms of No. 4 cylinder are free: (Piston of No. 4 cylinder is at top dead center under compression stork) | Intake |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | Exhaust |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |

(3) Turn the crankshaft 360 degrees.
(4) Proceed to check and adjust the remaining valve clearances.
(3) Installation of cylinder head cover
(1) Wipe off the oil from the gasket attaching surface of the cylinder head.
(2) Check the cylinder head cover gasket for evidence of damage.
Replace the gasket, as required.

## NOTE:

- Install the cylinder head cover gasket in such a direction that the identification mark may come at the intake side.
(3) Check the rubber grommets of the spark plug tubes for evidence of damage.
Replace the rubber grommet, as required.
(For replacement of the rubber grommet refer to the $E M$ section of the service manual.)
(4) Install the cylinder head cover gasket on the cylinder head.


## NOTE:

- Install the cylinder head cover gasket in such direction that the identification mark may come at the intake side.
(5) Apply the Three Bond 1104 to the four points on the cylinder head, as indicated in the figure.
(6) Install the cylinder head cover on the cylinder head. NOTE:
- Be very careful not to damage the rubber grommets for spark plug tubes during the cylinder head cover installation.
- Make sure that the rubber grommet is fitted over the spark plug tube.
(7) Tighten the cylinder head cover bolts over two or three stages in the sequence shown in the right figure, until they are tightened to the specified torque.

Tightening Torque: $2.9-4.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

> (0.3-0.5 kgf-m,
$2.2-3.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

(8) Tighten the timing belt cover attaching bolts.

Tightening Torque: $2.0-3.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $0.4-0.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$, $1.4-2.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
(9) Installation of air cleaner assembly (HC-C engine only)

1) Place the air cleaner on the engine.
2) Connect the vacuum hoses to the BVSV.
3) Tighten the attaching bolt and wing nuts.
(10). Connect the accelerator cable or choke cable to the cable clamp provided on the cylinder head.
(11) Install the oxygen sensor harness to the clamp. (Only for HC-E engine)
(12) Connect the PCV hoses to the cylinder head cover.
(13) Install the resistive cords to the cylinder head.

## NOTE:

- Be sure that the resistive cord is connected securely to each spark plug.
- Care should be exercised not to damage the resistive cord with the spark plug tube.
(14) Install the resistive cords to clamp.
(See the Gl section of the service manual)
(13) Start the engine.
(16) Ensure that the engine exhibits no oil leakage.

NOTE:

- If the engine exhibits any troubles, repair them depending on the situation.


## .. Inspection and adjustment of ignition timing

NOTE:

- The ignition timing inspection or adjustment is performed normally when the engine is in a Hot condition.
"Hot engine condition" denotes a condition in which the cooling water temperature is $75-85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(167-185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and the engine oil temperature is above $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
[ $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ engine]
(1) Start the engine.
(2) Warm up the engine.
( $)$ Stop the engine.
(A) Connection of tachometer.
(1) Disconnect the connector of the distributor.
(2) Connect the following SST between distributor and vehicle side of distributor connector. (if your tachometer is clamp on type this operation is unnecessary.)
SST: 09991-87604-000

(3) Connect the tachometer to the engine.


## CAUTION:

- Never allow the tachometer terminal to touch ground. It could result in damage of the ignition system.
- As some tachometers are not compatible with this ignition system, it is recommended to confirm the compatibility with your unit before its use.
(5) Connect a timing light to the resistive cord of the No. 1 cylinder (at the timing belt side.).
(6) Disconnect the vacuum hose at the sub-side of the vacuum advancer of distributor.
(7) Plug the disconnected vacuum hose, using the following SST.

SST: 09258-00030-000
(8) Start the engine.
(9) Ensure that the engine revolution speed is bellow 1000 rpm and stable.
If the engine revolution exceeds 1000 rpm or it is unstable, adjust the engine revolution speed to the idle speed. (See procedure of inspection and adjustment of idle speed.)
(10) Check to see if the ignition timing mark of the crankshaft pulley is aligned with the indicator of the timing belt cover, using the timing light.
Adjust the ignition timing by turning the distributor, if the ignition timing mark is not aligned with timing belt cover.

(11) Adjustment of ignition timing
(1) Loosen the distributor attaching bolts.
(2) Adjust the distributor installation angle by turning the distributor, until the ignition tirning mark of the crankshaft pulley is aligned with the indicator of the timing belt cover.

## REFERENCE:

- If the distributor is turned clockwise, the timing will be advanced. Conversely, if the distributor is turned counterclockwise, the ignition timing will be retarded.
(3) Tighten the distributor attaching bolts to the specified torque, making sure that the ignition timing is not disturbed.

Tightening Torque: $14.7-21.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $1.5-2.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$,
$10.8-15.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
(12) Stop the engine.
(13) Remove the tachometer.
(14) Remove the SST from distributor connectors.
(15) Reconnect the distributor connector.
(16) Remove the SST from vacuum hose end.
(17) Connect the vacuum hose at the sub-side of the vacuum advancer of distributor.
(18) Adjust the idle speed. (See procedure of Inspection and adjustment of idle speed.)
[HC-E and HD-E engine]
(1) Start the engine.
(2) Warm up the engine.
(3) Stop the engine.
(4) Connection of tachometer.
(1) Disconnect the connector of the distributor.
(2) Connect the following SST between ignition coil and vehicle side of ignition coil connector.
(If your tachometer is clamp on type this operation is unnecessary.)

SST: 099991-87604-000
(3) Connect the tachometer to the engine.

CAUTION:

- Never allow the tachometer terminal to touch ground. It could result in damage of the ignition system.
- As some tachometers are not compatible with this ignition system, it is recommended to confirm the compatibility with your unit before its use.

(5) Connect a timing light to the resistive cord of the No. 1 cylinder (at the timing belt side.).
(6) Open the diagnosis connector cover.

NOTE:

- Be sure to prevent the entering of dust or water etc. into the diagnosis connector.
(7) Connect the $T$ terminal with ground terminal in the diagnosis connector by following SST.

SST: 09991-87203-000

## NOTE:

- Care must be exercised to ensure that no connection is made on terminals except for those specified.
Even slight contact of the other terminal caused serious malfunction.
(8) Start the engine.
(9) Ensure that the engine revolution speed is bellow 1000 rpm and stable.
If the engine revolution exceeds 1000 rpm or it is unstable, adjust the engine revolution speed to the idle speed.
(See procedure of idle speed adjustment.)
(10) Check to see if the ignition timing mark of the crankshaft pulley is aligned with the indicator of the timing belt cover, using the timing light.
Adjust the ignition timing by turning the distributor, if the ignition timing mark is not aligned with timing belt cover.

(11) Adjustment of ignition timing
(1) Loosen the distributor attaching bolts.
(2) Adjust the distributor installation angle by turning the distributor, until the ignition timing mark of the crankshaft pultey is aligned with the indicator of the timing belt cover.
REFERENCE:
- If the distributor is turned clockwise, the timing will be advanced. Conversely, if the distributor is turned counterclockwise, the ignition timing will be retarded.
(3) Tighten the distributor attaching bolts to the specified torque, making sure that the ignition timing is not disturbed.

Tightening Torque: $14.7-21.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(1.5-2.2 kgf-m, $10.8 \cdot 15.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
(12) Stop the engine.
(13) Remove the tachometer.
(14) Remove the SST from distributor connectors.
(15) Reconnect the distributor connector.
(16) Remove the SST from the diagnosis connector. NOTE:

- Care must be exercised to ensure that no connection is made on terminats except for those specified.
Even slight contact of the other terminal caused serious malfunction.
(17) Close the diagnosis connector cover.

NOTE:

- Be sure to prevent the entering of dust or water etc. into the diagnosis connector.
Entering of dust, water or contamination of terminals in the diagnosis connector caused serious malfunction, due to lowering the insulation of each terminals.
(18) Adjust the idie speed.
(See procedure of idle speed adjustment.)


8. Inspection and adjustment of idle speed

Preparation to be made prior to idle speed adjustment.

- Check and adjust the ignition timing.
- Apply the parking brake fully.
- Warm up the engine thoroughly. (continue engine warm-up for another 10 minutes after the the fan motor has started its operation.)
- All accessory switches are turned OFF.

On those vehicles equipped with a day-lamp system, set the lamp control switch to the first stage.

- The air cleaner element is installed.
- All vacuum hose are connected.
- Ensure that the intake system exhibits no air leakage.
- Ensure that the exhaust system exhibits no air leakage.
- On the automatic transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the $[\mathrm{N}]$ or $[\mathrm{P}]$ range.
- On the manual transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the neutral range.
- The choke valve is open fully. (HC-C engine only)
- Position the steering wheel to straight a head direction. (Only for power steering equipped model.) NOTE:
- Do not perform the engine idle speed adjustment while the fan motor is functioning.
- On those vehicle equipped with a day-lamp system, set the lamp control switch to the first stage with the head lamps turned OFF.
- Use the SST (09243-00020-000) to adjust the idle mixture adjusting screw. (HC-C engine only)
[HC-C engine]
(1) Connection of tachometer
(1) Connect the following SST between distributor and vehicle side of distributor connector.

SST: 09991-87604-000
(If your tachometer is clamp on type this operation is unnecessary.)
CAUTION:

- Never allow the tachometer terminal to touch ground. It could result in damage of the ignition system.
- As some tachometers are not compatible with this ignition system, it is recommended to contirm the compatibility with your unit before its use.
(2) Connect the tachometer to the engine, foilowing by instruction of the manufacturer of tachometer.
(2) Back off the idle mixture adjusting screw four turns from the fully closed state.
NOTE:
- For this adjustment, it is necessary to prepare the following SST.
SST: 09243-00020-000
- Do not adjust the idle mixture adjusting screw, if $\mathrm{HC} / \mathrm{CO}$ meter is not available.
- Be sure to inspect the $\mathrm{HC} / \mathrm{CO}$ concentrations, when idle mixture adjusting screw is adjusted. (HC-C engine only, for inspection of $\mathrm{HC/CO}$ concentrations, refer to EC section of the service manual.)

(3) Start the engine.
(4) Adjust the throttle adjusting screw so that the engine idle speed may become the specified value.

Specified Idle Speed
MT: $800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$
AT: $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$
(5) Stop the engine.
(6) Remove the tachometer.
(7) Remove the SST.
(8) Connect the distributor.
[HC-E, HD-E engine]
(1) Connection of tachometer
(1) Connect the following SST between ignition coil and vehicle side of ignition coil connector.
(If your tachometer is clamp on type this operation is unnecessary.)

SST: 09991-87604-000

## CAUTION:

- Never allow the tachometer terminal to touch ground. It could result in damage of the ignition system.
- As some tachometers are not compatible with this ignition system, it is recommended to confirm the compatibility with your unit before its use.
(2) Connect the tachometer to the engine by follow the instruction of the manufacturer of tachometer.
(2) Start the engine.
(3) Race the engine to 2000 to 3000 rpm for two or three times.
(4) Remove the idle adjusting screw cap from the throttle body.
(5) Adjust the idle adjusting screw so that the engine idle speed may become the specified value.

Specified Idle Speed
MT: $800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$
AT: $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$
NOTE:

- When the idle adjusting screw is turned clockwise idle speed will be decrease, whereas when the idle adjusting screw is turned counterclockwise idle speed will be increase.
(6) Instalk the idle speed adjusting screw cap to the throtile valve.
(7) Stop the engine.
(8) Remove the tachometer.
(9) Remove the SST from distributor and vehicle side of distributor connector. (If it connected.)
(10) Connect the distributor connector.


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## 9. Inspection and adjustment of throttle positioner or dashpot

Preparation to be made prior to throttle positioner check.

- Check and adjust the ignition timing.
- Check and adjust the idle speed.
- Apply the parking brake fully.
- Warm up the engine thoroughly. (continue engine warm-up for another 10 minutes after the fan motor has started its operation.)
- All accessory switches are turned OFF.
- On those vehicles equipped with a day-lamp system, set the lamp control switch to the first stage.
- The air cleaner element is installed.
- All vacuum hose are connected.
- Ensure that the intake system exhibits no air leakage.
- Ensure that the exhaust system exhibits no air leakage.
- On the automatic transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the $[N]$ or $[P]$ range.
- On the manual transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the neutral position.
- The choke valve is open fully. (HC-C engine only)
- Position the steering wheel to straight a head direction. (Only for power steering system equippta vehicles.)
NOTE:
- Do not perform the throttle positioner adjustment while the fan motor is functioning.
- On those vehicle equipped with a day-lamp system, set the lamp control switch to the first stage with the head lamps turned OFF.
- Use the SST (09243-00020-000) to adjust the idle mixture adjusting screw. (HC-C engine only)
(1) Connect the following SST between distributor and vehicle side of distributor connector.

SST: 09991-87604-000
(If your tachometer is clamp on type this operation is unnecessary.)
CAUTION:

- Never allow the tachometer terminal to touch ground. It could result in clamage of the ignition system.

- As some tachometers are not compatible with this ignition system, it is recommended to confirm the compatibility with your unit before its use.

Connect the tachometer to the engine, following by instruction of the manufacturer of tachometer.
(2) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the throttle positioner.
(3) Plug the disconnected hose, using the following SST.

SST: 09258-00030-000
(4) Ensure that the throttle positioner shaft is stretched fully.
(5) Start the engine.
(6) Check of touch revolution speed of throttle positioner The touch revolution speed of the throttle positioner means the engine revolution speed at the time when the adjusting screw of the throttle lever makes contact with the dashpot shaft.

Touch Revolution: $1800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$
If the touch revolution speed dose not conform to the specification, turn the adjusting screw so that the touch revolution speed may become the specified engine speed.
NOTE:

- On the automatic transmission vehicle, the adjustment should be performed with the air cleaner assembly removed. However, be sure to plug the vacuum hose connected to the ITC valve.
(7) Remove the SST, which plug the vacuum hose.
(8) Connect the vacuum hose to the throttle positioner.
(9) Hold the engine revolution speed at 3000 rpm for five seconds.
(10) Close the throttle valve quickly.
(11) Measure the time required for the engine revolution speed to drop from 2000 rpm to 1000 rpm.

Specified Time: 1.0-3.0 seconds
(12) If the time dose not conform to the specification, check/replace the following point.
(1) VTV for restriction or malfunction.
(2) Related vacuum hoses and vacuum pipe for restrictión or damage.
Replace the defective part, if any malfunction is existing
Replace the throttle positioner, if above point has no trouble
(For details of throttle positioner replacement, refer to the FU section of the service manual.)
(13) Remove the tachometer.
(14) Remove the SST from ignition coil and vehicle side ignition coil connectors.
(15) Reconnect the vehicle side ignition coil connector to the ignition coil.

[ $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}$ and HD -E engine]
(1) Connection of tachometer
(1) Connect the foliowing SST between distributor and vehicle side of distributor connector.

SST: 09991-87604-000
(If your tachometer is clamp on type this operation is unnecessary.)

## CAUTION:

- Never allow the tachometer terminal to touch ground. It could result in damage of the ignition system.
- As some tachometers are not compatible with this ignition system, it is recommended to confirm the compatibility with your unit before its use.
(2) Connect the tachometer to the engine, foillowing by instruction of the manufacturer of tachometer.
(2) Remove the dashpot cap.
(3) Remove the dashpot filter.

NOTE:

- Be sure to prevent the dust or foreign substances from entering of dashpot.
(4) Start and warm-up the engine.
(5) Ensure that the adjusting screw of the dashpot is not contact with dashpot shaft when the engine revolution speed at 3500 rpm .
If adjusting screw of the dashpot is contact with the dashpot shaft, adjust the adjusting bolt height.
(6) Plug the air passage of the dashpot with your finger under condition describe in step (5).
(7) Slowly release the throttle lever.
(8) Ensure that the engine revolution with in the specified range.


## Specified Engine Revolution

MT: $1300 \pm 100 \mathrm{rpm}$
AT: $2100 \pm 100 \mathrm{rpm}$
If not adjust the engine revolution speed by adjusting screw and repeat the step (5) to (8) again.
(9) Stop the engine.
(10) Install the dashpot filter.
(11) Install the dashpot cap.
(12) Remove the tachometer.
(13) Remove the SST from the distributor connectors.
(14) Connect the distributor connector.

10. Inspection and adjustment of $\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{HC}$ concentrations [ $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ engine]

Preparation to be made prior to check and adjustment of $\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{HC}$ concentrations.

- Apply the parking brake fully.
- Check and adjust the ignition timing.
- Check and adjust the idle speed.
- Warm up the engine thoroughly. (continue engine warm-up for another 10 minutes after the fan motor has started its operation.)
- All accessory switches are turned OFF.
- The air cleaner element is installed.
- All vacuum hose are connected.
- Ensure that the intake system exhibits no air leakage.
- Ensure that the exhaust system exhibits no air leakage.
- On the automatic transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the $[\mathrm{N}]$ or $[\mathrm{P}]$ range.
- On the manual transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the neutral position.
- The choke valve is open fully.
- Position the steering wheel to straight a head direction. (Only for power steering equipped model.) NOTE:
- Use the SST (09243-00020-000) to adjust the idle mixture adjusting screw.
- Be sure to prepare the $\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{HC}$ meter by following with the instruction of its manufacturer, before put into use.
(CO adjustment)
(1) Start and warm-up the engine.
(2) Ensure that the engine revolution with in the specification. (See the check and adjustment of idle speed.)
(3) Race the engine until its speed reaches 2000 rpm .
(4) Measurement of CO concentration at the idle speed Check too see if the CO concentration conform to the specification.

Specified CO Concentration: $1.5 \pm 0.5 \%$
If the measured concentration fail to conform to the specification, perform the adjustments described in the step (5) onward.
(5) Gradually turn the idle mixture adjusting screw, using the following SST, so that the CO concentration may conform to the specification.

SST: 09243-00020-000

## NOTE:

- If the CO concentration is greatly deviated from the specification, set the mixture condition to initial setting. The initial setting can be achieved first by setting the idle mixture adjusting to the fully-closed position and then by backing off the screw four turns.

(6) Turn the throttle adjusting screw so that the idle speed may become the specified speed.

Engine Idle Speed
MT: $800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$
AT: $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$
(7) Measurement of CO concentration

Check to see if the CO concentration conform to the specification.

Specified CO Concentration: $1.5 \pm 0.5 \%$
If the CO concentration fails to conform to the specification, perform the operation described in the step (3) onward.
However, if the repeated adjustment will not get the conformity to the specification, carry out the trouble shooting in accordance with the table mentioned bellow.
(HC adjustment)
(1) Start and warm-up the engine.
(2) Ensure that the engine revolution with in the specification.
(See the check and adjustment of idle speed.)
(3) Race the engine until its speed reaches 2000 rpm .
(4) Measurement of HC concentration at the idle speed Check too see if the HC concentration conform to the specification.

Specified HC Concentration: Not exceed
1000 PPM


If the measured concentration fail to conform to the specification, carry out the trouble shooting in accordance with the table mentioned bellow.

Possible Causes for Improper $\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{HC}$ Concentrations

| Possible | Item | CO concentration | HC concentration |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ignition timing |  | Remarks |  |
| Valve clearances |  | $O$ |  |
| Improper valve seating |  | 0 |  |
| Ignition system problems <br> Spark plugs <br> Resistive cord <br> Distributor <br> Igniton coil |  |  |  |
| Air leakage in intake system | $O$ | $O$ |  |
| ITC valve malfunctioning |  |  |  |

## 11. Checking of $\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{HC}$ concentrations [HC-E and HD-E engines]

Preparation to be made prior to check of $\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{HC}$ concentrations.

- Apply the parking brake fulliy.
- Check and adjust the ignition timing.
- Check and adjust the idle speed.
- Warm up the engine thoroughly. (continue engine warm-up for another 10 minutes after the fan motor has started its operation.)
- All accessory switches are turned OFF.
(On those vehicles equipped with a day-lamp system, set the lamp control switch to the first stage.)
- The air cleaner element is installed.
- All pipes and vacuum hose are connected.
- Ensure that the intake system exhibits no air leakage.
- Ensure that the exhaust system exhibits no gas leakage.
- On the automatic transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the $[\mathrm{N}]$ or $[\mathrm{P}]$ range.
- On the manual transmission vehicle, the shift lever is placed in the neutral position.
- Position the steering wheel to straight a head direction. (Only for power steering equipped model.)
- Be sure to prepare the $\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{HC}$ meter by following with the instruction of its manufacturer, before put into use.


## NOTE:

- This check is used only to determine whether or not the idle $\mathrm{HC} / \mathrm{CO}$ emission comply with the regulations.
(1) Insert the $\mathrm{HC} / \mathrm{CO}$ testing probe into the tailpipe at least 400 mm ( 15.7 inches).
(2) Measurement of $\mathrm{HC} / \mathrm{CO}$ concentrations at idle speed

Wait at least one minute before the measurement so as to allow the concentrations to stabilize.
Complete the measurement within three minutes.
If the $\mathrm{HC/CO}$ concentrations do not conform to the regulations, see the following table for possible causes.
Trouble Shooting List

| HC | CO | Problems | Possible causes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High | Normal | Rough idile | 1. Faully ignition <br> - Incorrect ignition timing <br> - Fouled, shorted or improperly gapped spark plugs <br> - Open or crossed high tension cords <br> - Cracked distributor cap <br> 2. Incorrect valve clearance <br> 3. Leaky exhausi valves <br> 4. Leaky cylinder |
| High | Low | Rough idle (Flucluation HC reading) | 1. Lean mixture causing misfire |
| High | High | Rough idie (Black smoke from exhaust) | 1. Restricted air filler <br> 2. Faulty EFl system <br> - Faulty pressure regułator <br> - Clogged fuel return line <br> - Defective water temp. sensor <br> - Defective air temp. sensor <br> - Faulty throltle position sensor <br> - Faulty pressure sensor <br> - Fautly ECU <br> - Faully oxygen sensor |

12. Change of coolant

WARNING:

- Never open the radiator cap when the engine is still hot.


## CAUTION:

- As regards water to be used cooling water, use soft water which dose not contain salts of minerals, calcium, magnesium and so forth.
- If the coolant gets to the vehicle body, immediately flush away the coolant, using fresh water.
(1) Ensure that the coolant temperature is nearly the ambient temperature.
(2) Turn the radiator cap one step in an opening direction (counterclockwise direction) until you feel the first resistance.
(3) Lightly press the radiator cap for two three times to release the inner pressure of the radiator.
(4) Close the radiator cap. .
(5) Remove the two attaching bolts of the left side engine under cover.
(6) Place an adequate container under the drain plug.
(7) Drain the coolant by loosen the drain plug.
(8) Remove the radiator cap.
(9) Drain the coolant in the reserve tank.
(10) Close the drain plug, after draining the coolant.
(11) Fill the water to the radiator and reserve tank.
(12) Start the engine.

NOTE:

- If the water level in the radiator drops, replenish the water to full level.
(13) Close the radiator cap.
(14) Warm up the engine.
(15) Stop the engine.
(16) Cool down the water temperature to the ambient temperature.
(17) Repeat the steps (1) through (16) two or three times.
(18) Ensure that the coolant temperature is nearly the ambient temperature.
(19) Turn the radiator cap one step in an opening direction (clockwise direction) until you feel the first resistance.
(20) Lightly press the radiator cap for two three times to release the inner pressure of the radiator.
(21) Close the radiator cap.
(22) Place an adequate container under the drain plug.
(23) Drain the water by loosen the drain plug.
(24) Remove the radiator cap.
(25) Drain the water in the reserve tank.
(26) Replace the O-ring of the radiator drain plug with new one, after draining the water.
(27) Install the radiator drain plug to the radiator securely.
(28) Slowly pour a proper amount of antifreeze solution into the radiator in accordance with the instruction of the manufacturer of antifreeze solution.


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## CAUTION:

- Use a good brand of ethylene-glycol base antifreeze solution.

Coolant Capacity:
Unit: Liter

|  | HC-C engine |  | HC-E engine |  | HD-E engine |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Manual T/M | Automatic $\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{M}$ | Manual T/M | Automatic T/M | Manual T/M |
| General specification | 4.7 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.4 | - |
| Tropical specification | 5.5 | 5.4 | - | - | - |
| European specification | - | - | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| European with tropical <br> specification | - | - | 5.5 | 5.4 | - |
| Australian specification | - | - | 5.1 | 5.4 | - |

## NOTE:

- The amount above includes 0.6 liter for the reserve tank.
(29) Fill the water to the radiator and reserve tank.
(30) Start the engine.


## NOTE:

- If the water level in the radiator drops, replenish the water to full level.
(31) Close the radiator cap.
(32) Ensure that no water leakage is present.

If water leakage is present, repair the water leakage.
(33) Warm up the engine, until the radiator fan motor starts to rotate.
(34) Stop the engine.
(35) Cool down the coolant temperature to the ambient temperature.
(36) Ensure that the coolant level in the reserve tank is not decrease.
If the coolant level in the reserve tank is decreased excessively or no coolant remain in the reserve tank. Check the coolant level in the radiator whether coolant in the radiator is in fult or not. If not replenish the water to the radiator, and repeat the steps (29) through (36) again.

(37) Turn the radiator cap one step in an opening direction (clockwise direction) until you feel the first resistance.
(38) Lightly press the radiator cap for two three times to release the inner pressure of the radiator.
(39) Remove the radiator cap.
(40) Ensure that the concentration of antifreeze solution in the radiator is meets to the instruction of the manufacturer of antifreeze solution by the densitometer. Adjust the concentration of the antifreeze solution in the radiator to the instruction of the manufacturer of antifreeze solution, if concentration dose not meets to the instruction of the manufacturer of antifreeze solution.
(41) Secure the radiator cap.
(42) Drain the water in the reserve tank.
(43) Pour the coolant as mixed with antifreeze solution and water in accordance with the instruction of the manufacturer of antifreeze solution to the full level of the reserve tank.
(44) Secure the reserve tank cap.
(45) Install the left side engine under cover to the vehicle with two attaching bolts.


Check the coolant in reserve tank.

# SERVICE MANUAL 

## DAIHATSU

G200, G201

## EFI System

## FOREWORD

This service manual describes servicing procedures for the EFI and the outline of EFI, which is equipped on some models of the G200 and G201 with European specification.

This service manual omits the General Information section. Therefore, please refer to the general information section of the engine service manual of the G200 and G201 before reading this manual.

All information used in this manual was in effect at the time when the manual was printed. However, the specifications and procedure may be revised due to continuing improvements in the design without advance notice and without incurring any obligation to us.

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DAIHATSU MOTOR CO., LTD.

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## DAIHATSU G200, G201

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## INTRODUCTION

The EF1 system consists of the following three systems given below:
(1) Fuel system
(2) Intake system
(3) Control system

The electronic control unit (ECU) incorporating a microcomputer controls the EFI system, based on signals inputted from various sensors.

## Fuel system

The fuel system is a system which supplies the injectors with the fue! necessary for combustion.
Fuel sucked up from the fuel tank by means of the fuel pump is sent to the delivery pipe under a pressurized state.
The pressure regulator mounted at the delivery pipe keeps the fuel pressure higher than the surge tank inner pressure. In this way, the fuel injection amount for each injector energizing time is kept at a constant level.

## Intake system

The intake system is a system which supplies each cylinder with air necessary for combustion.
Air sucked from the air cleaner passes through the throttle body to the surge tank. Then, the air is suckec to each cylinder through the intake manifold.

## Control system

The control system is a system which controls the fuel amount, using the ECU, by detecting the engine and vehicle running conditions, based on signals inputted from various sensors to the ECU.
(1) EFl control system

Upon receiving those signals concerned with the intake air amount, engine speed and water temperature, the EFi control system controls the amount of fuel injection in such a way that an optimum air-to-fuel ratio for the engine may be attained.
(2) ESA (Electronic spark advance) control system

The ESA control system provides an optimum ignition timing, based on the engine speed and its load conditions.
(3) VSV control system

The VSV control system controls a VSV for controlling the idling speed.

## Self diagnosis function

If any abnormality should occur in each input signal (e.g. each sensor, wire harness and connectors), th ECU memorizes this abnormality. Later, this abnormality is indicated during the trouble diagnosis period $b$ ycodes through the blinking of check engine lamp. As regards important items, this system turns $O N$ the relevant check engine lamp, thus warning the driver of the abnormality.

## Fail-safe function

In the event that any abnormality takes place in the signals inputted from the important sensors to the ECU and the control can no longer be continued based on the inputted data, an evacuation running is made possible using the data memorized in the ECU in advance. This function is called "fail-safe function."

## Back-up function

In the event that the ECU encounters abnormality, this function makes it possible to perform evacuation running in accordance with the fuel injection amount and ignition timing that have been predetermined by the back-up data.

## PRECAUTION

1. The engine control system has self diagnosis function. The ECU memorizes all malfunction codes which have occurred in the past and/or are occurring at present.
The memorized malfunction codes are erased when the battery ground cable is disconnected from the battery terminal. Hence, prior to starting any repairs, be sure to check to see if any malfunction code has been memorized.
2. When performing operations on the fuel system or its related operation, never smoke and keep away any fire.
3. Before disconnecting the fuel line, be sure to disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative terminal of the battery.
4. The fuel line is pressurized to a pressure about $250 \mathrm{kPa}\left(2.55 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ higher than the pressure inside the surge tank. Therefore, when disconnecting the fuel line, be sure to loose the fuel line slowly and prevent the fuel from splashing with a cloth or the like.
5. Do not allow gasoline to get to any parts made of rubber, leather and resin and/or to the electric parts.
6. When cleaning the engine compartment with water, make sure that no water gets to the electrical system.
7. Ensure that the battery voltage should be 11 volts or more, before performing the inspection.

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INSPECTION PRECAUTIONS
MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS

1. Ensure that the engine is correctly tuned up.
2. Precautions during gauge connection
(1) Connecting the tachometer, connect the following SST between the ignition coil and the ignition coil connector of the engine wire.
SST: 09991-87604-000

## NOTE:

- This does not apply if your tachometer is a pick-up type.
(2) Connect the measuring terminal of the tachometer to the measuring terminal of the SST.
NOTE:
- This does not apply if your tachometer is a pick-up type.
(3) Use the battery as power source for a timing light, tachometer and so forth.
(4) Never allow the tachometer terminal to touch the ground, for it could result in damage to the igniter and/or ignition coil.
(5) Some kinds of tachometers may not be suited for the ignition system of the vehicle. Therefore, ensure that your tachometer is compatible with the ignition system of the vehicle.

3. If engine misfire takes place, the following measures should be taken.
(1) Ensure that the battery terminals and so forth are connected properly.
(2) Handle the spark plug wires carefully.
(3) After completion of repairs, ensure that the ignition coil terminals and other ignition system wire are reconnected securely.
4. Precautions during oxygen sensor handling
(1) Do not drop the oxygen sensor or hit it to other objects.
(2) Do not immerse the sensor in water or do not cool it by water.
5. Do not open the cover of the ECU proper.
(Failure to observe this caution could cause ECU malfunction.)
6. Do not touch the screws of the bracket installed on the ECU proper.
(Failure to observe this caution could cause ECU malfunction.)


## When the vehicle is equipped with wireless installation (HAM, CB, etc.)

The ECU has been so designed that it is resistant to external influence.
However, if a vehicle is equipped with a CB wireless installation and so forth (even if its output is only 10 W ), it may affect the ECU adversely. Therefore, observe the following precautions.

1. Install an antenna at a place as far away as possible from the ECU.
The ECU is instailed at the lower side of heater assembly. Therefore, the antenna should be installed at the rear of the vehicle.
The antenna cord should be kept at least 20 cm away form the engine wire. Never wind the antenna with the engine wire with tapes.
2. Adjust the antenna output correctly.
3. Never install a wireless installation with a high output on the
 vehicle.

## Air induction system

1. Unless all of the oil level gauge, oil filler cap, PCV hose and so forth are installed securely, the engine tune-up can not be performed properly.
2. If air leakage (air admission) is present between the throttle body and the cylinder head, the engine revolution speed can not be adjusted.

Electronic control system

1. Before disconnecting or meconnecting the connector of the sensor system of the EFI system, be sure to turn OFF the ignition switch and all accessory switches. Also, disconnect the battery ground cable from the battery negative terminal. Failure to observe this caution could cause ECU malfunction.

2. Before disconnecting or reconnecting the connector of the ECU proper of the EFI system, be sure to turn OFF the ignition switch and all accessory switches. Also, disconnect the battery ground cable from the battery negative terminal.
Failure to observe this caution could cause ECU malfunction.
3. Be sure to keep the number of disconnection/reconnection of the connector of the EFI system at a minimum level.
4. When installing the battery, care must be exercised not to mistake the battery polarity.
5. Never apply strong impacts to the EFI parts. Pay utmost attention during the installation/removal.

Especially, special caution must be exercised as to the handling of the ECU.
6. When the voltage or resistance of the ECU is measured during the check, never touch terminals other than the specified terminals. Failure to observe this caution could cause ECU malfunction.
7. Never open the cover of the ECU proper.
8. When the system is checked on a rainy day, be very careful not to allow water to get into connectors and/or terminals.
Also, when the engine compartment is washed, prevent water from being splashed to the EFI-related parts and wiring connectors.
9. Every EFI parts should be replaced as an assembly.
10. When disconnecting or reconnecting the wiring connector, care must be exercised as to the following points.
(1) Carefully observe the shape of the lock prior to the disconnecting/connection.
(2) Release the lock. Disconnect the connector.

NOTE:

- When disconnecting the connector, be sure to hold the connector hoider, not to pull the wire.
(3) Insert the connector, until the lock is engaged completely.
(4) Be sure to keep the number of disconnection/reconnection of the connector at a minimum level.

11. When checks are performed at the connector-side terminals, using a circuit tester, care must be exercised as to the following point.
Never apply such a force to the connector terminal that can deform the terminal.

12. When checking the fuel system, such as the injectors, pressure regulator and fuel pressures, use the following SSTs.

SSTs: 09268-87702-000 09283-87703-000 09991-87703-000 09268-87701-000 09842-30070-000


13. When measuring the voltage or resistance of each system, use the following SST.

SST: 09842-87706-000

## Fuel system

1. The fuel line at the high-pressure side is pressurized to a fuel pressure of about $250 \mathrm{kPa}\left(2.55 \mathrm{kgi} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$. Therefore, a large amount of gasoline flows out when parts of the fuel line is disconnected. Hence, take the following countermeasures.
CAUTION:

- Release the inner pressure of the fuel tank by removing the fuel filler cap in advance.
(1) Place a suitable container, close or the like under the disconnecting connection.
(2) Loosen the connection slowly, while preventing the fuel from spiashing, using a suitable cloth or the like.
(3) Disconnect the connection.
(4) Plug the disconnected connection with a rubber plug or the like so that no dust may enter into the fuel line.

2. When connecting the flare nut or union boit of the high-pressure pipe, observe the following instructions.
[Union bolt type]
(1) Always use new gaskets.
(2) First, tighten the union bolt with your fingers.
(3) Next, tighten the union bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening Torque: $34.3-44.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(3.5-4.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m})$
[Flare nut type]
(1) Coat the flare nut with a thin film of engine oil. Tighten the flare nut fully with your fingers.
(2) Tighten the flare nut to the specified torque.

Tightening Torque: $34.3-43.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(3.5-4.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m})$

3. When removing/installing the injector, observe the following instructions.
(1) Do not reuse the O-ring.
(2) When installing the O-ring to the injector, be careful not to damage the O-ring.
(3) When connecting the injector to the delivery pipe, apply silicon oif to the O-ring of the injector in advance. (Never use engine oil, gear oil and so forth.)
(4) When connecting the injector to the delivery pipe, be very careful not to damage the O-ring of the injector.
4. Install the injector to the delivery pipe and cylinder head, as shown in the figure.
5. After completion of checks or repairs of the fuel system, be sure to ensure that no fuel leakage is present in the fuel system, following the procedure given below.
(1) Detach the diagnosis terminal cap.
(2) Short the fuel pump terminal with the ground terminal of the diagnosis connector, using the following SST.
SST: 09991-87703-000

## CAUTION:

- As for the terminals other than those specified, never allow them to be connected or shorted.


## NOTE:

- The diagnosis connector is located at the fender apron section on the left side of the engine compartment.
(3) Turn ON the ignition switch. (with the engine in a stopped state)
At this time, a fuel pressure of $250 \mathrm{kPa}\left(2.55 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ is being applied to the fuel line.
Under this conditions, check the fuel line system for evidence of leakage.
If any leakage is present at the fuel line system, repair leaky points. Recheck the system for leakage.

(4) Stop the engine.
(5) Remove the SST from the diagnosis terminal.
(6) Connect the diagnosis terminal cap to the diagnosis terminal.


## -ROUBLE SHOOTING

## TROUBLE SHOOTING HINTS

1. In most cases, engine troubles are attributable to systems other than the EFI system. Prior to starting the trouble shooting for the EFI system, check other systems.
(1) Power supply

- Battery voltage
- Fuse blown
- Fusible link blown
(2) Body ground
(3) Fuel supply
- Fuel leakage
- Fuel filter clogged
- Fuel pump malfunctioning
(4) Ignition system
- Spark plugs faulty
- Spark plug wires fauity
- Distributor and igniter faulty
- Ignition coil faulty
(5) Air induction system
- Admission of air
(6) Others
- Ignition timing adjusted improperly
- Idle speed adjusted improperly
- Idle up control VSV malfunctioning
- etc.
?. Most of troubles related to the EFI system are merely caused by poor wire connections.
Ensure that connectors are connected securely.
Check connectors, being careful as to the following points.
(1) Visually inspect that terminais are not bent.
(2) Ensure that connectors are securely connected and locked.


GEF00027-99999
(3) Check to see if the maifunction phenomenon takes place when applying light vibration to the connector or the wire connected to the connector.

3. Prior to replacing the ECU, thoroughly perform the trouble shooting for possible items other than the ECU.
The ECU is a reliable, but an expensive part.
Even when the ECU has been replaced according to the check results of the trouble shooting and the relevant malfunction has been remedied, be sure to reinstall the old ECU so as to confirm that the malfunction was obviously caused by the faulty ECU.
4. For the trouble shooting, use a voit/ohmmeter whose internal resistance is $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{N}$ or more.
Use of a voit/ohmmeter whose internal resistance is less than $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{N}$ may cause an ECU malfunction or wrong diagnosis.
Furthermore, be sure to employ a meter whose resolution is 0.1 V or more, $0.5 \Omega$ or more and whose accuracy is $\pm 2 \%$ or more.


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## TROUBLE SHOOTING PROCEDURE

## (1) Engine will not crank or cranks slowly



## (2] Engine will not start (Engine cranks normally)




Check ECU.

## 4] Engine idle speed will not drop



## [5] Rough iding



## 6] Poor driveability




## DIAGNOSIS SYSTEM <br> DESCRIPTION

A self-diagnosis system is built in the ECU. If any abnormality should occur in the signal systems of various sensors, the self-diagnosis system memorizes the malfunction code number in the ECU. In respect to important abnormalities, the check engine lamp at the instrument panel goes on, thus warning the driver of the abnormality.
When the abnormality is cleared, the check engine lamp goes out.
When the Test terminal of the diagnosis connector is shorted with the ground terminal, the malfunction code number that has been memorized in the ECU will be indicated in a form of blinking of the check engine lamp in the instrument panel.
This memorized malfunction code number is erased when the battery ground cable is disconnected from the negative (-) terminal of the battery, or when the back-up fuse in the relay block assembly is disconnected with the ignition key switch turned OFF.

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## Check of "Check Engine" warning light

1. When the ignition switch is turned $O N$, the check engine lamp goes on.
(Engine is under a stopped state.)
2. When the engine starts, the check engine lamp goes off. If the check engine lamp remains illuminated, it indicates that the diagnosis system has detected system malfunctions.


## Output of diagnosis codes

1. Initial conditions
(1) Battery voltage of 11 volts or more
(2) Throttle valve fully closed
(3) All accessory switches turned OFF

GEF00044-00000
2. Short the Test terminal of the diagnosis connector with the ground terminal, using the following SST.

SST: 09991-87703-000
NOTE:

- The diagnosis connector is located at the fender apron section on the left side of the engine compartment.


## CAUTION:

- Care must be exercised to ensure that no connection is made on terminals except for those specified.


3. Set the ignition switch to the ON position. At this time, be careful not to start the engine.
4. Read the diagnosis code by observing the blinking number of the check engine lamp.
NOTE:

- If the check engine lamp fails to blink, it is likely that the ECU is malfunctioning. Hence, proceed to the inspection of the diagnosis system circuit.


## Output of diagnosis code

(1) Indication of normal code

The engine check lamp giows for 0.25 second, 0.25 second later after the ignition switch has been turned ON. After a lapse of 0.25 second, the engine check lamp again glows for 0.25 second.
Then, this pattern will be repeated.
(2) Indication of malfunction code

- When a single maifunction code is indicated: The diagnosis code is composed of two digits. These two numbers are indicated by blinking of the check engine lamp. Four seconds later after the ignition switch has been turned ON, the check lamp indicates first the number of the tens digit of the diagnosis code by glowing the same times as the number. The lamp glows for 0.5 second each time and then it is extinguished for 0.5 second. After a pause of 1.5 seconds, the check lamp indicates the number of the units digit of the diagnosis code by glowing the same times as the number. The lamp glows for 0.5 second each time and then it is extinguished for 0.5 second. Then, this pattern will be repeated after a pause of 4 seconds.
- When plural malfunction codes are indicated: in cases where plural malfunction codes have been detected, the two-digit diagnosis codes are indicated in the sequence of the code number, starting from a smaller number. Each diagnosis code is indicated in the above described pattern. A pause of 2.5 seconds occurs between the outputs of respective diagnosis codes, thus separating one from the others. After all of the plural diagnosis codes that have been detected are indicated, the check engine lamp is extinguished for four seconds. Then, the detected piural diagnosis codes will be indicated again.


5. After the diagnosis codes have been read, remove the SST at the diagnosis connector.


## IAGNOSIS CODE

When the diagnosis system detects malfunctions, the check engine lamp will go on without the diagnosis connector test terminal shorted.

| Code NO. | Number of glowing of check engine lamp | Diagnosis item | Diagnosis contents | Trouble area | See page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | $\overbrace{1}] \int_{3}$ | Revolution signal | When Ne and/or G signal is not inputted within a rew seconds after engine starts cranking. | 1. Distributor circuit <br> 2. Distributor <br> 3. $E C U$ | $\begin{aligned} & E F-67 \\ & E F-70 \end{aligned}$ |
| 16 | $-\int_{1}$ | Ignition signal | No ignition confirmation signal is inputted. | 1. Ignition circuit ( $+\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{IGf}$ ) <br> 2. Igniter <br> 3. ECU | EF-67 |
| 21 | $\int_{-2}^{\square} \int_{2}$ | Oxygen sensor signal and/or fuel system | When the oxygen sensor signal circuit becomes open or shorted. | 1. Oxygen sensor circuit <br> 2. Oxygen sensor <br> 3. ECU <br> 4. Fuel system | EF-62 |
| 31 | $\left.\square]_{3}\right] \prod_{1}^{\square}$ | Pressure sensor | When the signal from pressure sensor becomes open or shorted. | 1. Pressure sensor circuit <br> 2. Pressure sensor <br> 3. ECU | EF-52 |
| 41 | H0] | Throttle position sensor signal | When the throttle position sensor signal circuit becomes open or shorted. | 1. Throttle position sensor circuit <br> 2. Throttle position sensor <br> 3. ECU | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{EF}-44 \\ & \mathrm{EF}-48 \end{aligned}$ |
| 42 | $\text { Hfden } \int_{2}^{[ }$ | Water temperature sensor | When the signal from the water temperature sensor circuit becomes open or shorted. | 1. Water temperature sensor circuit <br> 2. Water temperature sensor <br> 3. ECU | EF-39 |
| 43 | min | Intake air temperature sensor signal | When the intake air sensor signal circuit becomes open or shorted. | 1. Air temperature sensor circuit <br> 2. Air temperature sensor <br> 3. ECU | EF-42 |
| 51 | ntudel | Switch signal | When the air conditioner is turned ON, the idle switch is turned OFF or the power switch is turned OFF with the diagnosis connector terminal $T$ shorted. However, no memorizing will take place. | 1. Air conditioner switch circuit <br> 2. Air conditioner switch <br> 3. Idle switch circuit <br> 4. Power switch circuit <br> 5. Throttle position sensor <br> 6. ECU | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EF-44 } \\ & \text { EF-48 } \\ & \text { EF-79 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 52 | $-\int_{s} \int_{5} \int_{2}$ | Vehicle speed sensor signal | When the vehicle speed sensor signal circuit becomes open or shorted. | 1. Vehicle speed sensor circuit <br> 2. Vehicle speed sensor <br> 3. ECU | EF-71 |
| 54 |  | Starter signal | When the starter signal becomes open or shorted. However, this cord may be memorized when the vehicle is started by being pushed. | 1. Starter signal circuit <br> 2. ECU | EF-72 |

## Canceling Diagnosis Code

To erase the diagnosis codes memorized in the ECU after malfunctions have been repaired, disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery for at least 10 seconds with the ignition switch turned OFF. [When ambient temperature is about $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.]

CAUTION:

- Disconnection of the battery (-) terminal erases not only the diagnosis codes of the ECU for the EFI, but also the diagnosis codes of the AT and ABS systems. Therefore, be sure to confirm whether or not diagnosis codes of the
 AT and ABS systems are present before the diagnosis code for the EFI is erased.


## AIL-SAFE FUNCTION

The fail-safe function has been set for the following five items. The fail-safe function operates when the following failure occurs in these items or when any diagnosis code is detected. Thus, the fail-safe function is a function whereby the engine is operated, based on a control program that has been pre-inputted to the ECU.

| Item | Evaluation condition | Fail-safe function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pressure sensor signal | - When input voltage from pressure sensor of 4.8 V or more or 0.6 V or less is detected | (At time of first detection) <br> - Data will not be renewed. Engine is controlied according to data before detection. <br> (When this signal is delected consecutively two times or more) <br> - Engine is controlled with negative pressure of intake manifoid set to $-54.7 \mathrm{kPa}(-410 \mathrm{mmHg})$. |
|  | - When failure is memorized into ECU as diagnosis code | - Engine is controlled, based on backup data that have been programmed in advance. |
| Ignition signal | - When no ignition confirmation signal is detected conseculively four times or more | - Fuel injection will be stopped. |
| Throttle position sensor signal (AT vehicle only) | - When input voltage from throttle position sensor of 4.8 V or more or 0.2 V or less is detected | (At time of first detection) <br> - Data will not be renewed. Engine is controlied according to data before detection. <br> (When this signal is detected consecutively two times or more) <br> - Engine is controlled with throttle opening angle set to $25^{\circ}$. |
| Water temperature sensor signal | - When input value from water temperature sensor indicates that temperature is $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or less or $139^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or more | (At time of first detection) <br> - Data will not be renewed. Engine is controlied according to data before detection. <br> (When this signat is detected consecutively two times or more) <br> - Engine is controiled. based on backup data that have been programmed in advance. |
| Intake air temperature sensor signal | - When input value from intake air temperature sensor indicates that temperature is $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or less or $139^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or more | (At time of first detection) <br> - Data will not be renewed. Engine is controlled according to data before detection. <br> (When this signal is detected consecutively two times or more) <br> - Engine is controlied with data of intake air temperature set to $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |

The fail-safe function operates for the aforesaid items and under the evaluation conditions described above. Even when no diagnosis code is memorized in the ECU, there is the possibility that open wire or short circuit is taking place at the sensor, connector or wiring. When conducting the check, pay utmost attention as to open wire, short circuit and so forth.

## TeDOUBLE SHOOTING WITH VOLT/ AMMMETER <br> PREPARATION OF TROUBLE SHOOTING

1. Disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
2. Remove the front floor side cover.
3. Disconnect the engine harness from ECU.
4. Connect the following SST between the engine wire and the ECU.

SST: 09842-87706-000
5. Reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative ( - ) terminal of the battery.
CAUTION:

- After completion of the inspection, before the SST is removed, be sure to disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
- After the engine harness has been connected to the ECU, reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
- Before using the SST, be sure to check to see if short or open wire exists between the terminals.


## CHECK PROCEDURE FOR EFI SYSTEM

NOTE:

1. The EFI circuit can be checked by measuring the resistance and voltage at the SST terminals.
2. The voltage check should be conducted under a condition where all connectors are connected.
3. Prior to the check, ensure that the battery voltage is 11 V or more when the ignition switch is turned ON.
4. If any probiem is encountered during this check, see the section under "Trouble Shooting for EFI Electronic Circuit with Volt/Ohmmeter."

CAUTION:

- For the trouble shooting, use a voltohmmeter whose internal impedance is more than $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega / \mathrm{V}$.
Use of a volt/ohmmeter whose internal resistance is $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{V}$ or less may cause ECU malfunction and/or misjudgment.
- No terminal except for the specified terminal should be connected. Failure to observe this caution may cause ECU malfunction.


GEF00055-00000

mrangement of input/output terminals

(ECU side)

| 11 | 10 | 9 |  | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 43 | 42 |  |  |  | 38 |  | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 |


|  | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 44 |


| 32 | 31 |  | 29 | 28 |  | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 64 |  |  |  |  |  | 58 | 57 | 56 |  | 54 |  | 52 |

(Connector side)

C | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |  | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 |  |  |  | 42 | 43 |

3 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 |  |  |

A | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |  | 28 | 29 |  | 31 | 32 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 52 |  | 54 |  | 56 | 57 | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |

## EF-24

| No. | Contents of connection | No. | Contents of connection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Battery (Back-up power supply) | 33 | Power supply |
| 2 | Charging system cut-off relay | 34 | Power supply |
| 3 | Charging system control signal | 35 | Circuit opening relay (fuel pump) |
| 4 | Air conditioner cut-off signal | 36 | VF monitor terminal |
| 5 | Check engine lamp | 37 | - |
| 6 | A/T $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{T}$ detecting terminal | 38 | Test terminal |
| 7 | Torque reduction control signal | 39 | - |
| 8 | - | 40 | - |
| 9 | Speed sensor | 41 | - |
| 10 | Air conditioner switch | 42 | Electrical load signal No. 2 |
| 11 | Starter switch | 43 | Electrical load signal No. 1 |
| 12 | Sensor system power supply | 44 | Sensor system ground |
| 13 | Pressure sensor | 45 | Sensor system ground |
| 14 | Intake air temperature sensor | 46 | Throttie position sensor |
| 15 | Coolant temperature sensor | 47 | Throttle position switch (ldle) |
| 16 | Throttle position switch (Power) | 48 | ECU case ground |
| 17 | Oxygen sensor | 49 | . - |
| 18 | - | 50 | - |
| 19 | - | 51 | - |
| 20 | Crank angle sensor | 52 | Power system ground |
| 21 | Crank angle sensor ground | 53 | - |
| 22 | Ignition monitor | 54 | Power system ground |
| 23 | Parking signal | 55 | - |
| 24 | Neutral signal | 56 | Sensor system ground |
| 25 | Coolant temperature sensor signal | 57 | Throttle position sensor signal |
| 26 | Throttle position sensor power supply | 58 | Ignition signal |
| 27 | - | 59 | - |
| 28 | tdle-up control VSV No. 2 | 60 | - |
| 29 | Idle-up control VSV No. 1 | 61 | - |
| 30 | - | 62 | - |
| 31 | Injector | 63 | - |
| 32 | Power system ground | 64 | Power system ground |

## WIRING DIAGRAM



## ECU (Electronic Control Unit)

NOTE:

- Even when the replacement of the ECU is required in each check, make sure that the ECU malfunction has not been caused by factors other than the ECU by carrying out the following checks. Then, proceed to replace the ECU.

1. Measurement of ECU input/output voltage NOTE:

- The wiring circuit of the EFI can be checked by measuring the voltage or resistance at ECU terminals.
- The measurement of voltage should be conducted while all of the connectors are connected.
- Make sure that the battery voltage is 11 voit or more when the ignition switch is turned ON .
(1) Preparation of measurement
(1) Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative terminal ( - ) of the battery.
(2) Remove the front floor side cover under the heater unit.
(3) Connect the SST between the ECU and the engine wire.
SST: 09842-87706-000


## NOTE:

- Before the SST is installed, be sure to perform continuity test and short test between the SST terminals.

(4) Connect the ground cable terminal to the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
(2) Measure the voltage or resistance between each specified terminal. Then, check that the measured voltage and resistance conform to the specifications. Perform the check and repair in accordance with the flow chart given below.


NOTE:

- Even when the trouble has been solved by replacing the ECU, be sure to install the old ECU again. Thus, confirm that the trouble was attributable to the old ECU.


## Inspection of terminal voltage and resistance of ECU.

1. Measurement of ECU voltage

NOTE:

- The wiring circuit of the EFI can be checked by measuring the voltage and resistance at the ECU terminals.
- The measurement of voitage should be conducted while all of the connectors are connected.
- Make sure that the battery voltage is 11 volts or more when the ignition switch is turned ON.

GEF00067-00000
(1) Disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative terminal ( - ) of the battery.
(2) Remove the front floor side cover under the heater unit.
(3) Connect the SST between the ECU and the engine wire. SST: 09842-87706-000
(4) Connect the battery ground cable to the negative terminal $(-)$ of the battery.
NOTE:

- After completion of the inspection, before the SST is removed, be sure to disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative $(-)$ battery terminal.
After the ECU and engine wire have been connected, reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative $(-)$ battery terminal.



## . oltage at ECU connector

| Terminal | STD voltage | Condition |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1)-(1) | Approx. Battery voltage | All time. |  |
| (2)- (2) | Approx. Battery voltage | When engine is running with ignition switch is iurned ON. |  |
| (3) - (3) | Approx. Battery voltage | When engine is running with ignition switch is turned ON . |  |
| (4)-313 | $4.5 \cdot 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | Ignition switch turned ON | When air conditioner switch is turned ON |
|  | Less than 2.5 V | When quick acceleration is made with air conditioner switch turned ON (During full throttle operation). |  |
| (3) - 31 | Less than 3.5 V | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
|  | Approx. Battery voltage | When engine is running with ignition switch turned ON and diagnosis code is normal during diagnosis code check. |  |
| (3)- (3) | Less than 3 V | Ignition switch turned ON | in case of AT vehicle |
|  | Approx. Battery voltage | tgnition switch turned ON | In case of MT vehicle |
| (7) - (7) | More than 4 V | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (9)-3 | Change in voltage between 0 to $4.5 \cdot 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | Ignition switch turned ON | When vehicle is moving. |
| (13) - (2) | Approx. Battery voltage | When air conditioner switch is turned ON while engine is running. |  |
| (11) - (27) | Less than 0.5 V | All time. |  |
|  | 9-15.5V | When ignition switch is set to ST position. |  |
| (12) - (1) | 4.5-5.5V | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (1)-3 | 3.2-4.0V | Ignition switch turned ON | When atmospheric pressure is 101 kPa ( 760 mmHg ) |
| (14) - (1) | $0.9 \cdot 3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | Ignition switch turned ON | Temperature of air in air cleaner is $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| (16) -(1) | 0.1-0.7V | Ignition switch turned ON | Cooiant temperature is $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| (16) - (14) | Approx. Battery voltage | Ignition switch turned ON (MT vehicle only) | Throttle valve is fully closed. |
|  | Less than 3 V |  | Throttle valve is fully opened. |
| (17) - 자) | Change in output voltage | When engine speed is held at 3000 rpm for two minutes after engine has fully warmed up. |  |
| (27) - (27) | About 0.6V | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (21) - (13) | About 0.6V | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (28) - 22 | $0.5 \cdot 1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (2) - 3 | Less than 3 V | Ignition switch furned ON | When shift lever is in P-range |
|  | Approx. Battery voltage |  | When shift lever is in a range other than P-range |
| (2) - 32 | Less than 3 V | Ignition switch turned ON | When shift lever is in N -range |
|  | Approx. Battery voitage |  | When shift lever is in a range other than N -range |
| (3) - (2) | Less than 1.5 V | Ignition switch turned ON | Coolant temperature is below $32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | 4.5-5.5V |  | Coolant temperature is above $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| (27) - (3) | 4.5-5.5V | Ignition switch furned ON |  |
| (27) - 38 | Approx. Battery vollage | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
|  | Less than 3.5 V | When heater fan switch, headlamp switch, defogger switch and radiator fan switch is turned ON while engine is running |  |


| Terminal | STD voitage |  | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (29) - 33 | Approx. Battery voitage | lgnition switch turned ON |  |
|  | Less than 3.5V | After a lapse of at least 30 seconds after engine starting. |  |
| (11) - (3) | Approx. Battery voltage | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (33) - 32 | Approx. Battery voltage | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (44) - (37) | Approx. Battery voltage | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
| (3) - 3 | Approx. Battery voltage | Ignition switch turned ON | When engine is stopped. |
|  | Less than 3.0V |  | When engine is running. |
| (2) - (3) | Approx. Battery voitage | Ignition switch turned ON | Test terminal OFF |
| (12) - (53) | Less than 3.0V | Ignition switch turned ON | When heater control switch is turned ON |
| (17) - (5) | Approx. Battery voitage | Ignition switch turned ON | When head-lamp and/or defogger switch is turned ON |
| (46) - 41 | $0.3-0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | Ignition switch turned ON (AT vehicle only) | Throttle valve is fully closed. |
|  | 3.4-4.0V |  | Throttle valve is fully opened. |
| (41) - (1) | Less than 3.0V | Ignition switch turned ON | Throttle valve is fully closed. |
|  | Approx. Battery voltage |  | Throttle valve is fulify opened. |
| (57) - 3 | 0.3-0.9V | Ignition switch turned ON (AT vehicle orily) | Throttle valve is fully closed. |
|  | 3.4-4.0V |  | Throttle vaive is fully opened. |
| (38) - 3 | OV | Ignition switch turned ON |  |
|  | AC $0.3-2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | When engine is running |  |

- Measurement of resistance of ECU

CAUTION:

- Be sure to conduct the resistance measurement at the SST terminals.
(1) Disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
(2) Remove the front floor side cover under the heater unit.
(3) Disconnect the engine wire from the ECU.
(4) Connect the SST to the engine wire side. (Never connect the SST to the ECU side.)
SST: 09842-87706-000



## Qesistance at ECU terminal

| Terminal | Resistance | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (19) - 44 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more | Throttle valve is fully closed. |
|  | $2.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less | Throttle valve is fully opened. |
| (16) - 47 | About $0.32 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Cooiant temperature is $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| (11) - (1) | About $2.45 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Temperature of air in air cteaner is $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| (7) - (1) | $2.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less | Throtte valve is fully closed. |
|  | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more | Throttle valve is fully opened. |
| (64)-(4) | About $0.4 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Throtte valve is fully closed. |
|  | About $3.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Throttle valve is fuily opened. |

## ELECTRONIC CONTROL SYSTEM

 LOCATION OF ELECTRONIC CONTROL PARTS

## NSPECTION OF ECU CIRCUIT

## Inspection of diagnosis system circuit



## 1st step



2nd step
Check that check engine lamp goes off when engine YES System is normal. starts.

YES

NO

| Check wiring between ECU and check engine lamp. | Repair or replace |
| :--- | :--- |
| OK |  |



YES
After trouble shooting according to diagnosis codes has been performed, start engine. Check that check
 engine lamp goes off

## YES

System is normal.
Erase diagnosis code.

IAIN RELAY


## Inspection of EFI main relay

1. Check of main relay operation

When the ignition switch is turned ON, check to see if the relay emits an operating sound. Or check to see if you will feel an operating vibration with a screwdriver or the like placed on the relay.

## CAUTION:

- The relay may become very hot during the operation. Hence, do not touch the relay with your hand.


2. Inspection of relay continuity
(1) Check that there is the specified resistance between the terminals (1) and (2).
Resistance: 40-100 $\Omega$
(2) Check that there is no continuity between the terminals (3) and (4).
(3) Check that there is no continuity between the terminals (1) and (3) and also between the terminals (1) and (4).
(4) Check that there is no continuity between the terminals (2) and (3) and also between the terminais (2) and (4). if the continuity test resuits do not conform to specifications, replace the relay.
3. Inspection of relay operation
(1) Apply the battery voltage across the terminals (1) and (2).
(2) Check that there is continuity between the terminals (3) and (4).
If the operation test results do not conform to specifications. replace the relay.


| Terminals | Trouble | Conditions | STD voltage |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| (D) (32) | No voltage | At all time | $10-15.5$ |
| (3) -33 | No voltage | Ignition switch ON | $10-15.5$ |



GEF00084-99999
If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

- (1) - (32)



## (33) or (34) - (32)

There is no voltage between SST terminal or 38 and 3 .
OK
Check that there is voltage between SST terminal (13) or (3) and body ground when ignition switch is turned ON.


## CIRCUIT OPENING RELAY



## Inspection of circuit opening relay

1. Check of fuel pump operation
(1) Disconnect the terminal ST of the starter.

CAUTION:

- Care must be exercised to ensure that the disconnected terminal is not grounded.

(2) When the ignition switch is set to the ST position, check to see if the relay emits an operating sound. Or check to see if you will feel an operating vibration with a screwdriver or the like placed on the relay.
NOTE:
- Upon completion of the inspection, be sure to reconnect the terminal ST of the starter.


## CAUTION:

- The relay may become very hot during the operation. Hence, do not touch the relay with your hand.

-2. Inspection of relay continuity
(1) Check that there is the specified resistance between respective terminals.

| Terminals | Specified resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| (1) - (2) | More than $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| (3) - (4) | $120-150 \Omega$ |
| (5) - (6) | $20-30 \Omega$ |

(2) Confirmation of continuity between terminals Ensure that no continuity exists between terminals, except for between terminals (3) and (4) as well as terminals (5) and (6).

If the continuity test revealed that continuity exists be-- tween terminals other than the specified ones, replace the circuit opening relay.


GEFOOOSO.99999


## WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR



## Inspection of water temperature sensor

Measurement of resistance of water temperature sensor.

1. Disconnect the connector.

2. Measure the temperature of the water temperature sensor body.
3. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the water temperature sensor.

Resistance: About $0.32 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
If the measured resistance does not conform to the specification, replace the water temperature sensor.


NOTE:

- Before the water temperature sensor is removed, drain the coolant.
- After completion of the sensor replacement, refill the coolant.

4. Check that there is no continuity between each terminal of the water temperature sensor and the body.
If there is continuity, replace the water temperature sensor.? NOTE:

- Before the water temperature sensor is removed, drain the coolant.
- After completion of the sensor replacement, refill the coolant.

|  | STD voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $0.1-0.7$ |



If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.
[1] There is no specified voltage between SST terminals (16) and 44 when ignition switch is turned ON .
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminais (3) or (2) and body ground when ignition switch is turned ON.



INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

2. Remove the intake air temperature sensor from the air cleaner case.
3. Submerge the heating sensing section of the intake air temperature sensor into water whose temperature is at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

4. Measure the resistance between the terminals of the intake air temperature sensor.

Resistance: About $2.45 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
If the measured resistance does not conform to the specification, repiace the intake air temperature sensor.
5. Install the intake air temperature sensor into the air cleaner case.
6. Connect the intake air temperature sensor connector.


| STD voltage |
| :--- |
| About $0.9-3.0$ |



GEFOO106-99999
If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.


## THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR (AT Vehicle)



GEF00100-99949

## Inspection of throttle position sensor

Measurement of resistance of throttle position sensor

1. Disconnect the connector.


GEF00109-99994
2. Measurement of resistance between the terminals of throttie position sensor.
(1) Measure the resistance between (12) and (44).

Resistance: $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
If the measured resistance does not conform to the specification, replace the throttle body.
(2) Measure the resistance between (46) and (44) under the following conditions.

| Throttle valve closed fully | About $4.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Throttie valve opened fully | About $1.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Resistance value should change smoothly from full closing to <br> fuli opening of throttle valve. |  |

If the measured resistance does not conform to the specification, replace the throttle body.

(3) Measure the resistance between (44) and (47) under the following conditions.

| Throttle valve closed fully | $2.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less $\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Throttle valve opened more than $1.5^{\circ}$ | $1000 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more |

If the measured resistance does not conform to the specification, replace the throttle body.


| Terminal | Trouble | Conditions |  | STD voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (13) - 44 | No voltage | Ignition switch ON |  | 4.5-5.5 |
| (14) - 16 |  | Ignition switch ON | Throttle valve closed | 0.3-0.9 |
|  |  |  | Throttle valve fully opened | 3.6-4.2 |



If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

- (12)-44
[1] There is no voltage between SST terminals (13) and when ignition switch is turned ON.
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminal (3) or (3) and body ground when ignition switch is turned $O N$.


Refer to (3) - (2) trouble section No. 1.


Repair or replace wiring.

## Check ECU.

- (44) - (48)
[1] There is no specified voltage between SST terminals (18) and (46) when ignition switch is turned ON.
(2) Check that there is voltage between SST terminais 38) or (39 and body ground when ignition switch is turned ON.

No
OK
Repair or replace.

Reier to (33) - 37 trouble section No. 1.
OK
Check throttle position sensor.




Check wising between ECU and throttle position sensor.
OK
EAD

Repair or replace.

Check ECU.

## THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR (MT Vehicle)



GEFCO1 16-99999

## Inspection of throttle position sensor

1. Unlock the throttle position sensor connector and disconnect it.
CAUTION:

- When disconnecting the connector, care must be exercised to ensure that no excessive load is applied to the throttle position sensor.

2. Measure the resistance between the terminais of the throttle position sensor.
(1) Measure the resistance between (40) and (44) under the following condition.

| Throttle valve closed fully | $2.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Throttle valve opened fully | $1000 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more |

If measured resistance does not conform to the specification, replace the throttle body.


CAUTION:

- Be very careful not to damage the terminal.
(2) Measure the resistance between (16) and (44) under the following condition.

| Throttle valve closed fully | $1000 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more |
| :--- | :--- |
| Throttle valve opened fully | $2.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |

If measured resistance does not conform to the specification, replace the throttle body.
CAUTION:

- Be very careful not to damage the terminal.


3. Connect the throttle position sensor connector.

CAUTION:

- When connecting the connector, care must be exercised to ensure that no excessive load is applied to the throttle position sensor.


| Terminas | Trouble | Condition |  | STO voitage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (77) - (1) | More than 5 V | Ignition switch ON | Throtie valve fully closed | Less than 3.0V |
|  | No voltage |  | Throttle valve fully opened | Approx. battery voltage |
| (16) - | No voltage | Ignition switch ON | Throttle valve fully closed | Approx. battery voltage |
|  | More than 5V |  | Throttle vaive fully opened | Less than 3.0V |



If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section number "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

- (47) - (44)
(1] There is no specified voltage between SST terminals (4) and (47).
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminals (3) or (4) and (3) when ignition switch is turned ON.


- (16) - (44)
[ 1 ] There is no specified voltage between SST terminais (10) and (14).
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminals (3) or (3) and (3) when ignition switch is turned ON.


Check wiring between ECU and throttle position sensor,


Check ECU.


## PRESSURE SENSOR



## Inspection of pressure sensor

Measurement of output voltage of pressure sensor

1. Connection of SST
(1) Disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.

(2) Remove the front floor side cover under the heater unit.
3) Connect the following SST between the ECU and the engine wire.
SST: 09842-87706-000
NOTE:

- Before the SST is installed, be sure to perform continuity and short tests between SST terminals.
(4) Reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative terminal of the battery.


2. Check of output of pressure sensor
(1) Measure the voltage between the SST terminals (13) and 465) when the ignition switch is turned $O N$.

## Specified value

| Measuring point | Atmospheric pressure <br> $\mathrm{kPa}(\mathrm{mmiHg})$ | Voltage V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Altitude (height above <br> sea level) m | ( |  |
| 0 | $101.3(760)$ | $3.2-4.0$ |
| 500 | $95.5(716)$ | $3.1-3.8$ |
| 1,000 | $89.9(674)$ | $3.0-3.6$ |

If the measured voitage does not conform to the specification, measure the voltage between the SST terminals (12) and (45). Ensure that the measured voltage is within a range of 4.5 to 5.5 volts. Then, proceed to replace the pressure sensor.
When the pressure sensor is replaced, it is necessary to replace the gas filter and air filter, too. If the measured voltage between the SST terminals (13) and (458) does not conform to the specification, check the wiring between the ECU and the pressure sensor.
(2) Disconnect the rubber hose connected to the pressure sensor. Apply a negative pressure of 26.7 kPa ( 200 mmHg ) to the disconnected hose, using a MityVac . Check that the measured voltage between the SST terminals (137) and (45) drops by 0.65 to 0.95 voit.
If the measured voltage fails to drop by the specified value, replace the pressure sensor.
When the pressure sensor is replaced, it is necessary to repiace the gas filter and air filter, too.


管:
EF-54

| Termiņals | Trouble | Conditions | STD voitage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (12) - (14) | No voltage | Ignition switch ON | 4.5-5.5 |
| (13) - (15) |  | Ignition switch ON At time of atmospheric pressure of $101.3 \mathrm{kPa}(760 \mathrm{mmHg})$ | 3.2-4.0 |



GEF00130-999St
If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

- (12) - (45)
[1] There is no voltage between SST terminals (13) and (6).
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminal or (32 and body ground when ignition switch is turned ON.


Replace. $\square$


OK
Check ECU.
$\because$ (13)- (45)
[1] There is no voitage between SST terminats (13) - (3).
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminals (12) - (49.


Check wiring between ECU and pressure sensor.



## IDLE-UP VSV No. 1



## Inspection of idie-up VSV No. 1

1. Disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative ( - ) terminal of the battery.
2. Remove the front floor side cover under the heater unit.

3. Connect the following SST between the ECU and the engine wire.

SST: 09842-87706-000
NOTE:

- Before the SST is installed, be sure to perform continuity and short tests between SST terminals.


4. Reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.

5. Disconnect the rubber hose connected to the idle-up VSV No. 1.
6. Connect a MityVac to the idle-up VSV. Apply a negative pressure of 13.3 kPa ( 100 mmHg ).
If no negative pressure is applied, replace the idle-up VSV.
7. Turn OFF all accessory switches.
8. Start the engine.

Ensure that the negative pressure being applied in the step (6) becomes zero.

If the negative pressure fails to become zero, check that there is voltage between the SST terminais (29) and (32).
if there is no voltage, check that the resistance between the terminals of the VSV is within a range of 30 to 50 ohms. (If the resistance fails to conform to the specification, replace the VSV.)
If the resistance between the terminals of the VSV conforms to the specification, check the wiring between the ECU and - the main relay. Repair the wiring, as required.
9. After the engine has warmed up completely, connect a MityVac to the VSV and apply a negative pressure of $13.3 \mathrm{kPa}(100 \mathrm{mmHg})$.
If no negative pressure is applied, check the wiring between the VSV and the ECU. Repair the wiring, as required. If the wiring is normal, check the voltage across the SST terminals (29) and (32) using the SST.
If a voltage is present across the terminals (29) and (32), check the wirings between the ECU and each of the headlamp switch, defogger switch, heater switch and radiator fan switch. Ensure that no voltage is applied across each switch and the ECU.

0. Turn ON the headlamp switch or the heater fan switch. Ensure that the negative pressure being applied in the step (10) becomes zero.

If the negative pressure faiis to become zero, check that there is voltage between the SST terminal (42). (43) and (32).
When there is no voltage, check the wiring between the headlamp switch or the heater fan switch and the ECU. Repair the wiring, as required.
If there is voltage, check the ECU.
11. Turn OFF the headlamp switch or the heater fan switch.


CAUTION:

- After completion of the inspection, before the SST is removed, be sure to disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative $(-)$ battery terminal.
After the ECU and engine wire have been connected, reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative ( - ) battery terminal.


## 1DLE-UP VSV No. 2 (Only A/T Vehicle)



Inspection of idle-up VSV No. 2

1. Disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
2. Remove the front floor side cover under the heater unit.

3. Connect the following SST between the ECU and the engine wire.

SST: 09842-87706-000
NOTE:

- Before the SST is installed, be sure to perform continuity and short tests between SST terminals.


4. Reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.

5. Disconnect the rubber hose connected to the idle-up VSV No. 2.
6. Connect a MityVac to the idle-up VSV No. 2. Apply a negative pressure of 13.3 kPa ( 100 mmHg ). If no negative pressure is applied, replace the idie-up VSV No. 2.
7. Turn OFF all accessory switches.
8. Start the engine.

Ensure that the negative pressure being applied in the step (6) becomes zero.

If the negative pressure fails to become zero, check that there is voitage between the SST terminais (28) and (32).
If there is no voltage, check that the resistance between the terminals of the VSV is within a range of 30 to 50 ohms. (If the resistance fails to conform to the specification, replace the VSV.)
If the resistance between the terminals of the VSV conforms to the specification, check the wiring between the ECU and the main relay. Repair the wiring, as required.
9. After the engine has warmed up completely, connect a MityVac to the VSV No. 2 and apply a negative pressure of 13.3 kPa ( 100 mmHg ).

If no negative pressure is applied, check the wiring between the VSV No. 2 and the ECU. Repair the wiring, as required. If the wiring is normal, check to see if a voltage is applied across the SST terminals (28) and (32).
If a voltage is appiled across the terminals, check to see if a voltage is applied across the ECU and both or one of the headlamp switch and defogger switch. Also, check to see if a voltage is applied across the ECU and both or one of the heater fan switch and radiator fan switch.


10. Turn ON the headlamp switch and the heater fan switch. Ensure that the negative pressure being applied in the step (9) becomes zero.

If the negative pressure fails to become zero, check that there is voitage between the SST terminal (28) and (32).
When there is no voltage, check the wiring between the headlamp switch and the heater fan switch and the ECU. Repair the wiring, as required.
If there is voltage, check the ECU.
11. Turn OFF the headlamp switch and/or the defogger switch.
12. Apply a negative pressure of $13.3 \mathrm{kPa}(100 \mathrm{mmHg})$ to the VSV No. 2, using a MityVac.
13. Turn ON the blower fan switch. Check that the negative pressure being applied in the step (12) becomes zero. If the negative pressure fails to become zero, check there is voitage between the SST terminal (28) and (22.
When there is no voltage, check the wiring between the headlamp switch and the heater fan switch and ECU. Repair the wiring, as required.
CAUTION:

- After completion of the inspection, before the SST is removed, be sure to disconnect the battery ground cable from the negative ( - ) battery terminal.
After the ECU and engine wire have been connected, reconnect the battery ground cable to the negative $(-)$ battery terminal.



## OXYGEN SENSOR



GEFO0153-99999

## Inspection of oxygen sensor

1. Unit inspection of oxygen sensor

## CAUTION:

- The inspection procedure should be employed only when the engine idle speed and acceleration performance are normal.
- When unstable engine idling or poor acceleration is taking place, it is impossibie to determine whether the oxygen sensor is normal or not, using this procedure. In this case, perform the system inspection.
(1) Disconnect the oxygen sensor connector.
(2) Start and warm up the engine completely.
(3) Connect a voltmeter to the connector terminal of the oxygen sensor.
(4) Depress the acceierator pedal and hold the engine revolution at about 3000 rpm . At this time. ensure that the reading of the voltmeter registers 0.45 V or more. Replace the oxygen sensor with a new part if the reading will not register 0.45 V or more.
(5) Remove the voltmeter from the oxygen sensor connector terminal.
(6) Reconnect the oxygen sensor connector.
(7) Connect the connector to the connector clamp.


2. Inspection of oxygen sensor system
(1) Remove the cap of the check connector. Connect the following SST to the diagnosis connector.
SST: 09991-87703-000
(2) Start and warm up the engine completely.
(3) Connect the test terminal and ground terminal of the SST.
(4) Connect a voltmeter to the SST VF monitor terminal. (Reference)
Output Voltage: $0-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$
5) Keep the engine revolution speed at 3000 rpm for about one minute to stabilize the output form of the SST VF monitor terminal.
(6) While keeping the engine revolution speed at 3000 rpm , count how many times the pointer of the voltmeter swings within 10 seconds.
8 times or more: Normal - Proceed to step (18) 0.7 times: Proceed to step (7)

## NOTE:

- There are cases where the measurement can not be conducted with a tester having a low reaction speed.
- Therefore, use a tester having a high reaction speed.
(7) Instailation of SST
(1) Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative terminal of the battery.

(2) Remove the front floor side cover. (under the heater unit.)

(3) Connect the following SST between the ECU and the engine wire.
SST: 09842-87706-000


## NOTE:

- Before the SST is installed, be sure to perform continuity test and short between the SST terminals.
(4) Reconnect the ground cable terminal to the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
(8) Start and warm up the engine completely.
(9) Connect the voltmeter across the SST terminals (1) and (32).
(Reference)
Measuring Voltage: $0 \cdot 1.0 \mathrm{~V}$
(10) Keep the engine revolution speed at 3000 rpm for about one minute to stabilize the output form of the voltmeter.
(11) While keeping the engine revolution speed at 3000 rpm . measure the output voitage.

(12) Perform the inspection and repair, following the procedure given in the table below, according to the measurement results.


GEFOO166-00000
(13) Stop the engine.
(14) Removal of SST for ECU
(1) Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
(2) Remove the SST by disconnecting its connectors from the ECU and engine wire connectors.
(3) Connect the engine wire connectors to the ECU.
(4) Install the front side cover.
(5) Reconnect the ground cable terminal to the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
(15) Removal of SST for diagnosis connector
(1) Remove the SST from the diagnosis connector.
(2) Install the cap to the diagnosis connector.

| Terminals | Trouble | Conditions |  | STD voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| (10-(3) | No voltage changes | Ignition switch ON | When engine speed is <br> held at 3000 rpm for two <br> minutes after engine has <br> been fully warmed up: | Voltage changes <br> more than 8 times <br> with in 10 seconds |



If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

## Check oxygen sensor.

OK
OK
Check ECU.


## IGNITION MONITOR

| Terminals | Trouble | Conditions | STD voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| (33 | $4.5-5.5$ or 0 | Ignition switch ON | $0.5-1.5$ <br> (While engine is stopped) |



If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

## - (22) - (32) 4.5-5.5V



- (22)-(22) 0 V

There is no voltage between SST terminals (27) and (3) when ignition key switch is turned ON.

Check wiring between ECU terminai (3) and igniter.


Check insulation between igniter terminal and body ground.


Refer to (37) - (23) trouble section No. 1. $\overrightarrow{B A D}$

Repair or replace.
OK
Check ECU.

## - (38)- (32)




DISTRIBUTOR

| Terminal | Trouble | Conditions | STD voltage |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| (22) - (3) | No voltage | Ignition switch ON | $0.5-1.5$ |
| (21) - (23 | No voltage | Ignition switch ON | $0.5-1.5$ |



GEFO0174-99999
If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

- (20)-(21)
[1] There is no AC voltage between SST terminats (24) and (21) when




## jPEED SENSOR

| Terminal | Trouble | Conditions |  | STD voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (9)-(3) | No voltage changes | Ignition switch ON | When vehicle is moved slowly: | 0 to $4.5-5.5$ |



If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.


## STARTER SWITCH

| Terminai | Trouble | Conditions | STD voitage |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| (11)-(3) | No voitage | rgnition switch ST position | 6.15 .5 |



If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.


Check battery, fusible link, ignition switch, shift position switch and starter.

## AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

| Terminal | Trouble | Condition |  | STD voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (7) - (3) | No voltage | Ignition switch is turned ON |  | 4.5-5.5 |
| (28) - 38 | No specified voltage | Ignition switch is turned ON | When the shift position is P range | Less than 3 |
|  |  |  | When the shift position is other range | Approx. Battery voltage |
| (24) - | No specified voltage | Ignition switch is turned ON | When the shift position is N range | Less than 3 |
|  |  |  | When the shift position is other range | Approx. Battery voltage |
| (25) - (3) | No specified voltage | Ignition switch is turned ON | Coolant temperature below $32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Less than 1.5 |
|  |  |  | Coolant temperature above $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4.5 - 5.5 |
| (29) - 36 | No voltage | Ignition switch is turned ON |  | 4.5-5.5 |
| (50) - 36 | No specified voltage | Ignition switch is turned ON | Throttle valve is fully closed | $0.3-0.9$ |
|  |  |  | Throttle valve is fully opened | 2.9-3.5 |


the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet, install the SST, referring to the section under Preparation of Trouble-Shooting" at page EF-22.

- (23) - (32)
[1] There is no specified voltage between SST terminal (23) - (3) when ignition switch is turned on at P range shifted.
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminal (3) or (39 and body ground when ignition switch is turned on.


Check shift position switch (Refer to the 4AT section).
OK
Check wiring between ECU and shift position switch.
OK

## Check ECU.



- (24) - (32)
[1] There is no specified voltage between SST terminal (24) - (1) when ignition switch is turned on at N range shifted.
\{2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminal 3 or 3 and body

(7)-(32)
[1] There is no voltage between SST terminal (7) - (32) when the vehicle is moving at constant speed.
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminat (33) or (34) and body ground when ignition switch is turned on.


Refer to (37 - (3) trouble section.

Check the wiring and connection between EFI ECU terminal (7) and 4AT ECU terminal



- (25) - (32)
[1] There is no specified voltage between SST terminal (7) - (3) when the ignition switch is turned ON.
[2] Check there is voltage between SST terminal (3) or (3) and body ground.


Check there is voltage between SST terminal (19) - (13) when the ignition switch is turned ON.



## - (26) - 56

[1] There is no voltage between SST terminal (29) - when the ignition switch is turned ON .
[2] Check there is voltage between SST terminal (3) or 3) and body ground when the ignition switch is turned ON.



- (57)-(56)
[1] There is no specified voltage between terminais (17) - (3) when the ignition switch is turned $O N$.
[2] Check there is voltage between SST terminals (3) or 3 and body




## IR CONDITIONER SWITCH

| Terminals | Trouble | Conditions |  | STD voftage |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| (19) - (22) | No voltage | When engine is idting | Air conditioner switch ON | $10 \cdot 15.5$ |
| (14) - (45) | No specified voltage | Ignition switch ON | Throttle vatve fully closed | 0 |
|  |  |  | Throttle valve opened | $4.5-5.5$ |



GEF00187.99999
If the SST (09842-87706-000) has not been installed yet. install the SST, referring to the section under "Preparation of Trouble-shooting" at page EF-22.

- (10) - (32)
[1] There is no voltage at SST terminals (13) and (32) when air conditioner is operated.
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminal (11) and body ground.


- (44) - (47)
[1] There is no voltage between SST terminals (4) and (17) when ignition switch is turned ON. (Throttle valve opened)
[2] Check that there is voltage between SST terminal (37) or (34) and (33).


Check throttle position sensor.

OK
NO
Refer to (3) - (3) trouble section No. 1.


Check ECU.

## FUEL SYSTEM

The fuel system consists of the following components given below:
(1) Fuel tank
(2) Fuel pump
(3) Fuel line
(4) Fuel filter
(5) injectors
(6) Pressure regulator

WAFNING:

- When working on the fuel system, never smoke nor allow any open flame to be brought near the working site:

GEF00190-00000
Fuel system wiring diagram


GEF00191-99999

## IN-VEHIICLE INSPECTION

## Check of fuel pump operation

1. Connect the SST to the diagnosis connector.
2. Connect the SST fuel pump terminal to the ground terminal. SST: 09991-87703-000

3. Check of fuel flowing sound.
(1) Turn on the ignition switch.
(2) Check to see if you can hear fuel flowing sound around the pressure regulator.
(3) If you can hear no fuel flowing sound, check the following parts. Repair them, as required.

- Fusible links
- Fuses
- Main relay
- Circuit opening relay
- Fuel pump
- Wiring and wiring connections


GEF00194-99999


## Check of fuel pressure

1. Ensure that the battery voltage is 12 volts or more.
2. Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative ( - ) terminal of the battery.
3. Place a suitable container or cioth, etc. under the fuel filter.
4. Loosen the union bolt gradually.

## CAUTION:

- Release the inner pressure of the fuel tank by removing the fuel filler cap in advance.
- The fuel pressure at the inside of the fuel line is approximately $250 \mathrm{kPa}\left(2.55 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right.$ ) higher than the atmospheric pressure. Hence, be sure to gradually loosen the union bolt so as to prevent fuel from splashing.
- Since the fuel will flow out, be certain to place a suitable container or cloth, etc. under the fuel filter so that no fuel


GEF00197-99999

6. Reconnect the ground cable terminal to the negative (-) terminai of the battery.

7. Connection of SST
(1) Remove the cap on the diagnosis connector.
(2) Connect the SST to the diagnosis connector.
(3) Connect the SST fuel pump terminal to the ground terminal.
SST: 09991-87703-000
8. Turn ON the ignition switch.

9. Check to see if the fuel pressure conforms to the specified pressure.

Specified Fuel Pressure:
$245-255 \mathrm{kPa}\left(2.50-2.60 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$


Turn OFF the ignition switch. After three minutes, check to see if the fuel pressure is the following specified.

Specified Fuel Pressure: $177 \mathrm{kPa}\left(1.8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$

11. Removal of SST
(1) Turn OFF the ignition key switch.
(2) Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative terminal ( - ) of the battery.
(3) Loosen the fuel filter union bolt gradually.
(4) Remove the SST (fuel pressure gauge).
(5) install the fuel hose No. 1 to the fuel filter by means of the union bolt with a new gasket interposed.
Tightening Torque: $34.3-44.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(3.5-4.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m})$

(6) Remove the SST from the diagnosis connector. SST: 09991-87703-000
(7) Attach the cap on the diagnosis connector.
(8) Reconnect the ground cable terminal to the negative ( - ) terminal of the battery.

12. Check of fuel leakage

Start the engine. Check to see if any fuel leakage is present.
Repair any defective part if the fuel leakage exists.

1. . . atere that the battery voltage is 12 volts or more.
2. Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
3. Place a suitable container or cloth, etc. under the pressure regulator.
4. Disconnect the fuel return hose connected to the pressure regulator.
CAUTION:

- Since the fuel will flow out, be certain to place a suitable. container or cloth, etc. under the pressure regulator so that no fuel may get to the alternator.
- Release the inner pressure of the fuel tank by removing the fuel filler cap in advance.

5. Connect a suitable fuel hose (about 2 meter long) to the pressure reguiator.
REFERENCE:

- This fuel hose is included in the SST (09268-87702000 ).


6. Insert one end of the fuel hose in a measuring cylinder.

7. Detach the diagnosis connector cap.

, Connect the SST to the diagnosis connector. Connect the SST fuel pump terminal to the ground terminal. SST: 09991-87703-000
8. Connect the ground cable terminal to the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
9. Turn ON the ignition switch for 10 seconds. Then, turn OFF the switch.

10. Measure the amount of fuel collected in the measuring cylinder.

Specified Amount of Fuel: 220 cc or more
If the fuel amount is less than the specified amount, check the fuel filter.
$\because$ Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
13. Remove the SST from the diagnosis connector.
14. Attach the cap on the diagnosis connector.

## Inspection of pressure regulator

1. Using the following SSTs, connect the pressure regulator, as indicated in the figure.

SSTs: 09268-87701-000 09268-87702-000 09283-87703-000

## NOTE:

- When connecting the pressure regulator, install a new gasket to the union bolt connection and a new O-ring to
 the O-ring seal section. Also, attach hose bands to the hose connections.


GEF00215-99999
2. Connect the ground cable terminal to the negative $(-)$ terminal of the battery.
3. Connection of SST
(1) Detach the cap from the diagnosis connector.
(2) Connect the SST to the diagnosis connector.
(3) Connect the fuet pump terminal with the ground terminal.
SST: 09991-87703-000
4. Turn $O N$ the ignition switch.

6. Turn OFF the ignition switch. After a lapse of three minutes. check to see if the fuel pressure is the specified pressure or more.

Specified Fuel Pressure: $177 \mathrm{kPa}\left(1.8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ or more

If the fuel pressure fails to conform to the specification, again periorm the operations described in the step 13 afterward.
7. Connect a suitable hose to the vacuum hose pipe of the pressure regulator. Connect a MityVac to the other end of the hose.
8. Turn ON the ignition switch.
9. While observing the fuel pressure, apply a negative pressure, using the MityVac. At this time, ensure that the fuel

- pressure drops corresponding to the applied negative pressure.
Replace the pressure regulator if the fuel pressure will not decrease.


INJECTORS


## Check of injector operation

1. Using a sound scope, check to see if each injector emits an operating sound when the engine is being started or cranked.
2. If a sound scope is not available, apply a screwdriver or the like to the injector and check to see if you can feel an operating vibration.
If the injector emits no operating sound or emits an abnormal sound, check the wiring, wiring connector or injector.

## Measurement of resistance of injector

1. Disconnect the injector connector of the engine wire.

2. Measure the resistance between the terminals of each injector.

Specified Resistance: 11-17 $\Omega$
If the resistance between the terminals is not within the specification, replace the injector.
3. Connect the injector connector of the engine wire to the injector.


## -Inspection of injector

1. Using the following SSTs, connect the injector, as indicated in the figure. Insert the injector in the measuring cylinder.

SST:
(1) 09268-87701-000
(2) $09283-87703-000$
(3) 09268-87702-000
(4) 09842-30070-000


NOTE:

- Install a new gasket to the union boit connection.
- Install a new O-ring to the O-ring seal section.
- Attach the hose bands to the rubber hose connections.
- Attach a suitable vinyl hose to the tip-end of the injector so as to prevent fuel from splashing.
- Remove the injector grommet. Check to see if the injector grommet exhibits any damage.

2. Remove the diagnosis connector cap.
3. Connect the SST to the diagnosis connector.

SST: 09991-87703-000
4. Connect the fuel pump terminal of the check connector to the ground terminal.

NOTE:

- Conduct the measurement two or three times for each injector.
- Before the injector is puiled out, make certain to turn OFF the ignition key.
- When removing the injector, use a suitable cloth or the like so as to prevent fuel from splashing.
- Prior to the test, perform air bleeding for the fuel hose.

If the amount of fuel fails to conform to the specification, replace the injector.
9. Leakage check

With the SST (09842-30070-000) in not energized state, turn ON the ignition key switch. Check any fuel leakage from the injector nozzle.

Fuel Leakage: Less than one drop of fuel per minute
If the leakage exceeds the specified value, replace the injector.
NOTE:

- Prior to the test, remove the vinyl hose that was attached


10. Turn OFF the ignition key.
11. Disconnect the ground cable terminal from the negative ( - ) terminal of the battery.
12. Disconnect the SST.

NOTE:

- Care must be exercised as to fuel splashing and fuel flowing.


## FUEL TANK AND LINE

## COMPONENTS



## PRECAUTIONS

1. Always use a new gasket and hose band (clip) when replacing the fuel tank or components.
2. Each part should be tightened securely to the specified torque.
'ARNING:
-Always keep fre away from the working site.

## INSPECTION OF FUEL LINES AND CONNECTIONS

1. Connect the foliowing SST to the diagnosis connector. Short the fue! pump terminal to the ground terminal.

SST: 09991-87703-000


## AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM THROTTLE BODY


(M/T)

(A/T)

## IN-VEHICLE INSPECTION

## Check of throttle body

1. Ensure that the throttle linkage operates smoothly.

Replace the throttle body if the throttle lever fails to operate smoothly.
2. Check the throttle position sensor.
3. Check the throttle positioner.


## SST (Special Service Tools)

| Shape | Part No. and name | Purpose | Femarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $09283-87703-000$ <br> Pressure regulator adopter | * Inspection of injectors <br> - Inspection of pressure regulator <br> * Inspection of fuel pressure | Used in combination with 09268-87702-000 |
|  | $09268-87702-000$ <br> Injection measuring tool set | * Inspection of injectors <br> * Inspection of pressure regulator <br> - Inspection of fuel pressure | Used in combination with 09283-87703-000 |
|  | $09268-87701-000$ <br> Efl fuel pressure gauge | Inspection of fuel pressure |  |
|  | $09842-30070-000$ <br> Efl inspection wire | Inspection of fuel injectors |  |
|  | $09842-87706-000$ <br> EFC-II computer check sub harness | Inspection of computer input/output voitage |  |
|  | 09991-87703-000 Engine control system inspection sub harness | * Shorting terminal T <br> * Actuating fuel pump |  |
|  | $09991-87604-000$ <br> Tacho pulse pulse pick-up wire | Measurement of engine speed |  |

## [Reference]

## Liquid Gasket

| Nomenclature | Application | Part number |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Three Bond 1104 | Camshaft bearing cap and cytinder head cover gasket section <br> (arched section), etc. | $999-04808-09-005$ |
| Three Bond 1377B | Spark plug tube, heater outiet pipe and heater union | $999-04808-$ U9-004 |
| Three Bond 1207C | Oil pan, rear oil seal retainer and oil pump | $999-6313-6323-00$ |
| Three Bond 1324 | Flywheel bolt | $999-04808-U 9-006$ |

## DAIHATSU $\mathbf{G 2 0 0}$

## Automatic Transmission

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The Automatic Transmission is a 4-speed electrical controlled transmission with lock-up mechanism ar mainly composed of the torque converter with lock-up clutch, newly developed 4 -speed planetary gear unt, the hydraulic control system and the electric control system.
The 4-speed automatic Transmission has following features;

- The E.C.U controls the operation of the clutches and brakes based on the shift pattern for each driving mode such as AUTO, POWER and EASY.
- When shifting the transmission, the engine torque is controlled and the hydraulic pressure in the transmission is controlled to reduce transmission shift shock
- The E.C.U constantly monitors each electronic parts when malfunction in the system has occurred, the E.C.U warns it and display the section of malfunction by trouble code through easy lamp.
- When shifting to R-range with exceeding certain vehicle speed, the E.C.U sends signal to the shift solenoid to inhibit reverse.



## ＇PECIFICATIONS

| ftem |  |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Torque converter | Type |  | Three－element，one－stage，two－phase type （with lock－up mechanism） |
|  | Stall torque ratio／Stall revolution speed |  | 2．1／2500 r．p．m（for HC－E）． $2.1 / 2400$ r．p．m（for HC－C） |
|  | One－way clutch |  | Sprag type |
| Transmission type | Type |  | Four forward speeds，one reverse gear，planetary gear type |
|  | Control element |  | Wet type multiple clutch 4 seis |
|  |  |  | Band type brake 1 set |
|  |  |  | Wet type multiple brake 1 set |
|  |  |  | One－way clutch 2 pieces |
|  | Gear ratio |  | 1st：2．807．2nd：1．479，3rd 1000．4th（O／D）： 0.735. Reverse： 2.769 |
|  | Reduction gear ratio |  | Counter gear： 1.019 （54／53）．Differential gear： 3.782 （87／23） |
|  | Speeciometer |  | Number of drive gear teeth： 27 ．Numper of driven gear teeth： 24 |
|  | Oil purp |  | Internal gear type |
|  | Fluid to be used |  | ATF DEXRON＂II |
|  | Fitid capacty（L）Full，（Drain and Refill） |  | APPROX：Transaxle 5.7 （32） |
|  | Coolirg retroo |  | Water－cooled（radiator built－in ：ype） |
| Control system | Gea．st＇t control method |  | Electronic hydraulic pressure control method |
|  | Autometic gear shift |  | Four forward speeds．full automatic shift |
|  | Manua contro pattern | Vehicle side | In line six position：P－R N $-\mathrm{D} \cdot 2 \cdot \mathrm{~L}$（with overdrive） |

GAT00400－00000
－A lavel identifying 4－speed A．T is affixed on the upper surface of the transaxle case．Also，aiphanumeric letters which indicate the manufacturing date and year are stamped on the plate．

Manufacturing date and year
E．g：92AX－12345 or 92MX－12501


## FUNCTION OF E.C.U

## 1. SHIFT SCHEDULE

In accordance with the vehicle speed and the throttle opening degrees, the E.C.U sends signal to the $s^{n}$ : solenoid No. 1 and No. 2 which operate the shift valves.
The E.C.U programmed different shift pattern for each driving mode such as AUTO-ECONOMY, POWER ary EASY.

## 2. LOCK-UP SCHEDULE

Lock-up schedule is also controlled by electric signal from the E.C.U in accordance with the vehicle speed and the throttle opening degrees. The lock-up control solenoid modulates the on and off of the lock-up pressure.
Under the following condition, the operation of lock-up clutch will be cease.

- Driving in Faile safe program.
- When the water temperature is below specification and brake light switch on.
- When the idle switch on (ie: Accelerator pedal is iree).


## 3. THROTTLE PRESSURE CONTROL

In accordance with the throttle opening degree and sht: gear, the throttle pressure is controlled by E.C.


## 4. NEUTRAL TO REVERSE LINE PRESSURE CONTROL

The E.C.U sends signal to pressure control solenoid to reduce line pressure for reduction of shift shock when R-range is selected.

## 5. N-D SQUAT CONTROL

When the transmission is shifted from N to D , the squat control which temporarily shifts to second gear operate to reduce shifting shock and squatting of the vehicle.
The squat control operates only when following conditions exist;

- Brake light switch on (ie: Depress the brake pedal)
- $0 \%$ throttle opening (ie: Release the accelerator pedal)
- Transmission is shifted from $N$ to $\mathrm{D}, 2$ and L range
- Vehicle speed is under $7 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$


## 6. N-D, N-R E/G TORQUE REDUCTION (Only for equipped with HC-E engine)

When the transmission is shifted to $D$ (or $2, L$ ) from $N$ (or $P, R$ ) or to $R$ from other range, the E.C.U sends signal to engine E.C.U to reduce its torque to prevent harsh engagement.

## 7. REVERSE INHIBIT

In R range and exceeding certain vehicle speed more than $7 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, the E.C.U sends signal to shift solenoid No. 2 (it will be turn on) and inhibits reverse.
When following condition exist, the reverse inhibit system will be released.

- Under $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ vehicle speed
- Other shift position is detected


## 8. AIR CONDITIONING CUT OPERATION (Only for equipped with HC-C engine)

To reduce of engine load during the vehicle running (ie: A/C switch $O N$ ), AC system temporarily ( 3 sec ) turn off in accordance with the throttle opening degree.

## 9. OVER DRIVE (OD) CUT OPERATION

When one of following conditions exist, OD gear does not engage.

- Water temperature is below specification when the engine E.C.U sends signal
- OD cut switch off


## 10. DRIVING MODE SELECTION

The shift schedule of transmission is programmed following three different pattern;
AUTO
Automatically switch over between Power and Economy
POWER
Sporty driving
EASY : To make easily take off on slippery road
(Economy) : Economical driving

## 10-1. AUTO MODE

In accordance with throttle opening and its a time. Power pattern or Economy pattern is automatically selected.
(a) The Power pattern is selected when the changing speed of throttle opening is greater than preset value.
(b) The Economy pattern is selected when following condition exist;

- The period of throttle opening which is below specification is longer than preset value.
- Turning off of ignition switch.
- Shifting to P or N range.


## 10-2. POWER MODE/ECONOMY MODE

These modes can be selected by actuating the pattern select mode switch.
It can be switched off by actuating the pattern select mode switch again.

## 10-3. EASY MODE

This special driving mode is used on slippery surface road to make moving-off easily. (In the 2nd range, the transmission constantly shift from the 2nd gear in the 2nd range.)

3 EASY select mode can be switched off by selecting the EASY or Power select mode switch again.

## 11. EMERGENCY MÓDE

When the E.C.U detects that a malfunction has occurred in one of the following sensors or signals, atl of the following four (4) solenoids will be turned off.
However, the vehicle can be driven by manual shifting to the nearest workshop. (The 3rd and 4th lockup can not take place in the $D$ range.)

- Shift solenoids No. 1 and No. 2
- Vehicle speed sensor*
- Pressure control solenoid
- Throttle signal
"NOTE:
- In this case, the pressure control solenoid will not be turned off.

Table of gear availability at each selector position with emergency mode

| Selector lever position | Rerarge | D-iarge | 2-renge | 1-range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gear | Peverse | 4:- | 3 c | 1st |

## 12. SHIFT POSITION SWITCH (P, R, N, D, 2, L)

When the E.C.U detects that a maifunction ras coc reed in the switches, the E.C.U controls the operation of the following patterns.

## Patterns

(A): The vehicle can be moved in the D range ority! alt switches are turned OFF.
(B): The E.C.U decides the control of the following shf: eange patterns if more than two switches are turned ON .

$$
N>R>L>2>D
$$

## 13. INHIBITION OF SHIFTING TO LOW-SPEED GEAR DURING HIGH-SPEED RUNNING

To prevent the engine from over-revolving, if downst'rg is manually made from the D range or the 2 nd range to the $L$ range, the vehicle will continue to run ir $r e s e c o r d$ gear, until the vehicle speed drops below $54 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ (i.e. the shift solenoids No. 1 and No. 2 are ON:

## 14. INHIBITION OF SHIFTING FROM D RANGE TO 2 RANGE

To prevent the engine from over-revolving, if downshiting is mar ualiy made to the 2 nd range during running at a high speed in the D range, the vehicle will continue to toin ine third gear, intil the vehicle spert drops below $97 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ (i.e the shift solenoid No. 2 is ON .).


## 2. SYSTEM COMPONENTS


(1) Throttle sensor
(2) Water temperature switch
(3) Vehicle speed sensor
(4) C1 cylinder revolution sensor
(5) Lock-up solenoid switch
(6) Shift solenoicis No. 1 and No. 2
(7) Pressure cor:- solenoid
(8) Shía postion
(9) Throt'e sensor
(10) Water temperature switch
(ii) Torque control
(12) Diagnosis
(13) Brake switch

## 3. FLOW OF HYDRAULIC CONTROL AND ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



## WIRING DIAGRAM


$\star$ marked are equipped with only HC-C engine
A : Back-up lamp
B : Meter indicator
C: Shift position switch
: Shift pattern switch
: Water temperature switch
Throttle sensor
G : Water temperature signal
: Throttle sensor signal
: Overdrive cut switch
$J$ : Brake switch
K : Test terminal
L : Back-up current
M : Battery
N: EFI E.C.U
O: Vehicle speed sensor
$P$ : C1 cylinder revolution sensor
$Q$ : Shift solenoid No 1
R - Shift solenoid No. 2
S : Pressure controi solenoid
: Lock-up control solenoid
U : Warning (Easy) lamp
: Diagnosis connector
W: Overdrive off lamp
$x$ : Torque control signal
$Y$ : Air-con cut signal

## 5. TEST RUNNING BY MANUAL SHIFT

Perform the running test by manual shifting with the subharness (SST/No.: 09842-87501-000) discon :ec:so as to check to see if the trouble phenomenon has been caused by the hydraulic system or elec:-:parts. Check that the shift lever position and gear correspond with the table below.

| Selected position | P-range | R-range | N-range | D-range | 2nd range | L-range |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gear position | Pawl lock | Reverse | Neutral | 4th gear hold | 3rd gear rold | 1st gear ho: |

NOTE:

- The vehicle will not move off in the Neutral range.
- The parking pawl locks in the Parking range.
- If the results do not conform to the specifications, proceed to perform the check as follows:

| Preliminary check $\downarrow$ | See page AT-11 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Diagnosis output $\downarrow$ | See page AT-15 |
| Electronic parts inspection through SST (09842-87501-000) | See page AT-20 |
| - Using a circuit tester or the like |  |
|  | See page AT-30 |
| Road test <br> - Upshat and duerst...t corras <br>  | See oage AT-35 |
| On-vehicle repair | S-a Rage AT-44 |
| Overhaul of A/T | Spe page AT-49 |

## 'RELIMINARY CHECK

1. Check of transaxle fluid level NOTE:

- Prior to the fluid level check, be sure to run the vehicle until the engine and transaxle have reached their normal operating temperature.
(Fluid temperature: $70-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $158-176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )

2. Check of engine idling speed (ie: All electrical switched off)

Specified Value: $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}$

$$
800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm} \text { for } \mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}
$$

(1) Park the vehicle on a level surface. Apply the parking brake.
(2) With the engine idling, smoothly move the shift lever all through the ranges from $P$ to $L$. Finally, return the shift lever to the P range.
(3) Pull out the transaxle fluid level gauge and wipe it clean.
(4) Push it back fully into the tube.
(5) Pull it out and check that the fluid level is in the HOT range.
If the fluid levei is too low, add the fluid.
Fluid To Be Used: DEXRON ${ }^{\text {® }}$ II
Full Capacity: Approx. 5.7
Drain and Refill: Approx. $3.2 \ell$

## CAUTION:

- Do not overfill the fluid.


## - Transaxle warming-up method

1. Warm up the engine.
2. If the vehicie runs for about 15 minutes at a speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ or for about 30 minutes at a speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. the temperature of the fluid inside the transaxle becomes about $80 \pm 10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $176 \pm 50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

## REFERENCE:

- When the engine is cold, if the engine is operated for about 35 minutes at the idling speed after the engine has started, the temperature of the fluid inside the transaxle will rise to about $60 \pm 10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $140 \pm 50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

- Change of fluid level as a result of rise in fluid temperature



## NOTE:

- If it is necessary to check the fluid level at a low temperature ( $20-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $68-86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ), e.g. at the time of fiuid change, first adjust the fluid level so that it may become within the COOL level. Then, recheck the fluid level under the hot conditions.
- If the fluid level fails to reach the cool level on the fluid level gauge, be sure to check the transaxie for fluid leakage. Also, puil out the fluid level gauge and check the fluid for contamination or smell of fluid burning.

3. Check of fluid condition

If the fluid smells burning or it presents a black appearance, change the fluid.
4. Change of transaxle fluid
(1) Remove the drain plug with the gasket. Drain the fluid. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed gasket.
) Examination of particles
Inspect the magnets and use them to collect ary steel chips. Lock carefully at the chips and particles on the magnet to anticipate what type of wear you will find in the transmission:

Steel (magnetic) ... bearing, gear and plate wear Brass (non-magnetic) ... bushing wear

5. Check of shift lever position
(1) Perform the shift lock check.
(2) Move the shift lever from the $N$ range to each range. Ensure that the shift lever button and shift lever can be operated smoothly with a positive detent feeling at each range. Check that the position indicator functions properiy.
(3) Start the engine. Ensure that the vehicle moves forward when you move the shift lever from the $N$ range to the D. 2 and L ranges, respectively. Make sure that the vehicle moves backward when you move the shift lever to the $R$ range.
(4) Perform the operation check for the shift lock release button.
(5) With the ignition switch set to the ON position, move the shift lever from the $P$ to $R$ range and from the $N$ to $R$ range while depressing the brake pedal
$\Rightarrow$ mark: Shift can be made only while shift lever button is being pushed

- mark: Shift can be made without pushing shift ever button

6. Adjustment of control cable
(1) Loosen the adjusting bolt of the manual shift lever.
(2) Pull the manual shift lever fully toward the right side $A$ (i.e. the engine) of the vehicle.
(3) Back off the lever four notches to the Neutral position. Tighten the adjusting bolt.
Tightening Torque:
$15.7-24.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(1.6-2.45 \mathrm{kgt}-\mathrm{m}, 11.6 \div 17.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

## CAUTION:

- If the adjusting bolt is tightened with the control cable pulled toward the shift outer lever side (front side of the vehicle), the positional relationship may be disturbed slightly between the shift lever side and the shift outer lever. This may cause poor engine starting, the failure of backup lamp illuminating, sudden vehicle starting or faulty gear shifting during running. Hence, make sure to conduct the adjustment, strictly following the procedure given above.

7. Adjustment of neutral start switch
(1) Align the scrible lines between neutral start basic (A) and control cable bracket (B) by loosing the iwo bolts (C).
(2) Hold in position and tighten the two bolts (C) Tightening Torque:
$9.8 \cdot 15.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(1.0-1.6 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 7.2 \cdot 11.6 \mathrm{ft} \cdot \mathrm{bb})$
(3) Check the continuity of the terminals in the neutral start switch (see step on 9).


GATOOO24-99999

8. Check the shift lever position (see page AT-13).
9. Inspection of neutral start switch

Using an ohmmeter. check the continuity of the terminals for each switch position shown in the able beiow.

| Terminai <br> Range | PL |  | N | $こ i$ | 26 | - 7 - | $\therefore S T$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | O- |  |  | . |  | $-2$ |  |
| $R$ |  | O- |  |  |  | -C |  |
| N |  |  | 0 |  |  | : |  |
| D |  |  |  | O- |  | C |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  | O- | 10 |  |
| L |  |  |  |  |  | $0+0$ |  |
| P. N (starter circuit) |  |  |  |  |  | ! | $\bigcirc \mathrm{C}$ |

If the continuity does not conform to the specifications. repiace the switch.


DRIVING PATTERN

|  |  | Power mode | Auto mode |  | Easy mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Power pattern | Power patiern | Economy pattern | Easy pattern |
| P |  | Parking | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ |
| R |  | Reverse | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ |
| N |  | Neutral | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ |
| D | OID ON | $1 \rightleftarrows 2 \rightleftarrows 3 \rightleftarrows[4]$ | $\leftarrow$ | $1 \rightleftarrows 2 \rightleftarrows[3] \ddagger[4]$ | $2 \rightleftarrows 3 \rightleftarrows\{4\}$ |
|  | ORD OFF | $1 \rightleftarrows 2 \rightleftarrows[3]$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ | $2 \rightleftarrows 3$ |
| 2 |  | $1 \rightleftarrows 2(\leftarrow 3)$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ | $2(\leftarrow 3)$ |
| L |  | $1(\leftarrow 2)$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\leftarrow$ |
| Remarks |  | - [ $\quad$ Lock-up operation is possible: <br> - ( ): Only when low-speed gear prohibtion control is taking place during high-speed runing. <br> - Even when the Auto mode is selected. the power pattern is selected forcibly when the water-temperature sensor signal is ON (low temperature). |  |  |  |

## AT E.C.U UNIT ${ }^{1}$ CHECK

## I. INSTRUCTIONS PRIOR TO WORK

(1) The electrical control system of the automatic transmission has a diagnosis function. Hence, if it is believed that causes for the problem lie in this electrical system, first be sure to read the diagnosis output.
Furthermore, after all problems of the electrical system have been repaired, disconnect the ground cable from the negative (-) terminal of the battery or backup fuse ( $B$ ) at least for ten seconds at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ so as to erase the memory of diagnosis results.
(2) If the problem can not be reproduced when the unit concerned is tested even if the diagnosis output indicated abnormality, it is believed that a temporary problem has occurred once in the unit concerned. Under such circumstance, it is advisable to conduct the reproduction test.
(3) Before the E.C.U connector is connected or disconnected, be certain to turn OFF the ignition key switch and disconnect the ground cable from the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
(4) When performing continuity tests or voltage measurements, connections should be made correctly to the specified terminals.
CAUTION:

- Wrong connections may damage the E.C.U or other electrical parts.
- Never drop the E.C.U or other electrical parts, nor allow any impact to be applied to them. It is not permissible to reuse those parts having subjected to impacts.


## 2. DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

The automatic transmission has a function whereby the selfdiagnosis can be conducted for a part of the electrical system.
(1) When abrormality occurs in those diagnosis applicable units (e.g. sensors or signals), the E.C.U memorizes the unit concerned in the form of a code number.
NOTE:

- When abnormality is taking place in any sensor or signal, it will be no longer possible for the vehicle to continue its normal running. Hence, most likely the driver will
 notice such abnormality.
(2) Connect the SST (09991-87705-000) to the diagnosis connector (A).
NOTE:
- The SST (09991-87705-000) above can be used for the inspection of EFI engines and ABS-equipped vehicles.
(3) Turn ON the igntion switch.
(4) Confirm the code number of the EASY lamp flashing cycle at the combination meter side.
NOTE:
- As for the code number of the $4 \mathrm{~A} T$, see page AT--16.



## AT-16

## 3. DIAGNOSIS SIGNmL i mulะ

|  | Normal code unit: sec | Trouble code unit: sec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For driver |  |  |
| Test (T) terminal earth |  |  |



## NOTE:

- In cases where two or more abnormal items exist. the warning (EASY) lamp indicates the code numbers through flashing in the sequence of code number, starting from a smaller one.

Trouble code table

| Code | Trouble mode | 2000 | Troubie mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (13) | C1 cylinder revolution sensor malfunctioning | 25 | -up Cerr Sol. open circuit |
| (2) | Shift sol. No. 1 open circuit | $\underline{3}$ | L-up Ctri. Sol short circuit |
| (2) | Shilt sol No. 1 short circuit | 4 | Triotie sensor malfunctionng |
| (23) | Shift sol. No. 2 open circuit | 43 | Water temp. switch maifunctioning |
| (2) | Shift sol. No. 2 short circuit | 63 | Vehicle speed sensor malfunctionirig |
| (29) | Press. Ctrl. Sod open circuit | 38 | Shift position s/w malfunctioning |
| (23) | Press. Ctrl. Sol short circuit | (1i) | Torque control signal malfunctioning |

## н．TERMINAL DISTRIBUTION TABLE

（1）ATECUsce

（2：5．e－erness（ser No：09842－87501－000）side

（GA1） 1 ）03F． 99999
N．C：Corres：es $:=$ grourd（earth）inside the E．C．U．

| SST <br> terminal：is |  | SST <br> terminal No． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | こ | 22 | Air conditioner amplifier for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ |
| 2 |  | 23 | Water temperature switch for HC－E |
| 3 |  | 23 | Water temperature switch signal for HC－C |
| 4 | －erce speeo sensor（－） | 24 | C1 cylinder revolution sensor（ + ） |
| 5 | ここ．：3 5ximo | 25 | Vehicle speed sensor（ $t$ ） |
| 6 | $\because 2$ | 26 | Overdrive switch |
| $\square$ | $\because \therefore \therefore$－a＂ce | 27 | Easy switch |
| 8 | －－ | 28 | 2 d d range |
| 9 | ニ－ミ¢ | 29 | D range |
| 0 | $\because \therefore \therefore \therefore$－eforio power earth | 30 | Sensors and s gnais earth |
| 11 |  | 31 | Auxiliary earin for lvo 30 |
| 12 | $\because こ$ | 32 | R range |
| 13 | $\therefore$ | 33 | NC |
| 14 |  | 34 | N．C |
| 15 | Sencs stse－gouc | 35 | Easy（warnegj lamp |
| 16 |  | 36 | Sensor system power supply |
| 17 | Bratesin：${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 37 | Throttle sensor shield |
| 18 | Overue ONOF amb | 38 | Test terminal |
| 19 | Pressu＊a contol sclenoid（ + ） | 39 | N．C |
| 20 | Votage ior backup | 40 | Lock－up control solenoid |
| 2 L | Sta scienaj No．i | 41 | IG key switch |
| 22 | Torque conto fr ：H－E | 42 | Shift solenoid No． 2 |

## AT－18

## PRE－INSPECTIOiv run нi c．u．u

If any difficulty is encountered in judging whether a problem is occurring at the engine side or at the $;$ side．check the following electrical system．
1．Check the battery voltage（12V）．
2．Check the fusible link and fuses for blown－out．
3．Ensure that the earth cable is securely connected
4．Preliminary check（See pages AT－11 through AT－14）
5．Connect the subharness（SSTiNo．：09842－87501－000）between the A／T E．C．U and the wiring harness．
6．Measure the voltage of the following termina．s．
（1）I．G switch OFF ．．．． 20 to $10(-)$ Battery vorage for backup
（2）I．G switch ON ．．．． 41 to 10 i－$B E$ aters sotage
7．When the IG swith is ：umきょ O．． Specified Value for HC－E and HC－C：

A：Throttle opening degree

| SST ：－＞．．．－e $\because$ | A |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\because$ | 100\％ |
| 14 to $15(-)$ | ここ：こご | More than 3.2 V |
| 36 to $30(-)$ |  |  |

8．Measure the voltage of the water temperatie re：he following conditions． Specified Value：

| SST terminal／No． | Function | Cors：こ． | Voltage | Water temperature | $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 to 30 （－） | ON | When 13 switch is turned 3 ： | Less than 1.5 | Below 35 for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | Below 32 for HC－E |  |
|  | OFF | During erig＂ warmirg－w | 4.5 to 5.5 | Above 45 for rtC－C |  |
|  |  |  |  | Above 48 for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}$ |  |

9．Torque control output signal（only for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}$ ）
（1）Lift up the vehicle．
（2）Set the timing light（for movement of the timing one we crank pulley）
（3）Provide an oscilloscope．
（4）After the engine has warmed up，measure the ane of the torque control between the foltorirn terminais．
SST terminai／No．

22 to $30(\%)$$\quad$\begin{tabular}{l}
Specified voltage <br>
More than 5 V

$\longrightarrow \quad$ NO $\quad$

Check the wiring hariess for short circuit of <br>
enratic earth：the actually－measured valte $\cdot 5$ <br>
iess than the specification．
\end{tabular}

（5）Insert the input pulse code of the oscilloscope to the SST terminal／No． 22.
（6）Depress the brake pedal and select the shift lever to the $D$ range．
（7）Release your foot from the accelerator pedai and brake pedal．
(8) Depress the accelerator pedal slightly.
(9) Ensure that the wave characteristics of the torque control signal momentarily appear as shown in the right illustration. Also, ensure that the shift shock should be felt instantly after the wave characteristics of the torque control signal disappear.

## NOTE:

- The A section varies in accordance with the throttle opening degree.

(10) Be sure to cont mat the timing mark on the crankshaft pulley wil avick.y retard to around the T.D.C. from the B.T.D.C. A) when the wave characteristics of the torque contro. s gia: are midicated on the oscilloscope.
(11) The siming mark moves in an advance direction over several s:ages (B) when the accelerator pedal is reeasea
NOTE:
- When the short circuit or erratic earth has occurred on the wiring harness, the wave characteristics of the torque control signal are displayed on the oscilloscope as shown in the right figure (i.e. like ripples A).
- If the malfunction has occurred in the ATT E.C.U itself, the timing mark will be held at the advance position when the accelerator pedal is depressed or released and the
 voltage varies in accordance with the throttle opening angle.
. Air conditoner switch (only for vehicles equipped with HC-C engine)
(i) Measure te voltage between the SST terminal No. 22 and the earth while idling. Specified Value: More than 11 V
(2) When the air conditioner switch is turned ON, measure the voltage between the SST terminals No. 22 and No. 30 (-)
Specified Value: Less than 2.5 V
(3) Measure the voltage between the SST terminais No. 22 and No. 30 (-). Also, measure the time required for the air conditioner to be switched from ON to OFF in accordance with the throttle opening
degree, using a stopwatch.
Specified Values:
Time: 3 sec .
A/C ON: When voltage is more than 11V
A/C OFF: When voltage is less than 2.5 V


## NOTE:

- While the air conditioner cut signal is being outputted, if an air conditioner cut output signal is newly detected from the AT E.C.U, the cut signal will be retained for three seconds.


## ELECTRONIC PARTS INSPECTION THROUGH SST (09842-87501-000)

$\mathrm{T}=$ Trouble code, $\mathrm{A}=$ Approximately

1. $\quad \mathbf{T}=13$ (C1 cylinder revolution sensor):

Detecting the transmission input revolution from the forward clutch drum and send it to ATT E.C.U.


GATOOH1-0020
2. $\mathbf{T}=\mathbf{2 1}$ (Shift solenoid No. 1): Short circuit or Battery irregularly earth

| (1) | I.G OFF | SST terminal/No. | Specified value | $\xrightarrow[\substack{\text { (More than } \\ 13 \pm 2 \Omega)}]{\text { No }}$ | - Poor connection of solen connector <br> - Short circuit on the wirin or solenoid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 21 to 30 (-) | $13 \pm 2 \Omega$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | Yes |  |  |
| (2) | I.G ON | 21 to $30(-)$ | 10 V | $\xrightarrow[(\text { More than } 10 \mathrm{~V})]{\mathrm{No}}$ | - Short circuit on the wiring between battery and so |
|  |  |  | Y Yes |  |  |
| (3) | While idling | 21 to 30 (-) | OV | $\frac{\text { No }}{\text { (More than OV) }}$ | - A/T E.C.U malfunction |
|  |  |  | Yes |  |  |
|  |  |  | NORMAL |  |  |

## T = 22 (Shift solenoid No. 1): Irregularly earth


4. $\mathbf{T}=\mathbf{2 3}$ (Shift solenoid No. 2): Short circuit or Battery irregularly earth


## 5. $\mathbf{T}=\mathbf{2 4}$ (Shift solenoid No. 2): Irregularly earth

(1) I.G OFF

SST terminal/No.
42 to 10 (-)
(2) Vehicle running in D or 2nd range 42 to $10(-)$ Specified value


7. $\mathbf{T}=\mathbf{2 6}$ (Pressure control solenoid): Battery short


GATOO4O7-0NCOM

## 8. $\mathbf{T}=\mathbf{2 8}$ (Lock-up solenoid): Short circuit or Battery short

|  |  | SST terminal/No. | Specified value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | I.G OFF | 40 to $16(-)$ | $13 \pm 2 \Omega$ | $\frac{\text { No }}{\text { (More than }}$ | - Poor connection of solenoid connector |
|  |  |  | Yes | $13 \pm 2 \Omega)$ | - Short circuit on the wiring harness or solenoid |
| (2) | While idling | 40 to $16(-)$ | Less than 10 V | $\frac{\text { No }}{\text { (More than 10V) }}$ | - Short circuit on the wiring harness between battery and solenoid |
|  |  |  | Yes |  |  |
| (3) | While idle | 40 to 16 (-) | OV | $\frac{\text { No }}{\text { (More than 0V) }}$ | - A/T E.C.U malfunction |
|  |  |  | Yes (Steady) |  |  |
|  |  |  | NORMAL |  |  |

## T = 29 (Lock-up solenoid): Irregularly earth

| (1) | I.G OFF | SST terminal/No. | Specified value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 40 to $10(-)$ | OS2 | $\frac{\text { No }}{\text { (More than } 0 \text { os })}$ | - Irregularly earth on the wiring harness <br> - Solenoid malfunction |
|  |  |  | Yes |  |  |
| (2) | While vehicle running with lock-up (3L or 4L) | 40 to 10 (-) | More than 10 V <br> Yes | $\frac{\text { No }}{\text { (Less than 10V) }}$ | - A/t E.C.U malfunction |
|  |  |  | NORMAL |  |  |

10. $\mathbf{T}=\mathbf{5 2}$ (Vehicle speed sensor):

Detecting the revolution of counter driven gear and send it to A/T E.C.U
SST terminal/No. Specified value

11. $\mathbf{T}=55$ (Shift position switch)

While the engine is idling, measure the voltage at the shift position switch from $P$ to $L$ range at each selecting position.


## Driving pattern selection switch

(1.) Power I.GON
I.G ON When power switch ON
(2) Easy E.GON
1.G ON

When easy
switch ON

## SST terminal/No. Specified value

5 to $10(-) \quad$ More than 10 V


5 to $10(-)$


27 to $10(-)$
$271010(-)$
Less than 5 V $\qquad$ - Shorl circuit or Irregularly earth on the wiring harness
Yes
OV


13. Over drive Lock-out switch
(1) I.GON
(2) IGON

When OO switct 26 to $30(-)$
ON and OFF
26 to ground (Input voltage)

SST terminail/No. Specified value
Less than 5 V

Yes

$\qquad$ - Short circuit or liregularly earth on the wiring harness

- Switch malfunction $\binom{$ If the measure value is greater }{ than 0.5 V against the input voltage }

GATOOS 13.00000
14. Brake switch

15. Test terminal
(1) $1, G O N$
(2) I.G ON SST terminal/No.
38 to ground (Input voltage)

## Specified value



## UNIT INSPECTION

1. Measure the coil resistance of the vehicle speed sensor (A) and C 1 cylinder revolution sensor ( B ), using an ohmmeter. Specified Value:
(A) 648 to $792 \Omega$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
(B) 387 to $473 \Omega$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
2. Measure the coil resistance of the following parts, using an ohmmeter.
(1) Shift solenoid No. 1 (4) and No. 2 (8) to body ground
(2) Lock-up control solenoid (3) to body ground
(3) Pressure control solenoid $(2,6)$

Specified Value:
(1) and (2) $13 \pm 2 \Omega$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
(3) $\quad 3.5 \pm 0.2 \Omega$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

3. Measure the continuity of the brake switch, when depressing the brake pedal.
4. Measure the continuity of the pattern select switch, using an ohmmeter.
Power: Continuity exist between the terminal of 1-5.
Easy: Continuity exist between the terminal of 4-5.
5. Measure the continuity of the overdrive switch while $O / D$ switch ON between the terminal of 3-6.
6. Ensure that the illumination lamp should be goes-ON when connecting the battery voltage between the terminal of 2-5.


## KEY INTERLOCK wvIH SHIFI LOCK WIRING DIAGRAM （ONLY FOR AUSTRALIAN SPECIFICATION）



## 1．SHIFT LOCK ELECTRIC CONTROL UNIT


 as shown in the figure below．

## NOTE：

－To prevent the battery from being discharged，when the IG key switch is at the＂ACC＂postion，the energizing to the key interlock solenoid will be shut off about 60 minutes after electric continuity is formed．

- Stop lamp switch
- Prange detecting switch ( $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{P}_{1}$ )
- $P$ range detecting switch ( $P, P_{p}$ )
- Shift lock solenoid
- Key lock solenoid
- Ignition switch


Energizing conditions ... Each solenoid will be energized oniy wher $a^{-}$cond tions given below are satisfied.

|  | Key interiock scenoid | Shift lock solenoid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lgnition switch | $A C C$ | ON |
| Shift position | Shift lever is placed in Prarge and shift lever button is being pusnes. $\mathrm{o}^{-}$s...t ever is placed in ranges other than $P$. <br> $P$ range detecting sw: $5=-P_{i}$ On | $P$ range <br> $P$ range detecting switch $P-P_{1} O N$ |
| Stop lamp switch | - | ON |

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## 2. SHIFT LOCK E.C.U INPUT/OUTPUT SPECIFICATION

| Terminal | Condtor | Specified value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I.G to earth | I.G switch ON | Battery voltage |
| STP to earth | Depress the brake pedat |  |
|  | Release the brake pedal | OV |
| KLS (+) to earth | I. G switch $A C C$ and $P$ range | OV |
|  | Shilt lever button is pushed when $P$ range or other than P range | 7.5 to 11.5 V (Approx: 1 sec ) <br> 6 to $9 V$ (After that) |
| $A C C$ to earth | I.G switch ACC | Battery voltage |
| SLS (-) to earth | - | Continuity exist |
| SLS (+) to earth | 1. G switch ON, Depress the brake pedal with $P$ range | 8.5 to 13.5 V (Approx: 20 sec ) 5.5 to 9.5 V (After that) |
|  | I. $G$ switch $O N$. Release the brake pedal with $P$ range or other than $P$ range | OV |
| P. to earth | I.G switch ACC with $P$ range | Battery voltage |
|  | Shift lever bution is pushed with P range or other than P range | OV |
| P 10 earth | - - - - | Continuity exist |
| P, to earth | I. G switch ON with P range | OV |
|  | Shift lever button is pushed with $P$ range or other than $P$ range |  |

Disconnect the connector of the solenoid. Ensure that the clicking sound emits from the solenoid when connecting the battery voltage between the terminal of SLS (+) to SLS (-) for shift solenoid and KLS (+) to KLS (-) for key interlock.
2. Measure the continuity of following terminal of the $P$ range detecting switch.
3. Shift lock and key interlock solenoids inspection.

| Shift lever | Shift lever bution | Terminals |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | P | $\mathrm{P}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{3}$ |
| Prange | Release | O | O |  |
|  | Push | $O$ | O |  |
|  |  | 0 |  | 0 |



## HYDRAULIC CONTROL SYSTEM

Based on the hydraulic pressure created by the oil pump, the hydraulic contro: system governs the hydraulic pressure acting on the torque converter, clutches and brakes in accordance with the vehicle condition.
There are four solenoid valves on the valve body.

- The No. 1 and No. 2 shift solenoid valves are turned on and off by signals from the E.C.U to operate the shift valves, and change the gear shift position.
- The pressure controf solenoid valve is operated by signals from the E.C.U to control the hydraulic pressure for clutches and brakes to reduce shift shock.
- The lock-up control solenoid valve is operated by signals from the E.C.U to engage or disengage the lock-up clutch of the torque converter, and also control the hydraulic pressure for the lock-up clutch engagement.



## TESTING

## 1. STALL TEST

The purpose of this test is to check the overall performance of the automatic transmission and engine $c$ : measuring the maximum engine speeds in the D and R ranges.

CAUTION: (Failure to observe this caution may cause the stall speed figure not to be corrected.)
(1) Perform the stall test at the normal fluid operating temperature ( $70-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $158-176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).
(2) Do not conduct this test continuously for more than five seconds.
(3) Wait at least one minute before the switching is made from the $D$ range to the $R$ range.
(4) Be sure to turn OFF the air conditioner and over drive during the test.

## Measurement of stall speed

(1) Place chocks at the four wheels.
(2) Install an engine tachometer.
(3) Fully apply the parking brake.
(4) Keep depressing the brake pedal firmly by your left foot during the test.
(5) Start the engine and check the idle speed ( $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}, 800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ ).
(6) Move the shift lever to the D or R range. Depress the accelerator pedal fully by your right foot. Quickly read the highest engine rpm at this time.
Stall Speed: $2180 \pm 150 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}, 2500 \pm 150 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$
(7) Perform the same test in the $R$ range.

## CAUTION

- Never move the shift lever to the D or R range while the engine is rotating at a high speed in the $N$ range. (Failure to observe this caution may cause the discs to be burnt.)


## Evaluation

(1) If the engine speed is the same for both ranges but lower than specified value:

- Engine output probably insufficient
- Stator one-way clutch malfunctioning
(2) If the stall speed at the D range is higher than specified value:
- Line pressure too low
- Forward clutch slipping
(3) if the stall speed in the $R$ range is higher than specified value:
- Line pressure too low
- Reverse clutch slipping
- First \& reverse brake slipping
(4) If the stall speed in the $R$ and $D$ ranges is higher than specified value:
- Line pressure too low



## 2. TIME LAG TEST ${ }^{1}$.

Then the shift lever is shifted while the engine is idling, there will be a certain time lapse or lag before you can feel a shock. This time lag can be used for checking those conditions of the forward clutch, the reverse clutch, coast clutch and the first \& reverse brake.

CAUTION: (Failure to observe this caution may cause the time lag figure not to be corrected.)
(1) Perform the time lag test at the normal fluid operating temperature ( $70-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $158-176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).
(2) Be sure to allow one minute intervals between tests.
(3) Conduct the measurement three times and take the average value.

## Measurement of time lag

(1) Place chocks at the four wheels.
(2) Fully apply the parking brake.
(3) Start the engine and check the idle speed ( $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}, 800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ ).
(4) Move the shift lever from the $N$ to the $D$ range. Using a stopwatch, measure the time required from the lever shifting to the time when you feel a shock.
Time Lag for A: Not to Exceed 0.7 second
(5) In the same manner. measure the time lag when shifting is made from the $N$ to the R range.

Time Lag for B: Not to Exceed 1.2 seconds

## Evaluation

(1) If the N -to-D time lag is longer than the specified value:

- Line pressure too low
- Forward clutch slipping
- Coast clutch and one way clutch No. 0 and No. 1 malfunctioning
(2) If the $N$-to- $R$ time lag is longer than the specified value:
- Line pressure too low
- Reverse clutch slipping
- First \& reverse brake slipping



## 3. LOCATION OF TEST PLUGS

$\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{a}\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {.LUE }}\right)$ : Lubrication pressure
$\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{L}}\right)$ : Line pressure
$\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{C} 3}\right)$ : Coast clutch pressure
$D\left(P_{C_{1}}\right)$ : Forward clutch pressure
$\mathrm{E}\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{co}}\right)$ : Overdrive clutch pressure
$F\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{Bi}}\right) \quad:$ 2nd \& 4th brake releasing pressure
$\mathrm{G}\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{B}}\right) \quad:$ 2nd \& 4th brake applying pressure
$H\left(P_{\mathrm{TH}}\right)$ : Throttle pressure


## HYDRAULIC TEST

ィ. Measurement of pressures.
(1) Warm up the transmission fluid.
(2) Remove the test plugs and install the oil pressure gauge (SST).

SST: 09992-00094-000
CAUTION:

- Perform the test at the normal fluid operating temperature (70-80 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $158-176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).
(3) Fuily apply the parking brake and place chocks at the four wheels.
(4) Start the engine and check the idle speed ( $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}, 800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ ).
(5) Move the shift lever to the D range. Depress the brake pedal firmly by your left foot. While manipulating the accelerator pedal by your right foot, measure the line pressure at the engine speeds specified in the table.
(6) Perform the test in the R range in the same way.
$\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}\right.$. psi)

|  | D range |  | A range |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Idling | Stall | Idling | Stall |
| Line | $\begin{gathered} 372 \cdot 421 \\ (3.8-4.3 .54-61) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1019 \cdot 1196 \\ (10.4-12.2 .148-173) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 539-627 \\ (5.5-6.4 .78-91) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1343-1618 \\ (13.7-16.5,194-234) \end{gathered}$ |
| Forward clutch | $\begin{gathered} 343.421 \\ (3.5-4.3,49-61) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1029-1196 \\ (10.5-12.2,149 \cdot 173) \end{gathered}$ | - |  |
| Coast clutch | $\begin{gathered} 343-421 \\ (3.5-4.3 .49-61) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 382-431 \\ (3.9-4.4 .55-62) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 382-431 \\ (3.9-4.4 .55 \cdot 62) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 382 \cdot 431 \\ (3.9 \cdot 4.4 .55-62) \end{gathered}$ |
| Throttle | $\begin{gathered} 39-63 \\ (0.4-0.65,5.6-9.2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 402-451 \\ (4.1-4.6,58-65) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 39-63 \\ (0.4 \cdot 0.65,5.6-9.2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 402-451 \\ (4.1-4.6 .58-65) \end{gathered}$ |

(7) If the measured pressure does not comply with the specified values, perform the test again.

## Evaluation

(1) If the measured values in the $D$ and $R$ ranges are higher than specified value:

- Pressure control solenoid malfunctioning
- Primary regulator valve malfunctioning
(2) If the measured values in the D and R ranges are lower than the specified value:
- Pressure control solenoid maifunctioning
- Primary regulator valve malfunctioning
- Oil pump malfunctioning
(3) If the pressure is low in the D range only:
- Fluid leakage at the D range circuit
(4) If the pressure is low in the $R$ range only:
- Fluid leakage at the R range circuit


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## 5. MEASUREMENT ÓF 2ND AND 4TH BRAKE APPLYING ( $P_{B_{1}}$ ) PRESSURE

(1) Warm up the transmission fluid
(2) Remove the test plug with O-ring installed and install the oil pressure gauge.

## CAUTION:

- Perform the test at the normal fluid temperature $\left(70-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ or $\left.158-176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
(3) Fully apply the parking brake and place chocks at the four wheels.
(4) Start the engine and check the idle speed ( $850 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{E}, 800 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ for $\mathrm{HC}-\mathrm{C}$ ).
(5) Move the shift lever to D or 2 range. Depress the brake pedal firmly by your left foot.

While manipulating and depressing the accelerator pedal slightly by your right foot until you can feei the 2nd gear in D or 2nd range.
(6) Measure the brake applying pressure after releasing the accelerator pedal.
$\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$

| D range (2nd) | 2nd range (2nd) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $343-421(3.5-4.3,49-61)$ | More than $343(3.5 .49)$ |

In the same manner (ie: 3rd gear in D range), measure the overdrive clutch ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{co}}$ ) and 2 nd and $4 \mathrm{t}^{\prime}$ brake releasing ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ ) pressures.
$\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kg} / / \mathrm{cm}^{7} . \mathrm{psi}\right)$

|  | D range $(3 \mathrm{rd})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Overdrive clutch $\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{cI}}\right)$ | $343-421(3.5-4.3,49-61)$ |
| 2nd and 4th releasing | $343-421(3.5-4.3,49-61)$ |

(7) Measure the lubrication pressure at idling condition

Specified Value: More than $78 \mathrm{kPa}\left(0.8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 11 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ at $D$ range

- If the line pressure is higher than specified value
- Line pressure control solenoid malfunction
- Primary regulator valve malfunction
- If the line pressure is lower than specified value
- Line pressure control solenoid malfunction
- Primary regulator valve malfunction
- Oil pump malfunction
- Fluid leakage at the oil pressure circuit


## 9. ROAD TEST

CAUTION:

- Perform this test at the normal fluid operating temperature ( $70-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $158-176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).
(1) D range test in Auto or Power pattern. Shift into D range and hold accelerator pedal constant at $50 \%$ (A) and $100 \%$ (B) throttle opening positions.
(a) Upshift operation

1-2, 2-3 and 3-4 upshifts should take place, and shift points should be conformed to the shift program (See page AT-37).
(2) Inspection of lockup mechanism
(a) Drive the vehicle in the $D$ range at a STEADY SPEED (lockup ON) of about $85 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(53 \mathrm{mph}$ ). (The lockup can be off, if the accelerator pedal is being depressed while vehicle steady speed.)
(b) Lightly depress the accelerator pedal and check that the engine speed does not change abruptly.
If there is a sharp rise in the engine rpm, it indicates that there is no lockup.
(3) Shock and slip

In the same manner, check the shock and the slippage at 1-2, 2-3 and 3-4 upshiftings.
(4) Noise and vibration Check for abnormal noise and vibration with normal driving condition.
NOTE:

- Extreme care must be exercised during check for cause of abnormal noise and vibration. These symptoms are caused often by imbalance in the drive shaft, differential, tires, torque converter and so forth.
(5) While running in the 2nd, 3rd and 4th gear of the D range, ensure that the down shift points vehicle speed limits for the 2-1,3-2 and 4-3 conform to those indicated in the gear shift points table. (See page AT-37.)
(6) Check for abnormal shocks and slippage during down shift period.
(7) While running in the $D$, 2nd and $L$ ranges, release the accelerator pedal and check the engine braking effect.


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(8) R range test

Move the shift lever to the $R$ range. While running at the full throttle, check to see if slippage is taking place.

(9) $P$ range test

Stop the vehicle on a gradient (more than 5\%). After moving the shift lever to the $P$ range, release the parking brake. Then, check that the parking lock pawl prevents the vehicle from moving.

(10) 2nd range

While running in the D range (3rd gear), check the engine brake effective when down shift to 2nd gear (2nd range) from the 3rd gear in $D$ range.
(11) Low range test

While running in the 2 nd gear of the $D$ or 2 nd range, Check the engine brake effective when down shift to 1st gear (low range) from the 2nd gear (D or 2nd range).

## GEAR SHIFT POINTS TABLE

c: Economy. P: Power, Es: Easy patterns, E: E.F.I, C: Carburetor

| (A) |  |  | 100\% |  |  |  |  |  | 0\% |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $1 \rightarrow 2$ | $2 \rightarrow 3$ | $3 \rightarrow 4$ | $4 \rightarrow 3$ | $3 \rightarrow 2$ | $2 \rightarrow 1$ | $4 \rightarrow 3$ | $3 \rightarrow 2$ | $2 \rightarrow 1$ |
| D | $E_{c}$ | E | 46-54 | 93-101 | 144-152 | 116-124 | 79.87 | 36-44 | $16 \cdot 24$ | 3-11 |  |
|  |  | C | 51-59 | 101-109 | 156-164 | 126-134 | 81-89 | 36-44 | 16-24 | 3-11 |  |
|  | P | E | 52-60 | 106-114 | 156-164 | 141-149 | 91-99 | 39-47 | 16-24 | 3-11 |  |
|  |  | C | 56-64 | 108-116 | 164-174 | 136-144 | 91-99 | 41-49 | 16-24 | 3-11 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {s }}$ | E | - | 76-84 | 116-124 | 96-104 | 64-72 | - | 3-11 |  | - |
|  |  | C |  | 76-84 | 116-124 | 96-104 | 64-72 |  | 3-11 |  | - |
| 2 |  | E | 52-60 | - | - | - | 93-101 | - | - | 93-101 | 3-11 |
|  | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{P}$ | C | 56-64 |  |  |  | 93-101 | 41-49 |  | 93-101 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{E}_{5}$ |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | - |
| L |  | E | - | - | - | - | - | 51-57 | - | 一 | 51-57 |
|  |  | C | - | - | - | - | 99-107 | 50-58 |  | 99-107 | 50-58 |

Lock up speed throttle opening: 2-7\%

| Lock up |  | ON |  | OFF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gear |  | 3rd | $41 \mathrm{~h}(\mathrm{O} / \mathrm{D})$ | 3rd | 4th (O/D) |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{C}}$ | E | $46-54$ | $46-54$ | $42-50$ | $42-50$ |
|  | C | $56-64$ | $56-64$ | $51-59$ | $51-59$ |
| P | E | $66-74$ | $66-74$ | $61-69$ | $61-69$ |
|  | C | $66-74$ | $66-74$ | $61-69$ | $61-69$ |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | E | - | $66-74$ | - | $56-64$ |
|  | C | - | $66-74$ | - | $66-74$ |

## TABLE OF FAIL-SAFE FUNCTIONS

| Code | Parts name | Contents of control | Releasing condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | C1 cylinder revolution sensor | - Emergency mode | After normal operation has been resumed, release is made when vehicle speed becomes $0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. (Flashing of Easy lamp ceases when normal operation is resumed.) |
| $\begin{array}{r} 21,22 \\ 23,24 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Shift solenoids | - Emergency mode | After normal operation has been resumed, release is made once IG is set to OFF. |
| 25, 26 | Pressure control | - Emergency mode | After normal operation has been resumed, release is made once IG is set to OFF. |
| 28.29 | Lock-up control | - No lock-up | - After normal operation has been resumed, release is made when gear shifting is made. <br> - After normal operation has been resumed, release is made once IG is set to OFF. |
| 41 | Throttle position sensor signal | - Emergency mode | After normal operation has been resumed, release is made when vehicle speed becomes $0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. <br> (Flashing ol Easy lamp ceases when normal operation is resumed.) |
| 42 | Water temperature sensor signal | - When water lemperature sensor signal lrom the engine is judged as OFF, switching to 4th lock-up takes place. | After normal operation has been resumed, release is made once IG is set to OFF. |
| 52 | Vehicle speed sensor | - Emergency mode | After normal operation has been resumed, release is made when vehicle speed becomes $0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. <br> (Flashing of Easy lamp ceases when normal operation is resumed.) |
| 55 | Neutral start switch | - When all switches are OFF ... Judged as 0 range <br> - When two or more of switches are 0 N ... Judgment is made with priority given in the following order: $N>R>L>2>D$ <br> - All other controls are executed. | Release is made when normal operation is resumed. |
| 81 | Torque control signal | - Control of engine torque reduction is prohibited during gear shifting. <br> - Control of torque reduction is prohibited during $\mathrm{N}-$ to- D or N -to-R | Reiease is made when normal operation is resumed. |

## FUNCTIONS OF GEAR CHARACTERISTIC TABLE

| Shift position |  | C1 | C 2 | C3 | CO | B1 | B2. | F1 | F0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | Parking |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| R | Reverse |  | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| $N$ | Neutral |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| D | 1st | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 2nd | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 3 rd | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 4th (OD) | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 1 st | $\bigcirc$ |  | O |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
|  | 2nd | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| L | 1st | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |

## FUNCTIONS OF EACH GEAR SHIFT CONTROL ELEMENT

| Gear shilt control element | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| Forward clutch (C1) | This clutch connects the input shaft with the rear planetary ring gear during the operation of C 3 or $\mathrm{F0}$. This clutch connects the input shaft with the front planetary ring gear during the operation of CO . |
| Reverse clutch (C2) | This clutch connects the input shaft with the planetary sun gear. |
| Coast clutch (C3) | This clutch connects the input shaft with the rear planetary ring gear during the operation of C 1 . |
| Overdrive clutch ( CO ) | This clutch connects the input shaft with the front planetary ring gear during the operation of C1. |
| 2nd \& 4th brake (B1) | This brake locks the rotation of the planetary sun gear. |
| 1 st \& reverse brake (B2) | This brake locks the rotation of the front planetary ring gear. |
| One-way clutch No. 1 (F1) | This brake locks the counterclockwise rotation of the front planetary ring gear. |
| One-way clulch No. 0 (F0) | This clutch connects the input shaft with the rear planetary ring gear while power is transmitted from the engine to the transmission during the operation of C1 |

## ROUBLE SHOOTING TABLE



## HYDRAULIC TROUBLE SHOOTING

## ON-VEHICLE REPAIR

| Condition | Parts name | Inspection |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Impossible to shift or <br> Improper shift point | Input/output speed sensor | - Check the continuity between terminals with an <br> ohmmeter. |
| No engine start or <br> erratic shift | Neutral start switch | - Adjust shift linkage. <br> - Align swith grove with neutral basic line. <br> - Check the continuity (exist or no) between the <br> terminal pairs with an ohmmeter when the shift lever <br> is positioned to each range. |

## TROUBLESHOOTING FOR MECHANICAL AND HYDRAULIC FAULTS

| Condition | Cause of failure | Direction for remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engine can not be started (or engine stall) | Selector lever linkage incorrectly adjusted | - Adjust selector lever linkage. |
|  | Neutral start switch incorrectly installed or malfunction (include wire harness) | - Adjust Neutral start switch <br> - Check Neutral start switch and replace. |
|  | Valve body assembly malfunction (especially lock-up control valve) | - Check the movement of lock-up control valve or valve body assembly and replace. |
| Will not move off in positions D, 2 and L (or slippage) | Transmission fluid level is too low | - Check and correct transmission fluid level. |
|  | Torque converter malfunction | - Check the operation of one-way clutch and replace Torque converter. |
|  | Oil pump malfunction (No main pressure) | - Check oil pump and replace. |
|  | Valve body assembly malfunction (especially Primary regulator valve) | - Replace the front valve body assembly. |
|  | Oil strainer blocked | - Clean or replace oil strainer. |
|  | Forward clutch (C1) malfunction | - Check clutch plates, seal rings, piston O-rings, gasket and replace. |
|  | Coast clutch (C3) and O.W.C. No. O (FO) malfunction | - Check the operation of O.W.C. (C3) clutch plates, seal rings piston O-rings, gasket and replace. |
|  | O.W.C. No. 1 (F1) malfunction | - Check the operation of the O.W.C. (F1) and replace. |
| Will not move off in position "R" | Transmission fluid is too low | - Check and correct Transmission fluid level. |
|  | Torque converter delective | - Check the operation of O.W.C. and replace T/C. |
|  | Oil pump malfunction | - Check oil pump and replace. |
|  | Valve body assembly malfunction (especially Primary regulator valve, 1-2 shift valve) | - Replace the front valve body assembly. |
|  | Reverse clutch (C2) malfunçtion | - Check clutch plates seal rings, piston O -rings, and gasket, and replace. |
|  | 1st \& reverse brake (82) malfunction | - Check plates, piston O-rings, gasket and replace. |
|  | Shift solenoid No. 1 malfunction | - Check solenoid No. 1 and O-ring, and replace. |
| No upshift 1-2 gear in position "D" "2" | 2nd \& 4th brake (81) malfunction | - Check band, piston O-rings and replace. |
|  | Valve body assembly malfunction (especially 1-2 shift valve) | - Replace the front valve body assembly. |
|  | Shift solenoid No. 2 malfunction | - Check shift solenoid No. 2 and replace. |
| No upshift 2-3 gear in position "D" | Overdrive clutch (CO) malfunction | - Check clutch plates, seal rings, piston O-rings and replace. |
|  | Valve body assembly malfunction (especially $2-3$ shift valve) | - Replace the front valve body assembly. |
|  | Shift solenoid No. 1 malfunction | - Check shift solenoid No. 1 and replace. |



| Condition | Cause of failure | Direction for remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No lock-up | Lock-up control solenoid malfunction | - Check lock-up control solenoid and replace. |
|  | Valve body assembly malfunction (especially lock-up control solenoid. $1-2$ shift valve, lock-up control valve, lock-up modulator valve and secondary regulator valve) | - Check valve body assembly and replace (especia: lock-up control solenoid, front valve body asserriby lock-up control valve, and secondary regulator valse |
|  | Torque converter malfunction | - Check Torque converter and replace. |
| Poor acceleration | Some solenoid malfunction | - Check solenoids and replace (shift solenoid lock-up control solenoid). |
|  | Some shift valve malfunction (especially. $1-2,2-3$ and $3-4$ shift valves) | - Replace the front valve body assembly. |

## ON VEHICLE REPAIR

Replacement of oil seal at differential side
(1) Remove the oil seal, using the following SST. SST: 09308-00010-000

## NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed oil seal.


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NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed oil seal.

(5) With the following SST used, install the new oil seal (A) to the sleeve subassembly speedometer shaft.
SST: 09921-00010-000
(6) Align the groove section (A) of gear speedometer driven (B) and sleeve subassembly speedometer shaft (C).
(7) Insert the gear speedometer driven to the sleeve subassembly speedometer.
(8) Lock the groove section (A) with the clip.


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- When inserting the oil cooler hoses at the transaxle side, ensure that the clip should be installed in line with the end of yellow paint (A) on the hose.
- Ensure that the protrusion paint section of the (A) position faces toward the upper side.
- When inserting the oil cooler hose at radiator side, ensure that the clip should be installed in line with the end of white ( $B$ ) on the hose.
- Ensure that the protrusion white section of the (B) position faces toward the upper side.

4. Solenoid for shift No. 1, No. 2 and pressure control
(1) Pull out the breather hose subassembly front axle.
(2) Remove the 12 bolts of the transaxle side cover. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed two bolts (A).
(3) Disconnect the coupler of the following solenoids.
- Shift solenoid No. 1 (A) and No. 2 (B)
- Pressure control (C)
- Lock up control (D)


## inspection

(a) Measure the coil resistance of the shift solenoid No. 1, No. 2 and lock up control between terminal and body earth.
Specified Value: 11-15 (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


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(b) Measure the coil resistance of the pressure control solenoid between each terminals.
Specified Value: $3.3-3.7 \Omega$ (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
(4) Connect the couplers of the following solenoids.

- Shift solenoid No. 1 (A) and No. 2 (B)
- Pressure control (C)
- Lock up control (D)

NOTE:

- Ensure that the each connector should be connected correctly. (A) -White, (B)-Blue, and (C)—Yellow
- There is an interchargeability between the shift solenoid No. 1 and No. 2 for installation.
(5) Remove any sealer gasket and clean the contacting surface between transaxie side cover and transaxle case.
NOTE:
- No oil get to contact surface.
(6) Apply sealer gasket to the transaxle side cover.

Sealer gasket.
Three Bond 1281 (Three Bond made)
(7) Tighten the transaxle side cover with the 12 bolts.

Tightening Torque: $13.7-20.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $1.4-2.1 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 10.1-15.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
NOTE:

- Be sure to use the new two bolts (A) as right figure illustration.
(8) Insert the breather hose subassembly front axle to the transaxle side cover.
CAUTION:
- Ensure that the breather hose should be inserted to the side cover less than $2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~A})$.
Failure to observe this caution may result the breathing out of ATF.



## Sensors

(1) Remove the battery carrier and battery.
(2) Remove the vehicle speed sensor and Cy cylinder revolution sensor by removing a bolt.
(3) Measure the coil resistance of the sensor between each terminals.
Specified Sensor Valve
Vehicle Speed: 648-792 (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
C1 Cylinder Revolution: $387-473 \Omega\left(\right.$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


GAT00095.99909
6. Valve body assembly (see page AT-104 through AT-108.)
7. Neutral start switch assembly
8. Vehicle speed and C1 cylinder revolution sensors

FUNCTION OF SOLENOID

|  |  | Solenoids |  |  | Remarks (See page) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Shift No. 1 | Shift No. 2 | Lock-up control |  |
|  | P | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |
| R | VL7 km/h | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{V}>7 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | Reverse inhibit (AT-5) |
|  | Reverse | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | Fail safe (AT-38) |
| $N$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |
| D | 1st | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |
|  | 2nd | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |  |
|  | 3 rd | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) |  |
|  | 4th (O/D) | $\times$ | $\times$ | (0) | OID Cut (AT-5) |
| 2 | 1st | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |
|  | 2nd | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ |  |
|  | 3 rd | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | AT-6 step 13 and 14 |
|  | (3rd) | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | Fail safe (AT-38) |
| L | 1st | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |
|  | 2nd | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | AT-6 step 13 and 14 |
|  | 3 rd | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | AT-6 step 13 and 14 |
|  | (1st) | $\times$ | $\times$ | $\times$ | Fail safe (AT-38) |

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

## Prior to work of removal

1. Drain the fuel pressure in the following manner.
(1) Removal of circuit opening relay.
(2) Start the engine and keep the idling condition until engine has stopped.
(3) Installation of circuit opening relay.

## REMOVAL

1. Remove the hood assembly by removing the two bolts on both left and right sides.
2. Install the front fender covers to the front fender so that the surface of fender is free from the scratch or damage.
3. Disconnect the couplers, pipe and tubes.
4. Remove the radiator cap.

NOTE:

- Do not remove the radiator cap, if the water temperature is in the hot condition.

5. Jack up the vehicle.
6. Disconnect the power steering hose.
7. Receive the power steering fluid with the suitable container (A) in advance or the like by cranking the engine.

CAUTION:

- Never cranking the engine more than 10 sec , failure to observe this caution may causes seizure of vane pump.

8. Remove the power steering pressure hose.
9. Disconnect the ground cable from the negative terminal of the battery.
10. Remove the battery and battery carrier.
11. Remove the air cleaner assembly.
12. Remove the front bumper assembly.
13. Remove the engine under cover left and right.
14. Remove the ground cable.
15. Drain the coolant (ethylene gricoal based on anti freeze solution) by removing the drain plug.


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17. Disconnect the connector of the radiator fan.
18. Remove the radiator reserver hose (A).
19. Remove the radiator inlet and outlet hose.

20. Remove the inlet and outlet hose for automatic transmission.
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed inlet and outlet hose.


22. Disconnect the engine harness at the vehicle interior side and pull out them to the engine compartment room.
23. Remove the clamp and connectors.
24. Remove the control cable assembly by removing a bolt on the lever transmission control shaft.
25. Disconnect the coupler of the ground cable.
26. Remove the fuse block assembly from the body and disconnect the connector.
27. Remove the speedometer cable.
28. Remove the two heater hose.
29. Remove the fuel pipe air hose No. $1(A)$ and fuel hose ( $B$ ).
30. Slacken the lock nut $(A)$ of the air conditioner idle pulley.
31. Remove the drive belt by loosing the adjusting bolt (B) for counterclockwise. (if equipped with air-conditioner)
32. Suspend the compressor- assembly with magnet switch using the small rope or the like.
NOTE:

- Do not separate the pipe from the engine assembly.


Remove the engine oil filter.
Remove the pulley and accessary assembly.
34. Support the engine with automatic transmission, using the chain block or the like.
35. Remove the engine front mounting from the engine lower member assembly.
36. Remove the engine mounting rear stay.
37. Remove the engine mounting rear insulator (A).
38. Remove the engine mounting rear No. 1 bracket ( B ).
39. Lower the front stabilizer by removing the bolts and nuts. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed nuts.

40. Remove the exhaust front pipe assembly by removing the lower arm bracket connecting.
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed exhaust front pipe gasket.

41. Remove the suspension lower arm subassembly on bolt left and right sides.
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed bolts.

42. Slacken the three nuts of the shock absorber in front support.


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## AT-52

43. Remove the clip and nut.
44. Separate the tie rod end, using the following SST.

SST: 09611-87701-000
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed clip.

45. Remove the right side drive shaft, using the following SST. SST: 09648-87201-000

NOTE:

- As for the removal of left side drive shaft, it is recommended to use suitable bar.

46. Remove the engine mounting left bracket by removing the three bolts.

47. Remove the engine mounting upper left bracket by removing the two bolts.
48. Remove the engine mounting left insulator.
49. Remove the engine mounting right insulator subassembly.
50. Suspend the engine with automatic transmission, using the chain block or the like.
51. Remove them from the vehicle.


Remove the exhaust manifold stay by removing the two bolts.
53. Remove the stiffener power train with the cover clutch under installed by removing the seven bolts.
54. Remove the cover clutch under from the stiffener power train by femoving the two bolts.
55. Rerrove the s:artor assembly by removing the two boits.


## AT-54

56. Remove the six bolts of the gear subassembly drive plate \& ring tightened with spacer front drive plate.

57. Remove the air cleaner bracket with surge tank No. 3 by removing the three bolts.
58. Remove the automatic transmission assembly by removing the five bolts.


Remove the assembly torque converter from the transaxle case.
NOTE:

- Since the automatic transmission fluid inside the torque converter flows out onto the floor when removing the torque converter, be sure to place a container in advance to recelve the automatic transmission fluid.

60. Disconnect the clamp of the neutral start switch.
61. Remove the control cable bracket by removing the two bolts.
62. Remove the following oil cooler tubes and hoses.
(1) Inlet hose (A)
(2) Inlet tube (B)
(3) Outlet hose (C)
(4) Outlet tube (D)

## Replacement of oil seal

Remove the oil seal from the oil pump, using the following SST (A).

SST: 09308-10010-000

## NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed oil seal.

2. Apply lithium base multi purpose grease to the lip section.
3. Drive a new oil seal into the oil pump, using the following SST with a plastic hammer.

SST: 09308-20010-000


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## TORQUE CONVEmicm

1. Measure the gear subassembly drive plate \& ring runout, using a dial indicator.

Specified Value: 0.25 mm
NOTE:

- If the runout exceeds than 0.25 mm or ring gear is damaged, replace the drive plate and tighten them.
Tightening Torque: $78.4-98.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $8.0-10.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 57.6-72.0 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

(3) Measure the assembly torque converter sleeve runout again.
NOTE:
- If the sleeve runout exceeds than 0.30 mm , replace them as an assembly.


## INSTALLATION

1. Make sure that the straight pin is inserted into the hole (A) in the illustration. Also, when replacing with a new transmission assembly, be sure to insert a straight pin positively.


## CAUTION:

- If the $A T$ should be installed to the engine with the straight pin not fitted positively in place, it may result in problems, such as seizure of oil pump bush on the torque converter sleeve, abnormal noise, cracks of the oil pump drive gear and cracks of torque converter sleeve. Therefore, be sure to check the straight pin positively in the figure.

2. Insert the breather hose subassembly front axle.

NOTE:

- If the breather hose not inserted with correctly, it may result in breathing out of ATF. Therefore, be sure to check the (A) section (ie: less than 2 mm ) in the right figure.

3. Connect the flare nut to the union with the new O-ring in place and tighten then.

Tightening Torque: $29.4-39.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(3.0-4.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 21.7-28.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{Ib})
$$

## CAUTION:

- Be sure to secure the union when tightening the flare nut. Failure to observe this caution may result in breakage of the threaded portion of the transaxle case cracks.

4. Tighten the clamp with a bolt (A).

Tightening Torque: $6.9-9.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(0.7-1.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 6.9-7.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

5. Clean the installation section of the new oil cooler hose with the white gasoline.
6. Install the new oil cooler hoses to the tubes.

NOTE:

- When inserting the oil cooler hoses at the transaxle side, ensure that the clip should be installed in line with the end of yellow paint (A) on the hoses.
- Ensure that the protrusion section of the yellow paint position faces toward the upper side.


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(A)

- Ensure that the hoses should be installed to the second spool of the radiator pipe.
For easily identification, there are identification marks on both radiator and transaxle sides on the hoses.
And also, overlength of the inlet hose is 38 mm longer than outlet hose.

7. Tighten the control cable bracket with the two bolts.

Tightening Torque: $14.7-21.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( 1.5 - $2.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 10.8 \cdot 15.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
8. Connect the clamp of the neutral start switch.
9. Ensure that the assembly torque converter is fitted positively with the automatic transmission.

Specified Dimension (A): More than 16.4 mm

## CAUTION:

- If the $A / T$ installed to the engine with the assembly torque converter is not fitted positively in place (ie: Dimension (A) is smaller than 16.4 mm ), it may result in problems, such as seizure of the oil pump bush on the torque converter sleeve, abnormal noise, cracks of the oil pump drive gear and cracks of the torque converter sleeve.
Therefore, be sure to measure the dimension $(A)$ in the right figure.

10. Tighten the automatic transmission to the engine with the five bolts.

Tightening Torque: $49.0-68.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $5.0-7.0 \mathrm{kgf-m}, 36.2-50.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{bb}$ )

## NOTE:

- Be very careful not to drop the assembly torque converter white jointing the automatic transmission with engine.




## CAUTION:

- Never make a gap between transaxle and engine. Failure to observe this caution may result in problems, such as seizure of the oil pump bush on the torque converter sleeve, abnormal noise, cracks of the oil pump drive gear and cracks of the torque converter sleeve. Therefore, be sure to securely confirm the gap.

11. Tighten the surge tank stay and air cleaner bracket with the three boit.
12. With a white boit used, temporarily tighten the assembly torque converter with gear subassembly drive plate \& ring and spacer drive plate front.
13. Tighten them over several stages with the other five bolts.

Tightening Torque: $22.6-31.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $2.3-3.3 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 16.6-23.9 \mathrm{ft}-1 \mathrm{~b}$ )

## CAUTION:

- If longer bolts other than the designated one are used, these bolts peel off the clutch lining inside the torque converter. Then, the peeled clutch lining (paper) may be lodged at the hydraulic passage, thus causing malfunctioning of the transaxle.
- If shorter bolts are used, these bolts can not withstand the rotating torque, leading to rupture at the threaded portion of the bolt.
Nominal Length (A) of Specified Bolt: $10.5{ }_{+0}^{+0.5} \mathrm{~mm}$



## AT-60

- If the specified bolt breaks off or it is inserted slantly, the threaded hole can not be corrected by means of a tap. Therefore, replace a new torque converter and a bolt ( $A$ ) specified above as a set.

NOTE:

- Prevent the ring gear from rotating by means of a screwdriver.

14. Tighten the startor assembly with the two bolts.

Tightening Torque: $36.75 \pm 7.35 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $3.75 \pm 0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 27 \pm 5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
15. Tighten the cover clutch under to the stiffener power train with the two bolts.

Tightening Torque: $6.9 \cdot 9.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(0.7-1.0 kgf-m, $5.1-7.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
16. Tighten the stiffener power train with the seven bolts. Tightening Torque:
(A): 29.4-44.1 N.m
(3.0-4.5 kgf-m, 21.7-32.5 ft-lb)
(B): $\quad 14.7-21.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $1.5-2.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 10.8-15.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$


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Tighten the exhaust manifold stay with the two bolts.
18. While suspending the engine together with automatic transmission with the chain block or the like, install them to the engine compartment room.
19. Slacken the three bolts of the engine lower mounting member subassembly.
20. Temporarily tighten the engine mounting rear No. 1 bracket (A) and engine mounting rear insulator.
21. Tighten the engine mounting rear No. 1 bracket (A), rear insulator ( $B$ ) and mounting rear stay (C).

Tightening Torque:
(A): $\quad 58.8 \pm 9.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(6.0 \pm 1.0 \mathrm{kgt}-\mathrm{m}, 43.4 \pm 7.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{bb})$
(B): $\quad 36.75 \pm 7.35 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $3.75 \pm 0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 27 \pm 5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
(C) $\times(\mathrm{A}): \quad 103.3 \pm 11.27 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(10.55 \pm 3.15 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$, $75.96 \pm 22.68 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$


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22. Tighten the engine mounting rear insulator with the two bolts.

Tightening Torque: $\quad 37.3 \pm 11.27 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ $(3.8 \pm 1.15 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$, $27.5 \pm 8.28 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

## NOTE:

- Ensure that the protrusion of the engine mounting rear insulator (A) should be inserted into the engine lower mounting member subassembly.

23. Tighten the engine mounting front insulator to the engine lower mounting member subassembly with the two bolts.

Tightening Torque: $37.3 \pm 11.27 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(3.8 \pm 1.15 \mathrm{kgf-m}$,
$27.5 \pm 8.28 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})^{\prime}$
24. Tighten the engine lower member subassembly with the three bolts.

Tightening Torque: $68.6 \pm 20.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(7.0 \pm 2.1 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$,
$50.6 \pm 14.5 \mathrm{ft} \cdot \mathrm{lb})$
25. Temporarily tighten the engine mounting right insulator subassembly.
26. Tighten the engine mounting left insulator (A) and engine mounting upper left bracket ( B ).

Tightening Torque:
(A): $36.8 \pm 7.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $3.75 \pm 0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 27 \pm 5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
(B): $\quad 46.8 \pm 7.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(4.75 \pm 0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 34.3 \pm 5.4 \mathrm{ft} \mathrm{lb})$
27. Tighten the engine mounting left bracket with the four bolts.

Tightening Torque: $\quad 36.8 \pm 7.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (3.75 \pm 0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, \\
& 27 \pm 5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
\end{aligned}
$$

28. Tighten the engine mounting rear insulator to the engine mounting left bracket.

Tightening Torque: $\quad 103.0 \pm 30.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(10.55 \pm 3.15 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$,
$75.96 \pm 22.68 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$


Tighten the engine mounting right insulator subassembly with the boit ( A ) and nut ( B ).

Tightening Torque:
(A): $\quad 36.8 \pm 7.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $3.75 \pm 0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 27 \pm 5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
(B): $\quad 18.7 \pm 4.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $1.9 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 13.7 \pm 2.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
30. With the new bolts used, tighten the suspension lower arm subassembly on both left and right sides.

Tightening Torque: $206.0 \pm 39.3 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(21.0 \pm 4.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$, $152 \pm 28.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
31. Install tie rod end to the steering knuckle.
32. Tighten the steering knuckle with the new castle nut.

Tightening Torque: $36.75 \pm 7.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $3.75 \pm 0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 27 \pm 5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
33. Install the new clip (A).

NOTE:

- When installing the new clip, be sure to align the hole section between castle nut and steering knuckle if the hole section is not in the same position, tighten the new castle nut within the 60 degree (ie: Minimum over tightening).

34. With the new nut used, tighten the suspension support on both left and right sides.

Tightening Torque: $\quad 35.3 \pm 6.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(3.6 \pm 0.7 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 26.0 \pm 5.1 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

35. With the new gasket used, tighten the exhaust front pipe assembly.

Tightening Torque: $52.0 \pm 10.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(5.3 \pm 1.06 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 38.3 \pm 7.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
36. Tighten the lower arm bracket connecting rod with the four bolts.

Tightening Torque: $65.7 \pm 26.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $6.7 \pm 2.7 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 48.5 \pm 19.5 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
37. With the bolts and new nuts used, tighten the front stabilizer.

Tightening Torque: $12.8 \pm 3.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(1.3 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 9.4 \pm 2.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{bb})$
38. With the bolts and new nuts used, tighten the front stabilizer.

Tightening Torque: $12.8 \pm 3.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(1.3 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{kgf-m}, 9.4 \pm 2.2 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
39. Tighten the engine mounting front to the engine lower member assembly.

Tightening Torque: $\quad 103.0 \pm 30.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $10.55 \pm 3.15 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}$,
$75.9 \pm 22.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
40. Coat the engine oil around the new $O$-ring in the oil filter and tighten the new oil filter with your hand until it is stopped.
41. Tighten the new oil filter approximately 0.75 over, using the following SST.

SST: 09228-87201-000

2. Tighten the compressor assembly with magnet switch. Tightening Torque: $24.5 \pm 4.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $2.5 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 18.1 \pm 3.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
43. Measure the deflection of the drive beit.

Specified Value: 7-8 mm
44. Lower the drive belt with the tension of $9.8 \mathrm{~N}(10 \mathrm{kgf}, 7.2 \mathrm{lb})$.
45. Tighten the lock nut of the idler pulley.
46. Ensure that the deflection of the drive plate within the specification above.
47. With the new gasket used, tighten the fuel hose No. 1 and pipe air hose.

Tightening Torque: $39.2 \pm 4.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
$(4.0 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 28.9 \pm 3.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{bb})$
8. Install the two heater hose.
49. Connect the connector of the fuse block assembly.
50. Install them to the body.
51. Connect the connector of the ground cable.
52. Apply soap with water around the rubber section of the engine harness.
53. Install them to the vehicle interior side and connect the coupler.


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## AT-66

54. With the new hoses used, install the inlet and outlet hoses of the oil cooler.
55. Install the radiator reserver hose (A).
56. Connect the coupler of the radiator fan (B).
57. Connect the coupler of the air conditioner (if equipped so on).

58. Install the hoses (pressure and return) of the power steering.

59. Install the ground cable.
60. Tighten the ground cable (A)
61. Install the control cable assembly.
(As for the adjustment of control cable, see page AT-13).
62. Temporarily tighten the hood assembly with the two bolts on both left and right sides.
63. Align the food with the front fender by adjusting and moving the food lock.

Specified Value
Gap: $3.5 \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
Difference in Various Points:
Not to exceed 1.5 mm
Difference in Left and Right Sides:
Not to exceed 1.5 mm
64. Install the front bumper, air cleaner, battery carrier and battery.
65. Add new power steering fluid.
66. Connect the ground cable of negative terminal to the battery.
67. Inspect the side slip (Refer to FS section)
68. Add new ATF Fluid

Fluid To Be Used: DEXRON II Capacity ( $\ell$ ):

Full, (Drain and refill): 5.7 (3.2)


## COMPONENTS (PART 1)



COMPONENTS ${ }^{\prime}$ (TMAI

$\square$


## COMPONENTS (PART 3)



## (PART 1)

(1) Stiffener power train
(2) Cover clutch housing under
(3) Plate speedometer sleeve lock
(4) Clip
(5) O-ring
(6) Gear speedometer driven
(7) Oil seal
(8) $O$-ring
(9) Sleeve subassembly speedometer shaft
(10) Clip
(11) Hose oil cooler outlet
(122) Tube subassembly oil cooler outlet
(T) Transmission oil level gauge
(12) Gauge subassembly oil leve!
(16)-ring
(1) Nut
(11) Spring washer
(18) Lever transmission control shaft
(99) Transmission wire
(30) Spacer drive plate front
(2) Gear subassembly drive plate \& ring
(2) Assembly torque converter
(2) Knock pin
22) il 郎
(26) Clamp tube
(24) Tube differential gear lube apply
(2) Retainer roller bearing
(28) Bearing cylindrical roller
(2920 Plate oil reserver
(3) Magnet (3 pieces) oil cleaner
(3) Gasket
(83) Plug whead straight screw
(3) O -rings
(3) Plug

* Elbow
(2) Union
(3) Strainer subassembly oil
(3. Plate oil reserver
(93) Clamp tube
© Tube transaxle lub apply
(41) Bearing cylindrical roller
(22) Gasket governor apply
(333) Transaxle case
(4) Oil sea!
(16) Oil seal

44 Gasket 2nd brake apply
(17) Knock pin
(4) Gasket governor apply
(4) Gasket 2nd brake apply
(30) Case subassembly transmission
(1) O-ring
(32) Plug whead straight screw

Gasket governor apply
(3) Gasket
(3) Clamp
3. Hose subassembly front axie
(57) Transaxle side cover
(3) Bracket

699 Tube subassembly oil cooler inlet
(92. Hose oil cooler inlet
(01) Shatt parking lock pawl
(2) Spring torsion
(3) Pawl parking lock
(67) Roller
(5) Rollier
(69. Spring manual detent
(50) Spring torsion
(39) Sleeve spring guide
(67 Bracket parking lock pawl
(64 Shaft subassembly manual valve lever
(11) Spacer
(12) Slotted spring pin
(83) Lever manual valve
(14) Rod parking lock
(PART 2)
(75) Gear assembly differential
(67) Case differential
(10) Washer differential side gear thrust
(3) Gear differential side
(79) Pinion differential
(80) Washer differential pinion thrust
(61) Pin straight
(23) Shaft differential pinion
(23) Bearing tappered roller
(8) Gear speedometer drive
(39) Gear differential ring
(20) Plate ring gear set boll lock
(18) Washer plate

6920 Rearing tapered roller outer
(92) Bearing thrust needle roller
(2) Race thrust bearing
(91) Pinion differential drive
(923) Gear subassembly counter driven
(83) Bearing cylindrical roller
(92) Nut
3) Race thrust bearing
(29) Bearing thrust needle roller
(97) Drum subassembly reverse clutch w/bearing
(39) O-ring
(9) Piston subassembly reverse clutch
(iou. Spring subassembly reverse clutch piston
1lel: Ring hole snap
inti Plate clutch
ilifi Disc clutch No. 3
thif Ring hole snap
(ab) Bearing thrust needle roller
fitis: Shaft subassembly input
iill Bearing thrust needle roller
fot Race thrust bearing
iin Seal ring
(ifi) Flange sun gear input
fiil. Washer thrust
in' Retainer ring
:ilis: Band assembly 2nd \& 4th brake
ili. Pin straight
iib. Bearing tapered roller
:hf Spacer counter bearing
ifit Bearing tappered roller
in: Bearing tapered roller
ins. Lock nut
(22). Gear subassembly counter drive
[71: O-ring
in Oil seal
(in. Body oil pump
14. Gear oil pump driven
is. Gear oil pump drive
iz6 Shaft subassembly stator
127 Ring seal

12 Washer clutch drum thrust
im Spring compression
i3f Piston 2nd \＆4th brake
isl O－ring
in Rod 2nd \＆4th brake piston
93 Cover brake piston
in O－ring
ifs Lock washer
13s Ring hole snap
in．Cover brake
IV．O－ring
i月．Lock plate
นi Lock nut

## （PART 3）

ki Ring shaft snap
iin．Piston 1st \＆reverse brake
if．O－ring
${ }^{14}$ ．Spring subassembly brake piston return
（Hs）Ring retainer
（uf Brake flange
＇mi＇Disc．clutch \＆flange
inil．Plate brake
（4）Flange brake
iss Ring hole snap
（ifl Race 1 way clutch inner
15i？Washer thrust
（15j）Race thrust bearing
（bib）Bearing thrust needle roller
（I5s）Ring hote snap
（I56）Clutch 1 way
figh Washer thrust
（bi）Gear subassembly front planetary ring
（50）O－ring
低i Flange front planetary ring gear
（19i）Ring hole snap
（M）Bearing thrust needle roller
（ifi）Race thrust bearing
（ige Gear assembly front planetary
iffsi Race thrust bearing
Thi Gear subassembly planetary sun
int：Bearing thrust needle roller
inji Hub overdrive clutch
（侕）Ring hole snap
（i）Bearing thrust needle roller
iftil Race thrust bearing
if Ring hole snap
ini Flange rear planetary ring gear
ind Gear subassembly rear planetary ring
（ij）Race 1 way clutch outer
if Clutch 1 way
if Retainer 1 way clutch
（in）Ring hole snap
（i79）Bearing thrust needle roller
rivi：Race thrust bearing
ivi Washer thrust
ive Ring hole snap
iss Flange clutch
iti Disc clutch
ifis：Plate clutch
in．Flange clutch
iivi Tube overdrive clutch apply
ii．Ring hole snap
iig Flange clutch
19．Disc clutch

191．Plate clutch
fis Flange clutch
18s．Ring shaft snap
isis Spring subassembly overdrive clutch return
155 O－ring
ifi Piston subassembly coast clutch
${ }^{197}$ O－ring
${ }^{10}$ Piston overdrive clutch
Drum subassembly overdrive clutch
Thing clutch drum oil seal
in Ring hole snap
\％Flange clutch
w Disc clutch
M Plate clutch
＊）Washer clutch drum thrust
Wing shaft snap
w Spring subassembly forward clutch return
in－ring
wi Piston subassembly forward clutch
in Drum subassembly clutch
il Bearing thrust needle roller
his Ring clutch drum oil seal
it Transaxle rear case

## REMOVAL

Remove the assembly torque converter.
2. Measure the starting torque of the gear assembly differential, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87711-000
Specified Value: $0.78-1.37 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{m}$

$$
(8.0-14.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm}, 0.57-1.0 \mathrm{ft} \mathrm{lb})
$$

NOTE:

- Record the actual starting torque for reference of installation of the differential assembly.

3. Remove the bolt (A) of the clamp.
4. Remove the flare nut while securing the union by means of a standard spanner or the like.
5. Pull out the neutral start switch assembly by removing the following parts toward you.
(1) Pry off the lock washer
(Never reuse the removed lock washer)
(2) Nut
(3) Lock washer and rubber plate
(4) Two boits
6. Remove the following parts from the transaxle housing assembly.
(1) Fluid levei gauge with the O-ring installed.
(2) Vehicle speed sensor with the O-ring installed.
(3) C1 cylinder revolution sensor with the O-ring installed.
(4) Boit of the coupler solenoid.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed O-rings.

7. Remove the gear speedometer driven and sleeve subassembly speedometer sinaft by removing a bolt.
8. Remove the transaxle housing by removing the 15 bolts. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed two bolts (A).

9. Pull-out the gear assembly differential toward you.
10. Clean and wipe off the gasket sealer on the contacting surface between the transaxie housing and transaxle case.


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11. Remove the six bolts of the body oil pump.
12. Remove three gaskets (for two governor apply and a 2nd brake apply) at the transaxle case side.
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed gaskets.

13. Remove the body oil pump, using the following SST.

SST: 09610-20012-000
14. Remove the plate oil reserve by removing the two bolts.
15. Remove the strainer subassembly oil.
16. Remove the spring manual detent by removing the two bolts (Firstly remove the bolt (A) and bolt (B)).
17. Remove the transaxle side cover by removing the $\mathbf{1 2}$ bolts. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed two bolts A.

18. Clamp off the solenoid wiring harness.
19. Disconnect the coupler of the solenoids for pressure control, shift No. 1, No. 2 and lock up control.
20. Remove the valve body assembly by removing the eight bolts.
NOTE:

- The numerical length of the bolts is indicating in the right figure.

21. Pull out the solenoid coupler.


GAT00195-99995

22. Remove the two gaskets governor apply.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed gaskets.

23. Turn over the lower part of the transaxle housing faces toward you.
24. Remove the ring hole snap, using the snap ring plier.
25. Pull out the cover brake (A) toward you, using the adjusting plier or the like.
26. Inspection of 2 nd $\& 4$ th brake piston stroke.
(1) Install the following SST with a dial indicator to the transaxle housing.
SST: 09351-87210-000
(2) Chock the of nole section (A) with your finger.
(3) Measure ine piston stroke while applying and releasing the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56\right.$ $113 \mathrm{f}, \mathrm{b})$ from the oil section (B).
Specified Piston Stroke: $\quad 3.0-3.4 \mathrm{~mm}$
NOTE:

- If the piston stroke exceeds than specification above, Adjust the piston rod (see page AT-120) or inspect the band assembly 2 nd \& 4th brake for damage, wear or discoloration.
(4) Remove a dial indicator.

27. Remove the ring hole snap, using the standard snap ring plier or the like.
28. Pry off the iock section of the lock plate.
29. Slacken the nut of the piston rod in conjunction with a spanner ( 9 mm ), a ring wrench ( 17 mm ) and the SST (09351-87210-000).
30. Remove the piston rod with the nut, washer, piston rod and lock washer installed.
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed lock washer.


31. Remove the washer from the piston rod.
32. Pull out the reverse clutch assembly faces toward you.
33. Remove the band assembly 2nd \& 4th brake.
34. Remove the pin straight (A).

Reference Value of Straight Pin
Length: 45 mm
Outer Diameter: 8 mm
35. Install the removed washer (step on 31) washer plate and lock nut to the SST (09351-87709-000) for avoiding the damage of the case during removal.
36. Insert the SST (Never use the air impact wrench for tightening the SST.) through piston rod hole.
37. Tighten the SST until hole snap ring is free.
38. Remove the ring hole snap.
39. Slacken the SST for 2 to 4 notches then apply the compressed air through oil hole (B).
40. Remove the cover brake piston, piston with the O-ring installed and compression spring.
41. Slacken the ten bolts of the transaxle rear cover.
42. Lightly and uniformly tap the two rib sections of the transaxle rear cover, using a plastic hammer.
43. Remove the ten bolts.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed two bolts A.

44. Pull out the transaxle rear cover toward you with the forward clutch, subassembly installed.
45. Remove the five gaskets (for governor apply and 2nd brake apply).
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed gaskets.

46. Remove the planetary carrier for front/rear ring gear and gear assembly sun (A) with following integral bearing installed.

Integral Bearing With Race
Outer: 32.3 mm
Inner: 19.0 mm
Race Thickness: 2.7 mm
47. Pull out them (A) toward you.
48. Inspection of 1 st \& reverse brake piston stroke.
(1) Measure the piston stroke while applying and releasing the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-\right.$ $113 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ ) through oil hole section (A), using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87210-000
Specified Value: 1.4-2.2 mm
NOTE:

- If the piston stroke exceeds than specification above, inspect the flanges, discs or replace them.


19. Remove the ring hole-snap, using the tlat ariver.
20. Remove the flange brakes $(F)$, disc, clutch \& flanges (D) and plate brakes $(\mathrm{P})$ in the following order.

$$
\mathrm{F} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F}
$$

51. Remove the ring retainer and return spring subassembly brake piston return.
52. Remove the piston 1st \& reverse brake with O-ring installed while applying and releasing the compressed air 392-784 $\mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-113 \mathrm{ft}\right.$-ib) through oil hole section (A).

## NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed O-rings.
- If the piston will not pop out, it is recommended to use needle nose pliers for removal.

53. Remove the pawl parking lock and bracket parking lock pawl by removing the tow bolts.
54. Pry off the spring torsion of pawl parking lock.
55. Remove the pawl parking lock by pulling out the shaft parking lock pawi with the spring torsion installed.
56. Pull out the gear subassembly counter driven toward you.
57. Remove the integrated needle roller bearing with race.

Race Dimension
Outer Diameter: 65.7 mm
Inner Diameter: 51.0 mm
Thickness: 2.8 mm
58. Remove the tube transaxle lube apply by removing a bolt.
59. Measure the starting torque of the gear subassembly counter drive, using the torque wrench and following SST.

SST: 09351-87718-000
Specified Value
Torque Wrench: $0.49-3.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $0.5 \cdot 4.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm}, 0.36-3.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{bb}$ )
60. Unstake the lock sections of lock nut. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed lock nut.



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61. Clamp the SST (09351-87717-000) in a vice and place the transaxle housing onto the SST above.
62. Measure the transaxle housing rotational torque, using the push-pull gauge or the like.

Specified Value: $1.27-10.3 \mathrm{~N}$

$$
(0.13-1.05 \mathrm{kgf}, 0.28-2.3 \mathrm{lb})
$$

63. Remove the lock nut.
64. Remove the SST (09351-87717-000) from the vice.
65. Press the gear subassembly counter drive, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87715-000
66. Remove the spacer counter bearing.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed spacer counter bearing as it is for crushable type.

67. Collapse the outer race of the bearing tapered roller of the gear subassembly counter drive.
68. Remove the inner race of the bearing tapered roller, using the following SST.

SST (A): 09351-87703-000
(B): 09351-87704-000
(C): 09351-87715-000
. Remove the ring shaft snap (A)
70. Press the outer race of the transaxle case, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87720-000

71. Collapse the spacer, using the chiesel and hammer or the like.
72. Remove the slotted spring pin, using the pin punch or the like.
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed spacer and slotted spring pin.
'3. Remove the shaft subassembly manual valve lever, lever manual valve and oil seal.
NOTE:
- Never reuse the removed oil seal.


## OIL PUMP COMPONENT



## DISASSEMBLY OF OIL PUMP

GATOO220-9g909

1. Remove the two seal rings and washer clutch drum thrust from the shaft subassembly stator back side. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed ring seals once removed.

2. Remove the shaft subassembly stator by removing the eight torx bolts, using the torx wrench.
3. Remove the oil seal.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed oil seal.


## INSPECTION OF OIL PUMP

1. Push the gear oil pump driven to one side of the body oil pump. Measure the body clearance of the oil pump driven gear, using a feeler gauge.

Specified Body Clearance: $0.075-0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$
Maximum Body Clearance: 0.3 mm
If the body clearance is greater than the maximum, replace the body oil pump and shaft subassembly stator.

2. Measure the tip clearance of gear oil pump driven between the gear oil pump drive teeth and the crescent-shaped part of the pump body.

Specified Tip Clearance: $0.004-0.248 \mathrm{~mm}$
Maximum Tip Clearance: 0.3 mm
If the tip clearance is greater than the maximum, replace the body oil pump and shaft subassembly stator.
3. Measure the side clearance of both gears, using a steel straightedge and a feeler gauge.

Specified Side Clearance: $0.02-0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$
Maximum Side Clearance: 0.1 mm

The drive and driven gears come in three different thicknesses.

Drive $=(A)$ and Driven Gear $=(B)$ Thickness (unit: mm)

| $(A)$ | $(8)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $9.440-9.449$ | $9.440-9.449$ |
| $9.450-9.459$ | $9.450-9.459$ |
| $9.460-9.470$ | $9.460-9.470$ |
| $9.471-9.480$ | $9.471-9.430$ |
| $9.481-9.490$ | $9.481-9.490$ |



If the thickest gear can not make the side clearance within the specification, replace the assembly or body oil pump and shaft subassembly stator.

## ASSEMBLY OF OIL PUMP

1. Installation of oil seal

Install a new oil seal, using the following SST in combination with a hammer. The seal end should be flush with the outer edge of ine pump body. (see page AT-55)

SST: 09351-32140-000
2. Install the gear oil pump driven and gear oil pump drive. Make sure that the top of the gears are facing upward.
3. Tighten the eight torques bolts.

NOTE:

- Be sure to tighten the bolts alternately and uniformly. (The right figure indicates a typical example of the tightening sequence.)
Tightening Torque: $9.8-13.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(1.0-1.4 kgf-m, $7.2-10.1 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

4. Install the two new ring seals


NOTE:

- Do not spread the ring end excessively.

5. Coat the washer clutch drum thrust with vaseline and install them.
6. Check of gear oil pump drive and gear oil pump driven rotation
Turn the gear oil pump drive with two screwdrivers and make sure it rotates smoothly.
CAUTION:


- Be very careful not to damage the oil seal lip.


## FORWARD CLUTCH (C1) COMPONENTS



1. Measurement of piston stroke
(1) Install the forward clutch (C1) assembly to the transaxle rear cover.
(2) Measure the piston stroke while applying and releasing the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{~kg} / / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-\right.$ 113 psi ) through oil hole section (A), using a dial indicator.
Specified Piston Stroke: $0.76-1.44 \mathrm{~mm}$

## NOTE:

- The front end of a dial gauge should be contacted to the piston directly.


## DISASSEMBLY

(3) If the piston stroke is greater than maximum, disassembly the inner parts.
(4) Remove the flange, discs and plates by removing the hole snap ring in the following order.

F = Flange Clutch
D = Disc Clutch
$P=$ Plate Clutch

$$
F \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P}
$$


（5）Remove the washer thrust．
（6）Remove the spring subassembly forward clutch return by removing the ring shaft snap，using the following SST．
SST：09351－87708－000

## NOTE：

－Stop to tighten the SST when the ring shaft snap is free．

## CAUTION：

－Never drop the protrusion section of the forward clutch drum，Failure to observe this caution way cause the malfunction of C1 cylinder revolution sensor．
（7）Install the piston subassembly forward clutch to the transaxle rear cover．
（8）Remove the piston subassembly forward clutch with the O－rings installed through oil hole（A），using the com－ pressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-113 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ ．
NOTE：
－If the piston will not pop out，it is recommended to use needle－nose pliers for removal．
－Never reuse the removed O－rings．
（9）Remove the ring clutch drum oil seals of the drum sub－ assembiy forward clutch（B）and transaxle rear cover （A）．

## INSPECTION

1．Check that the sliding surfaces of the discs，plates and flanges are not worn or burnt．If necessary，replace them．
NOTE：
－If the lining of the disc is exfoliated or discolored，or even a part of the printed numbers（A section AD506）is defaced，replace all discs．
－Before assembling new discs，soak them in the ATF for at least two hours．

2．Measure the height of the spring subassembly forward clutch return．

Specified Value： 22 mm

## NOTE：

－Do not apply excessive measuring force when measur－ ing the height of the spring．Perform the measurement at several points．

3. Ensure that creaking noise of the ball $(A)$ is emitted when shaking the piston subassembly forward clutch clockwise and counterclockwise. (Namely, ensure that the ball is free.)
4. Check that the valve exhibits no leakage from the backside of oil hole (A) by applying the low-pressed air.

## ASSEMBLY

1. Coat the new ring clutch drum oil seals with the ATF.
2. Insta!l them to the transaxle rear case ( $A$ ) and drum subassembly forward clutch (B).
NOTE:

- Do not spread the ring ends excessively.
- Make sure that the opening ends of the oil seal rings are not lined up so as to prevent fluid leakage.

3. Coat the new O-rings with the ATF.
4. Install the new O-rings to the piston subassembly forward clutch.
5. Press the piston subassembly forward clutch to the drum subassembly clutch with your fingers.

## NOTE:

- Make sure that the O-ring is not to twisted or deviated from position during insertion of the piston.

6. Place the spring subassembly forward clutch return.
7. Install the ring shaft snap, using the following SST and standard snap ring plier.

SST: 09351-87708-000

## NOTE:

- Make sure that the ring end are not aligned with spring retaine claw.


8. Remove the aforesaid SST.
9. Install the ring hole snap by installing the plates $(\mathrm{P})$, disces (D) and flange in the following order.

$$
\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F}
$$

## NOTE:

- Ensure that the flat end of flange faces toward the upper side (A). Also, make sure that the opening end of ring is not aligned with the groove section.

10. Coat the race ( $A$ ) and washer clutch drum thrust $(B)$ with the vaseline.

Race Dimension:
Unit: mm

| Outer diameter | 30.3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inner diameter | 19.1 |
| Thickness | 2.7 |

11. Instail them to the drum subassembly clutch.

12. Measure the piston stroke of the piston subassembly forward clutch again.


## JVERDRIVE (CO) \& COAST (C3) CLUTCHES



GAT00243-999P9

1. Measurement of piston stroke for overdrive and coast clutches.
(1) Install the piston subassembly forward clutch and overdrive/coast clutch assembly to the transaxle rear cover.
(2) Measure the piston stroke while applying and releasing the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-\right.$ $113 \mathrm{psi})$ through oil hole of (A) and (B) section, using a dial indicator and following SST.
SST: 09351-87203-000


Specified Piston Stroke:
(A) ..... Overdrive Clutch: $0.75-1.05 \mathrm{~mm}$
(B) ..... Coast Clutch: $2.68 \cdot 3.02 \mathrm{~mm}$

NOTE:

- If the piston stroke is greater than maximum, select the flanges or disassembly the inner parts.


## DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the flanges ( F ), discs ( D ) and plate ( P ) of the overdrive clutch in the following order by removing the ring hole snap.

$$
F(A) \rightarrow D \rightarrow P \rightarrow D \rightarrow F
$$

## NOTE:

- Measure the thickness of removed flange (A) and record it for the reference of piston stroke confirmation.

2. Remove the tube overdrive clutch apply.

3. Remove the spring subassembly overdrive clutch return by removing the ring shaft snap, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87707-000

## NOTE:

- To prevent the spring seat deformation, be sure to keep a clearance of $1-2 \mathrm{~mm}$ between return spring seat subassembly and shaft snap ring.


5. Install the forward clutch assembly, piston subassembly coast clutch with the piston overdrive clutch installed.
6. Remove the piston subassembly coast clutch with the O-rings installed, using the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}$ ( $4-8 \mathrm{kgt} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-113 \mathrm{psi}$ ) through oil hole (B).
7. Remove O-rings from the piston.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed O-rings.


Remove the piston overdrive clutch with the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-113 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ through oil hole (A).
9. Remove the O-rings from the piston.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed O-rings.


## INSPECTION

1. Check that the sliding surfaces of the discs, plates and flanges are not worn or burnt. If necessary, replace them.
NOTE:

- If the lining of the disc is exfoliated or discolored, or even a part of the printed numbers is defaced, replace all discs.
- Before assembling new discs, soak them in the ATF for at least two hours.
(A): O/drive
2A02
(B): Coast .............. AD50GA010

2. Measure the height of the piston subassembly coast clutch. Specified Value: 18.9 mm

## NOTE:

- Do not apply excessive measuring force when measuring the height of the spring. Perform the measurement at several points.

3. Ensure that creaking noise of the ball is emitted when shaking the piston clockwise and counterclockwise. (Namely, ensure that the ball is free.)

## ASSEMBLY

1. Coat the new $O$-rings with the ATF.
2. Install them to the pistons.
3. Set the piston subassembly coast clutch to the piston overdrive clutch by pushing with your fingers.
4. Press the overdrive and coast clutch piston to the drum subassembly overdrive clutch.

- Make sure that the O-rings are not twisted or deviated from position during insertion of the piston.


GAT00251-99999

5. Install the spring subassembly overdrive clutch return, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87707-000
6. Install the ring shaft snap.

NOTE:

- To prevent the spring seat deformation, be sure to keep a clearance of $1-2 \mathrm{~mm}$ between spring seat and ring.
- Ensure that the opening end of ring are not aligned with the claw section of the return spring seat subassembly.


7. Select and measure the correct thickness of the coast clutch flange (B).

Parts Availability
Unit: mm

| Thickness | Pars nurber |
| :---: | :--- |
| 3.6 | $35635-87706$ |
| 3.8 | $35635-87708$ |
| 4.0 | $35635-87709$ |

8. Instail the flange (F), discs (D) and plate (P) of the coast clutch in the following order.

$$
\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{~A}) \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{~B})
$$

NOTE:

- Be sure to confirm the flat section of the flange ( B ) which is selected in the step 7 faces toward the piston side and also flange (A) faces toward the upper side.

9. Install the ring hole snap.

NOTE:

- Ensure that the opening end of ring are not aligned with the groove section of the drum.

10. Install the tube overdrive clutch apply.

. Install the flanges (F), discs (D) and plate of the overdrive clutch in the following order.

$$
\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{~A}) \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F}(\mathrm{~B})
$$

## NOTE:

- Be sure to confirm the flat section of the flange $(B)$ which is selected in the step 11 faces toward the piston side and also flange $(B)$ faces toward the upper side.

3. Install the ring hoie snad.

NOTE:

- Ensure that the opening end of ring are not aligned with the groove section of the drum.

14. Install the forward clutch assembly and clutch assembly overdrive direc: multiple D to the transaxie rear cover.
15. Measure the piston stroke again, using a dial indicator and the following SST.

SST: 09351-87203-000
Specified Piston Stroke
(A) ..... Overdrive Clutch: $0.75 \cdot 1.05 \mathrm{~mm}$
(B) ..... Coast Clutch: $2.68-3.02 \mathrm{~mm}$


GATO0000-99309


## FRONT AND REAR PLANETARY RING GEAR


(1) Race I way clutch inner
(2) Washer thrust
(3) Race thrust bearing
(4) Bearing thrust needle roller
(5) Ring hole snap
(6) Clutch 1 way clutch
(7) O-ring
(8) Gear subassembly front planetary ring
(9) 0 -ring
(10) Flange front planetary ring gear
(1) Ring hole snap
(12) Bearing thrust needie roller
(13) Race thrust bearing
(14) Gear assembly planetary
(15) Race thrust bearing
(16) Gear subassembly planetary sun
(17) Bearing thrust needle roller
(1i8) Hub overdrive clutch
(19) Ring hole snap
(20) Bearing thrust needie roller
(21) Race thrust bearing
(22) Ring hole snap
(23) Flange rear planetary ring gear
(24) Gear subassembly rear planetary ring
(29) Race 1 way clutch outer
(23) Clutch I way
(22) Retainer 1 way clutch
(28) Ring hole snap
(29) Bearing thrust needle roller
(90) Race thrust bearing
(31) Washer thrust

## Pperation check of 1 way clutches

Install the forward clutch assembly and overdrive/coast clutch assembly to the transaxle rear cover.
2. Instal! the planetary ring gear assembly to the forward clutch and install the 1 way clutch No. 0 (F0) to the planetary ring gear faces toward the front side.
NOTE:

- Ensure that the one-way clutch No. 0 (F0) turns freely when turned clockwise (A) and locked when turns counterclockwise (B).


3. Remove the planetary ring gear assembly from the forward clutch assembly.
4. Turn over the planetary ting gear assembily.
5. Ensure that the one-way clutch No. 1 (F1) turns freely when turned counter clockwise (A) and locked when turns clockwise (B).


## DISASSEMBLY - No. 1 (F1)

1. Remove the following parts by removing the ring snap hole (A).

- Hub overdrive clutch (B)
- Gear assembly planetary (C)
- Two race thrust bearings (D)

2. Pull out the bearing thrust needle roller.

Reference Valve for Bearing Unit: mm
Outer Diameter ... Approx: 83.2 mm
Inner Diameter ... Approx: 68.3 mm
Thickness .......... Approx: 2.6 mm
3. Turn over them.

4. Remove the clutch 1 way No. 1 (F1) by removing the ring hole snap.

5. Remove the washer thrust $(A)$ and race thrust bearing $(B)$. Reference Value for (A) and (B)

Unit: mm

|  | (A) | (B) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outer diameter ......... Approx | 85.3 | 80.2 |
| Inner diameter .......... Approx | 70.0 | 68.3 |
| Thickness ................. Approx | 2.0 | 0.8 |

6. Remove the bearing thrust needle roller.

Reference Value for Bearing
Outer Diameter ... Approx: 83.2 mm
Inner Diameter ... Approx: 64.9 mm
Thickness .......... Approx: 2.7 mm
7. Remove the O-ring.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed O-ring

8. Turn over them.
9. Remove the flange front planetary ring gear by removing the ring snap.
10. Remove the O-ring.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed O-ring


## INSPECTION

1. Visually check the discolored or scratch for the following parts.
(A) Outer periphery of one-way clutch No. 1 inner race.
(B) Outer periphery of roller.
(C) Inner periphery of gear subassembly rear planetary ring.


Coat a new O-ring with ATF.
Install a new O-ring.
6. Place the bearing thrust needle roller.

Reference Value for Bearing Unit: mm
Outer Diameter ... Approx: 83.2
Inner Diameter .... Approx: 68.4
Thickness ............ Approx: 2.7
7. Coat the race thrust bearing $(A)$ and washer thrust $(B)$ with ATF.
8. Install them.

Reference Value for $(A)$ and $(B) \quad$ Unit: $m m$

|  | $(A)$ | (B) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Outer diameter ......... Approx | 80.2 | 85.3 |
| Inner diameter .......... Approx | 68.3 | 70.0 |
| Thickness ................ Approx | 0.8 | 2.0 |

9. Set the inner race and clutch 1 way.

NOTE:

- Ensure that the D section (shorter than rear) of the inner race faces toward the front side.
- Ensure that the thinny section (E) of clutch 1 way faces toward the frunt side.

10. Install the clutch 1 way No. 1 (F1) with the ring hole snap.

11 Turn over them.
12. Coat the two race thrust bearings ( D ) with ATF.
13. Install the gear subassembly planetary (C), hub overdrive clutch ( $B$ ) with the ring hole snap.
14. Install the two race thrust bearings (D).
15. Check the oreration of clutch 1 way.


## Disassembly No. 0 (F0)

1. Remove the washer thrust, race thrust bearing (A) and bearing thrust needle roller (B).

Race (A) and Bearing (C) Dimension Unit: mm

|  | (A) | (B) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outer diameter ......... Approx | 29.4 | 70.8 |
| Inner diameter .......... Approx | 19.6 | 57.2 |
| Thickness ................. Approx | 0.8 | 2.7 |

2. Remove the retainer 1 way ciutch with bearing thrust needie roller by removing the ring hole snap.

## INSPECTION

1. Visually check the discolored or scratch of the following parts.
(A) Outer periphery of clutch 1 way
(B) Inner periphery of race clutch outer
(C) Inner periphery of gear subassembly rear planetary ring

## Assembly

1. Set the clutch 1 way to the race 1 way clutch outer and gear subassembly rear planetary ring.
NOTE:

- Ensure that the thinny section ( E ) of clutch 1 way faces toward the front side.


Turn over them.
Install the ring hole snap.
6. Coat the race thrust bearing (B). bearing thrust needie roller (C) and washer thrust with ATF.
7. Install them.

Race (A) and Bearing (C) Dimension Unit:mm

|  | (B) | (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outer diameter …...... Approx | 29.4 | 70.8 |
| Inner ciarteter ......... Approx | 19.6 | 57.2 |
| Thickness ............... Approx | 0.8 | 2.7 |

8. Operation check of one-way clutches
(1) Instali the forward clutch assembly and overdrive/coast clutch assembly to the transaxle rear cover.
(2) Install the planetary ring gear assembly to the forward clutch and install the 1 way clutch No. 0 (FO) to the planetary ring gear faces toward the front side.
NOTE:

- Ensure that the one-way clutch No. 0 (FO) turns freely when turned clockwise (A) and locked when turns counterclockwise (B).

GATO9503-99999


## REVERSE CLUTCH



GAT00282.99999

1. Measurement of pack clearance
(1) Remove the shaft subassembly input with the washer thrust installed by removing the ring retainer.

(2) Remove the ring hole snap of the drum subassembly reverse clutch w/bearing.

(3) Remove the shaft assembly input with the race thrust bearing, bearing thrust needle roller and bearing thrust needle rolier installed.
(4) Install the flange sun gear input (washer thrust installed) with the ring retainer.
(5) Mount the drum subassembly reverse clutch w/bearing to the body oil pump.
(6) Measure the pack clearance with the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right.$, $\left.56-113 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ through oil hole section (A), using a dial indicator.
Specified Value: $0.64-1.50 \mathrm{~mm}$

## NOTE:

- To prevent air leakage from the oil hole section (A) during the pack clearance measurement with the air nozzle gun, it is recommended to plug the oil hole section around the air nozzle gun with the clean cloth or the like because the pack clearance can not be measured.
- If it is difficult to obtain the correct specified value above, it is recommended to make the plate (Thickness: approximately 3 mm ) in line with the shape around the oil hole section ( $B=$ doting line as shown in the illustration above).


## DISASSEMBLY

Remove the drum subassembly reverse clutch w/bearing from the body oil pump.
2. Remove the flange sun gear input with the washer thrust installed by removing the ring retainer.


GATO0296.99999

3. Remove the disc clutches No. 3 (D) and plate clutches (P) in the following order.

$$
\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D}
$$

4. Remove the spring assembly reverse clutch return by removing the ring snap. using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87707-000
NOTE:

- To prevent the deformation of seat spring, it is recommended to compress the seat spring until the claw section of the snap ring is free.

5. Mount the drum subassembly reverse clutch w/bearing to the body oil pump.
6. Remove the piston subassembly reverse clutch by blowing the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}\left(4-8 \mathrm{kgf} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 56-113\right.$ $\mathrm{psi})$ through oil hole section (A).
7. Remove the two O-rings from the piston.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed O-rings.


## INSPECTION

1. Check that the sliding surfaces of the disc and plate are not worn or burnt. If necessary, replace them.
NOTE:

- If the lining of the disc is exfoliated or discolored, or even a part of the printed numbers (2A02) is defaced, replace all discs.
- Before assembling new discs, soak them in the ATF for at least two hours.

2. Ensure that creaking noise of the ball is emitted when shaking the piston subassembly reverse clutch clockwise and counterclockwise. (Namely, ensure that the ball is free.)
3. Check that the value exhibits no leakage by applying the low-pressed air onto the ball (A).
4. Measure the height of the spring subassembly reverse clutch return.

Specified Value: 18.7 mm

## NOTE:

- Do not apply excessive measuring force when measuring the height of the spring. Perform the measurement at several points.


Check that the outer periphery of the drum subassembly reverse clutch w/bearing are not worn or burnt. If necessary, replace them.

## ASSEMBLY

1. Coat a new O-ring with the ATF.
2. Install them to the piston.
3. Press the spring subassembly reverse clutch return into the drum subassembly reverse clutch w/bearing with the cup side up.
NOTE:

- Being careful not to twist or device the O-rings during installation.

4. Place the spring subassembly reverse clutch return onto the piston subassembly reverse clutch.
5. Install the ring snap, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87707-000

## NOTE:

- To prevent the spring seat deformation, be sure to keep a clearance of 1.2 mm between return spring seat and shaft snap ring.


6. Install the plate clutches (P) and disc clutches No. 3 (D) in the following order with the hole snap ring,
$\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D}$

## NOTE:

- Ensure that flat end section of the plates faces toward the piston side.


7. Install the flange sun gear input with the ring retainer.

8. Measure the pack clearance (refer to step 1).
9. Remove the reverse clutch from the body oil pump.
10. Remove the flange sun gear input by removing the ring retainer.

GATOCZ90.000:
11. Coat a race with integrated needle roller bearing $(A)$ with the vaseline.
12. Install them to the input gear.

Race with Bearing Dimension
Race Outer Diameter: 31.1 mm
Inner Diameter: 18.7 mm
Thickness: 2.6 mm

13. Coat a race ( $B$ ) with the vaseline.
14. Install them to the input gear.

Race Dimension
Outer Diameter: 33.3 mm
Inner Diameter: 21.7 mm
Thickness: 2.0 mm
GATO0301-00000
15. Coat the washer thrust with the vaseline.
16. Install them to the shaft assembly input.


## COUNTER DRIVEN GEAR


(1) Bearing thrust needle roller
(5) Bearing cylindrical roller
(2) Race thrust bearing
(6) Lock nut (vehicle speed sensor)
(3) Pinion differential drive
(7) Race thrust bearing
(4) Gear subassembly counter driven
(8) Bearing thrust needle roller

## DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the transaxie housing.
2. Clamp the SST (09351-87719-000) in a vice.
3. Unstake the lock section of the lock nut for vehicle speed sensor.
4. Remove the lock nut for vehicle speed sensor, using the following SST. SST (A): 09351-87716-000

5. Remove the cylindrical roller bearing by pressing the pinion differential drive, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87719-000


## ASSEMBLY

1. Press the pinion differentia! drive to the gear subassembly counter driven, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87719-000

2. Coat the inner periphery of the new bearing cylindrical roller with the ATF.
3. Press the bearing cylindrical roller, using the following SST.

SST (A): 09351-87713-000
SST (B):

4. Tighten the new lock nut for vehicle speed sensor, using the following SST.

## SST: 09351-87716-000

Tightening Torque:
98.0-147.0 - N.m
( $10.0 \cdot 15.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 72.0-109.0 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

5. Stake a new lock nut. using a standard punch in combination with a hammer.

## NOTE:

- When staking the lock nut, point a suitable staking tool toward the pinion differential shaft axis center and stake the lock nut securely, as shown in the figure below. (Poor staking may cause abnormal noise.)
(1) Suitable staking tool
(2) New nut
(3) Shaft


GATO031 $1-99999$
6. Coat a race with integrated needle roller bearing with ATF.
7. Place them to the transaxle case.

Race with Bearing Dimension: Approx.
Race Outer Diameter: 65.8 mm Inner Diameter: 51.0 mm Thickness: 2.7 mm

?. Coat a race with ATF.
. . Place them to the race with integrated needle roller bearing. Race Dimension: Approx.

Outer Diameter: 45.7 mm
Inner Diameter: 30.0 mm
Thickness: 3.0 mm
10. Install the gear subassembly counter driven to the transaxle case. (see page AT-112 to AT-122).
11. Install the transaxle case assembly to the vehicle (see page AT-56 to AT-67).

VALVE BODY


## DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the valve body from the transaxle case assembly.
2. Pull out the valve manual.
3. Remove the followings solenoid by removing the bolts.
(A)...Pressure control
(B)...Shift No. 1
(C)...Shift No. 2
(D)...Lock up
4. Remove the valve body assembly by removing the nine bolts.
5. Turn over the valve body assembly.

6. Remove the four bolts of the rear valve body assembly.
7. Remove the gaskets rear valve body and plate separator together with rear valve body assembly by holding them with your hands.
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed gasket.


8. Ensure that the six balls (A), strainer oil solenoid (B) and valve checks with compression spring (C) are located in place.

9. Ensure that the valve check with compression spring of the front valve body are located in place.
10. Remove the following parts by removing the 11 bolts of the cover rear valve body.


## INSPECTION

Measure the free length and outer diameter of the compression springs.


GAT00322.99999

| Parts name |  |  | Compression spring |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Free length | Outer diameter | Identification mark |
| (1) | Valve secondary regulator |  | 47.4 | 9.5 | None |
| (2) | Valve B1 modulator controt |  | 23.9 | 7.7 | Pink |
| (3) | Valve low coast modulator |  | 32.8 | 7.6 | Red |
| (4) | Valve solenoid modulator valve |  | 28.5 | 8.0 | Purple |
| (6) | Piston accumulator |  | 42.0 | 20.9 | Biue |
| (6) | Piston accumulator |  | 29.5 | 21.0 | White |
| (7) | Valve lock up control valve |  | 64.9 | 9.6 | None |
| (8) | Valve $2-3$ shift timing |  | 21.1 | 7.7 | White |
| (9) | Valve C3 modulator |  | 35.6 | 11.0 | Light green |
| (19) | Piston accumulator | Outer | 42.0 | 21.0 | Red |
|  |  | Inner | 42.0 | 15.5 | Red |
| (11) | Piston accumulator |  | 45.1 | 21.1 | Light green |
| (12) | Accumulator counter |  | 23.8 | 16.5 | Pink |

## ASSEMBLY

1. Place the check ball $(A)$ in the cover rear valve body.
2. With the new gaskets rear valve body interposed, tighten the cover rear valve body with the bolts.

Tightening Torque: $7.9-11.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(0.8-1.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 5.8-8.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$


## AT-108

4. Ensure that the check balts ( $A$ ), strainer oil solenoid ( $B$ ) and check valve with compression spring (C) of the front valve body are located in place.
5. Place the new gaskets, plate separator and rear valve body to the front valve body assembly.
6. Hold them with your hand and turn over.
7. Temporarily tighten the rear valve body with your fingers.
8. Turn over the valve body assembly.
9. Temporarily tighten the front valve body assembly with your fingers.
10. Turn over them again and tighten the rear valve body assembly with the four bolts.

Tightening Torque: $5.9-7.3 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $0.6-0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 4.3-5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
11. Turn over them and tighten the front valve body assembly with the nine bolts.

Tightening Torque: $5.9-7.3 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $0.6-0.75 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 4.3-5.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )


## DIFFERENTIAL



## DISASSEMBLY

1. Collaps the outer race of bearing tapered roller.
2. Remove the inner race of bearing tapered roller, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87703-000,09351-87704-000, 09351-87705-000
3. Remove the gear speedometer drive.

4. Clamp the case differential in a vice.
5. Measure the gear differential side backlash while the pinion differential pushed against the case differential side.

Specified Valve: $0.06-0.22 \mathrm{~mm}$

## NOTE:

- If the gear differential side backlash exceed than specification above, proceed to remove the following inner parts.

9. Pull out the shaft differential pinion until the shaft is stopped (A) to the case differential .
10. Remove a washer differential pinion thrust.
11. Pull out the shaft differential pinion toward the $(B)$ and then remove the two pinion differentials / gear differential sides and washer differential pinion thrust.
NOTE:

- Measure the thickness of the removed washer differential side gear thrust for the reference of installation.

12. Remove the oil seals of the transaxle housing and case. NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed oil seals.

13. Drive out the race tapered roller bearing outer and washer plates, in combination with the hammer and brass bar or the like.
NOTE:

- Measure the thickness of the removed washer plates for the reference of installation.


## Inspection

1. Visually inspect the rotational sliding section between the pinion differential and the shaft pinion differential for damage and wear.


## MSSEMBLY

-1. Apply ATF to the sliding section of the gears and case.
2. Install the following parts to the differential case.
(1) Two gears differential side
(2) Same thickness of the washers differential side gear thrust
(3) Two pinions differential
(4) A washer differential pinion thrust

3. Apply ATF to the outer periphery of the shaft differential pinion.
4. Insert the haft differential pinion into case differential from (B) to (A).
5. Insert a washer differential pinion thrust.

6. Place the adjusting washer plate (same thickness of removed washer plate) to the transaxie case and housing sides.
7. Drive a new race tapered roller bearing outer into the transaxie case and housing, using the following SST and hammer.

SST: 09351-87712-000

11. Instal! the gear speedometer drive.
12. Press the new bearing tapered rollers into the case differential, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87713-000
13. Clean the contact surface of the differential case.
14. Heat the ring gear to about $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ in an oil bath. CAUTION:

- Do not heat the ring gear above $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(230^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

15. Clean the contact surface of the ring gear with cleaning solvent.
16. Quickly install the ring gear to the differential case.
17. Install a new four plate ring gear set bolt lock with the eight bolts and tighten them.

Tightening Torque:
90.2 - $103.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( 9.2 - $10.5 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 66.5-75.9 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
18. Stake the new plate ring gear set boit lock, using the hammer and drift punch or the like.
NOTE:

- Stake the plate ring gear set bolt locks securely.

19. Install the differential assembly to the transaxle case.
20. Tighten the transaxle case (see page AT-118).
21. Measure the preload of the differential, using the following SST and a torque meter.

SST: 09351-87711-000
Specified Value Preload (at starting):
$0.8-1.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(8.0-14.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm})$

- If the preload exceeds the specified value above, reselect the washer plate on both transaxle case and housing sides
- The preload changes about 0.3 - $0.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (3.0 $4.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm})$ with each plate washer thickness.
- Parts availability ... Unit: mm
2.35 (A), 2.40 (B), 2.45 (C), 2.50 (D), 2.55 ( E ),
2.60 (F), 2.65 (G), 2.70 (H), 2.75 (J), 2.80 (K),
$2.85(\mathrm{~L}), 2.90(\mathrm{M}), 2.10(\mathrm{Q}), 2.15(\mathrm{R}), 2.20(\mathrm{~S})$,
2.25 (T), $2.30(\mathrm{U})$


## NOTE:



## TRANSAXLE HÓUUSING

## -REMOVAL

1. Remove the oil seal.

NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed oil seal.

2. Remove the plate oil reserver with three magnets by removing the three bolts.
3. Remove the retainer roller bearing by removing a bolt.


GATO0348-99999
4. Remove the bearing cylindrical roller, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87703-000,09351-87706-000
NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed bearing.

Remove the integrated needle roller bearing with race.

## INSPECTION

Check of pan for particles
Remove the magnets and use them to coilect any steel chips. Inspect the oil reserver plate for any chips and particles collected on the magnet. Inspect them carefully to find out the type of wear of the transmission.

Steel (magnetic) ... Wear of bearing, gear and plate Brass (nonmagnetic) ... Wear of bush

## INSTALLATION

1. Apply ATF to the integrated needle roller bearing with race.

Race Dimension
Outer Diameter: 45.7 mm Inner Diameter: 30.0 mm Thickness: 3.0 mm
2. Place them to the transaxle housing.

3. Apply ATF to the outer periphery of bearing cylindrical roller.
4. Tap the bearing, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87712-000

5. Tighten the retainer roller bearing with a bolt.

Tightening Torque: $9.8-15.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(1.0-1.6 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 7.2-11.6 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

6. Install the tube transaxle lub apply and clamp.
7. Tighten them with a bolt.

Tightening Torque: $3.9-6.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $0.4-0.7 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 2.9-5.1 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
8. Tighten the plate oil reserver (with three magnets ... A installed) with the three bolts.

Tightening Torque: $3.9-6.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $0.4-0.7 \mathrm{kgf-m}, 2.9-5.1 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{bb}$ )

## TRANSAXLE CASE

## Removal

1. Remove the bearing cylindrical roller, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87703-000, 09351-87706-000

## NOTE:

- Never reuse the removed bearing.


## Installation

1. Apply AFT to the outer periphery of bearing cylindrical roller.
2. Tap the bearing, using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87712-000

## INSTALLATION

1. Apply lithium base multi purpose grease to the new ois seal lip section.
2. Install the new oil seal.
3. Insert the shaft subassembly manual valve lever to the transaxle case.
4. Install the new spacer and lever manual valve to the shaft subassembly manual valve lever.
5. Install the new slotted spring pin.


Rotates the new spacer approximately 180 degree.
Stake the small hole of the new spacer.
8. Press the outer race, using the following SST. SST: 09351-87720-000
9. Install the ring shaft snap to the bearing tapered roller.
10. Measurement of starting torque
(1) Install the new spacer counter bearing to the gear counter drive.
(2) Apply ATF to the bearings tapered roller.
(3) Install the gear counter drive to the transaxle case.
(4) With used the following SST, press ( 1.9 ton) the bearing tapered roller.
SST: 09351-87713-000 ... (A) 09351-87717-000 ... (B)
(5) Stop the press and rotates the transaxle case several times so as to stabilize the tapered roller bearing.
(6) Clamp the SST (09351-87717-000) in a vice.
(7) With the new lock nut used, tighten them, using the following SST.
SST: 09351-87718-000
Tightening Torque: $490.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $50.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 361 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

## NOTE:

- For easing tighten the lock nut, it is recommended to use the power torque wrench for tightening.

(10) Hook the push-pull gauge or the like in the bolt hole section of the transaxle case.
(11) Measure the rotational torque of the transaxle case. Specified Value:
$0.078-0.21 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $0.008-0.022 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 0.057-0.15 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

(13) Remove the SST (09351-87713-000 and 09351-87717000 ) from the vice.
(14) Measure the starting torque of the gear counter drive, using the following SST.
SST: 09351-87718-000
Specified Value:
$0.049-0.39 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $0.005-0.04 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 0.036-0.28 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

(15) Stake a new lock nut, using a standard punch in combination with a hammer.


## NOTE:

- When staking the lock nut, point a suitable staking tool toward the shaft axis center and stake the lock nut securely, as shown in the figure below. (Poor staking may cause abnormal noise.)


11. Coat the new O-rings with ATF.
12. Place the piston 1st \& reverse brake with the O-rings installed.
NOTE:

- Be careful not to twist or divide the O-rings during installation of piston.


13. Place the spring subassembly brake piston return.
14. Install the ring retainer by compressing the spring subassembly brake piston return with the flat drivers or the like.

$\therefore$ Install the brake flange (A). disc/clutch \& plate (P), plate

- brake $(B)$ and flange brake $(B)$ in the following order.
$\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{A}) \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{B})$

16. Install the ring hole snap.

NOTE:

- Make sure that the opening end of snap ring should be aligned with the protrusion of the transaxle case.

17. Measure the piston 1st \& reverse brake stroke by applying and releasing the compressed air $392-784 \mathrm{kPa}$ ( 4 - 8 $\mathrm{kg} / / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$, 56-113 psi) through oil hose section (A), using the following SST.

SST: 09351-87210-000
Specified Value: $1.40-2.20 \mathrm{~mm}$
18. Place the spring compression for 2 nd \& 4th brake into the transaxle case.
19. Apply ATF to the new O-rings.
20. Insert the removed lock plate with following SST to the piston 2nd \& 4th brake, cover brake piston (new O-rings installed to the transaxle case).
21. Install the piston 2nd \& 4th brake, cover brake piston with the ring hole snap by tightening the SST. (Never use the air impact wrench for tightening the SST)

SST: 09351-87709-000, 09351-87710-000
22. Temporarily install the piston rod with lock plate, new lock washer and lock nut to the transaxle case.
NOTE:

- It is recommended to protrude (approx: 2-3 mm) the head section of piston rod at the inner side of transaxle case.

Unit: mm
Pin Dimension:

|  | $(A)$ | (B) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Outer diameter | 10.0 | 12.0 |
| Length | 33.7 | 45.9 |

23. Apply ATF to the outer periphery of the three rollers.
24. Insert the rollers to the transaxle case.


GAT00371-99999
25. Apply ATF to the tube transaxle lub apply.
26. Install the tube transaxle lub apply.
27. Tighten the clamp with a bolt.

Tightening Torque: $3.9-6.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (0.4-0.7 kgf-m, $2.9-5.1 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
28. Install the band assembly 2nd \& 4th brake.
29. Install the 1 st \& reverse clutch assembly.
30. Temporarily tighten the six bolts of the body oil pump with your fingers.
31. Temporarily tighten the transaxle housing to the transaxle case with the 5 to 6 bolts.

12. Stand the transaxle (ie: transaxle housing faces toward the down side).
33. Install the front and rear planetary carrier while rotating counterclockwise and clockwise.
34. Install the sun gear with needle roller bearing.

Bearing Race Dimension: Approx.
Outer Diameter: 32.2 mm
Inner Diameter: 18.9 mm
Thickness: 2.6 mm
32. Coat a race with vaseline.
33. Install the race to the 1 way clutch.
34. Install the overdrive/coast clutch assembly while rotating counterclockwise and clockwise.
NOTE:

- Ensure that the overdrive/coast clutch locked when turns counterclockwise (A) and freely when turned clockwise (B).

35. Install the forward clutch assembly while rotating.
36. Apply following sealer gasket to the contacting surface of the transaxle case.

Sealer Gasket: Three Bond 1281 (Three Bond made)
37. Install the new four gaskets 2nd brake apply and a gasket governor apply.
NOTE:

- There are no installation direction of new gaskets.

38. Tighten the transaxle rear cover with the ten (two ... new bolts ... (A)) bolts.

Tightening Torque: $19.6-29.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (2.0-3.0 kgf-m, $14.5-21.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
39. Turn over the transaxie.
40. Remove the transaxle housing.
41. Remove the body oil pump, 1st \& reverse clutch and band assembly 2 nd $\& 4$ th brake from the transaxle case.

42. Apply ATF to the race with integrated needle roller bearing.
43. Install them to the transaxle case.

Race Dimension: Approx.
Outer Diameter: 65.8 mm
Inner Diameter: 51.0 mm
Thickness: 2.7 mm
44. Install the gear assembly counter driven.
45. Install the rod parking lock with pawl parking lock, bracket parking lock pawl and spring torsion.
46. With the spacer and torsion spring installed a bolt, tighten the bracket parking lock pawl.

Tightening Torque: $7.8-11.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $0.8-1.2 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 5.8-8.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
47. Insert the rod parking lock to the bracket parking lock pawl and connect the rod parking lock with lever manual valve.
48. Install the band assembly 2nd \& 4th brake.
49. Install the 1 st $\&$ reverse clutch assembly while rotating counterclockwise and clockwise.
50. Tighten the spring manual detent with the two bolts.

Tightening Torque: $7.8 \cdot 11.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $0.8-1.2 \mathrm{kgf-m}, 5.8-8.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
NOTE:

- It is recommended to set the neutral position between spring detent and lever manual valve and then firstly tighten the bolt (A) and (B).

51. Install the strainer subassembly oil.
52. Tighten the plate oil reserve with the two bolts.

Tightening Torque: $3.9-6.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(0.4-0.7 kgf-m, 2.9-5.1 ft-lb)


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GAT00382-99999


GAT00383-99999

3. Adjustment of rod 2nd \& 4th brake piston
(1) Fully tighten the rod piston with your hand.
(2) Loosen the rod piston for counterclockwise 3 to 3.3 turns (A).
(3) Tighten the lock nut.

Tightening Torque: $17.6-23.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
( $1.8-2.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 13.0-17.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
(4) Stake the new lock plate along with the nut.
(5) Coat a new O-ring with ATF.
(6) Install them to the cover brake.
(7) Install the cover brake to the transaxle case with the ring hole snap, using the snap ring plier.
54. Install the new two gaskets governor apply and a gasket governor apply.
55. Install the gear assembly differential.
56. Wipe off and clean the contacting surface between case and housing.
57. Tighten the body oil pump with the six bolts.

Tightening Torque: $19.6-29.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
\text { (2.0-3.0 kgf-m, } 14.5-21.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

58. Apply following sealer gasket to the transaxle case as shown in the right figure illustration.

Sealer Gasket: Three Bond 1281 (Three Bond made)
59. Tighten the transaxle housing to the transaxle case with 15 bolts.

Tightening Torque: $23.5-35.3 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
(2.4-3.6 kgf-m, $17.4-26.0 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

## NOTE:

- Ensure the (A) section of two bolts should be used with new one.



## AT-122

60. Insert the wiring harness of the solenoid connectors.
61. Coat the two gaskets governor apply with ATF and place them as right figure illustration.


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-n Coat the new O-rings with ATF.
Tighten the following parts (ie: new O-rings installed) with the bolts.
(1) Solenoid coupler
(2) Vehicle speed sensor
(3) C1 cylinder revolution sensor
(4) Transmission fluid level tube

Tightening Torque: $3.9-6.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $0.4-0.7 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 2.9-5.1 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

72. Place the sleeve lock plate.
73. Coat a new O-ring with ATF.
74. Tighten the gear speedometer driven (new O-ring installed) with a bolt.

Tightening Torque: $9.8-13.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(1.0-1.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 7.2-10.1 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

Install the neutral start switch assembly.
ro. Place the new gasket and new lock washer on the neutral start switch.
77. Tighten the lock nut.

Tightening Torque: $5.9-7.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(0.6-0.8 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 4.3-5.8 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

78. Adjust the neutral start switch assembly (see page AT-13).
79. Temporarily tighten the neutral start switch.
80. Tighten the control lever with a spring washer and nut.

Tightening Torque: $15.7-23.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

$$
(1.6-2.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{m}, 11.6-17.4 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})
$$

81. Install the automatic transmission to the vehicle (see page AT-56 to AT-67).
82. Fill the new ATF.

Fluid To Be Used: DEXRON ${ }^{\star}$ II
Capacity: $5.7 \ell$ (Full), $3.2 \ell$ (Drain and refill)

## SST

It should be noted that 09350-87704-000 contains SSTs other than those posted in this section.

| Shape | Part No. | Part name |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | $09842-87501-000$ | Sub-harness, EFI E.C.U check |


| Shape | Part No. | Part name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (5) | 09518-87701-000 | Replacer, oil seal No. 1 |
|  | 09351-87703-000 | Puller, transmission bearing |
|  | 09351-87704-000 | Stopper, transmission bearing puller |
| $\theta$ | 09351-87705-000 | Plate, disc bearing |
| $0$ | 09351-87706-000 | Guide, bearing |
|  | 09351-87707-000 | Compressor, piston spring No. 1 |
|  | 09351-87708-000 | Compressor, piston spring No. 2 |
| \% | 09351-87709-000 | Rod, brake piston |
|  | 09351-87710-000 | Plate, brake piston |
|  | 09351-87711-000 | Adapter, differential preload |
|  | 09351-87712-000 | Plate, disc |
|  | 09351-87713-000 | Replacer, bearing No. 1 |



SERVICE SPECII:umiu.v

| Item (Unit: mm) |  | Specified value | Allowable limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Run out of drive plate |  | 0.25 | - |
| Run out of torque converter at sleeve section |  | 0.30 | - |
| Oil pump clearance | Body | 0.075-0.15 | 0.3 |
|  | Tip | 0.004-0.248 | 0.3 |
|  | Side | 0.02-0.05 | 0.1 |
| Piston stroke | Forward | 0.76-1.44 |  |
|  | Overdrive | 0.75-1.05 | - |
|  | Coast | 2.68-3.02 | - |
|  | Reverse (Pack clearance) | $0.64 \cdot 1.50$ | - |
|  | 1st \& reverse | 1.40-2.20 | - |
|  | 2nd \& 4th brake | 3.0-3.4 | - |
| eturn spring with seat free ength | Forward | 22.0 |  |
|  | Coast | 18.9 |  |
|  | Reverse | 18.7 |  |
| Counter drive gear starting torque | Lock nut side | $0.49-3.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(0.5-4.0 \mathrm{kgf-cm}, 0.36-0.39 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$ |  |
|  | Case side | $0.78-2.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(0.8 \cdot 22.0 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm} .0 .57-1.59 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$ |  |
| Differential | Side gear backlash | 0.06-0.22 | - |
|  | Starting torque | $0.78-1.01 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(0.8-1.4 \mathrm{kgf}-\mathrm{cm}, 0.57-1.01 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$ |  |
| Stall revolution speed (rpm) |  | $2180 \pm 150$ for HC-E |  |
|  |  | $2500 \pm 150$ for HC-C |  |
| Time lag (second) | $N$ to D | Less than 0.7 |  |
|  | $N$ to R | Less than 1.2 |  |
| Lubrication pressure (idiling) ... D range: kPa ( $\left.\mathrm{kgf/cm}{ }^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ |  | More than $78(0.8,11)$ |  |
| Drange $\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kg} / / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ |  | Idling | Stall |
|  | Line pressure | $372-421$ (3.8-4.3, 54-61) | $\begin{gathered} 1019-1196 \\ (10.4-12.2,147-173) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Forward | 343-421 (3.5-4.3, 49-61) | $\begin{gathered} 1029 \cdot 1196 \\ (10.5-12.2,149-173) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Coast | 343-421 (3.5-4.3, 49-61) | $\begin{gathered} 1029-1196 \\ (10.5-12.2,149-173) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Throttle | 39-63 (0.4-0.65, 5.6-9.2) | 402-451 (4.1-4.6.58-65) |
| R range $\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kg} / / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ | Line pressure | 539-627 (5.5-6.4, 78-91) | $\begin{gathered} 1343-1618 \\ (13.7-16.5,194-234) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Coast | 382-431 (3.9-4.4, 55-62) | 382-431 (3.9-4.4, 55-62) |
|  | Throttle | $39-63(0.4-0.65,5.6-9.2)$ | 402-451 (4.1-4.6.58-65) |
| Applying pressure in 2nd gear $\quad \mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kgf}^{2} / \mathrm{cm}^{2} . \mathrm{psi}\right)$ | D range | 343-421 (3.5-4.3, 49-61) |  |
|  | 2nd range | More than $343(3.5,4.9)$ |  |
| Reieasing pressure 3rd gear in D range $\mathrm{kPa}\left(\mathrm{kg}_{\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}}\right.$. psi$)$ | Overdrive clutch | 343-421 (3.5-4.3, 49-61) |  |
|  | 2nd \& 4th brake | 343-421(3.5-4.3, 49-61) |  |

## AT-128

## TIGHTENING TÓnuue

| Tightening components | Tightening torque |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N.m | kgf-m | ftib |
| Transaxle housing $\times$ Transaxle case | 23.5-35.3 | 2.4-3.6 | 17.4-26.0 |
| Transaxle case $\times$ Transaxle side cover | 19.4-29.4 | 1.99-3.0 | 13.7-21.7 |
| Transaxle case $\times$ Rear cover | 19.6-29.4 | 2.0-3.0 | 14.5-21.7 |
| Oil pump body assembly $\times$ Transaxle case | 19.6 - 29.4 | $2.0-3.0$ | 14.5-21.7 |
| Transaxle housing $\times$ Inspection plugs | 5.9-8.8 | 0.6-0.9 | 4.3-6.5 |
| Transaxle housing $\times$ Drain plug | 23.5-54.9 | 2.4-5.6 | 17.4-40.5 |
| Neutral start switch $\times$ Transaxle case | 19.6-29.4 | 2.0-3.0 | 14.5-21.7 |
| Control cable $\times$ Control shaft lever | 19.6-41.2 | 2.0-4.2 | 14.5-30.4 |
| Transmission floor shift assembly $\times$ Nut | 9.8-15.7 | 1.0-1.6 | 7.2-11.6 |
| Oil reserver plate $\times$ Transaxle case | $3.9-6.9$ | 0.4-0.7 | 2.9-5.1 |
| Parking lock pawl bracket $\times$ Transaxle case | 7.8-11.8 | 0.8-1.2 | $5.8-8.7$ |
| Detent spring $\times$ Transaxle case | 7.8-11.8 | 0.8-1.2 | $5.8-8.7$ |
| Bearing stopper $\times$ Transaxle housing | 9.8-15.7 | 1.0-1.6 | 7.2 - 11.6 |
| Oil reserver plate $\times$ Transaxle housing | 3.9-6.9 | 0.4-0.7 | 2.9-5.1 |
| Tube clamp $\times$ Transaxle housing | $3.9-6.9$ | $0.4-0.7$ | 2.9-5.1 |
| Tube clamp $\times$ Transaxle case | 3.9-6.9 | 0.4-0.7 | $2.9-5.1$ |
| Transaxle case $\times$ Inspection plugs | 5.8-8.8 | 0.6-0.9 | 4.3-6.5 |
| Oil pump cover $\times$ Oil pump body | 9.8-13.7 | 1.0-1.4 | 7.2-10.1 |
| Front vaive body $\times$ Transaxle case | 7.9-11.8 | $0.8 \cdot 1.2$ | 5.8-8.7 |
| Suction cover $\times$ Front valve body | 7.9-11.8 | 0.8-1.2 | 5.8-8.7 |
| Lock up solenoid bracket $\times$ Front valve body | 7.9-11.8 | 0.8-1.2 | 5.8-8.7 |
| Rear valve body cover $\times$ Rear valve body | 7.9-11.8 | 0.8-1.2 | 5.8-8.7 |
| Valve body related other than above | 5.9-7.4 | 0.6-0.75 | 4.3-5.4 |
| Differential ring gear $\times$ Differential case (w/wet condition) | 90.2-102.9 | 9.2-10.5 | 66.5-75.9 |
| Rear cover $\times$ Inspection plugs | $5.9 \cdot 8.8$ | 0.6-0.9 | 4.3-6.5 |
| Counter drive gear $\times$ Lock nut | 490 | 50 | 361 |
| Counter diriven gear $\times$ Lock nut (for sensor) | 147.0-177.0 | 15.0-18.0 | 109.0-130.0 |

## DAIHATSU

## G200, G201

## CHASSIS

## HARNESS \& WIRING

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

## LOCK TYPE CONNECTOR

PRECAUTION:

- Disconnection and connection of each connector should be kept at a minimum level. If unnecessary disconnection or connection is repeated, it may cause unexpected troubles such as poor continuity and chattering.

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## DISCONNECTION

The lock type of the connector comes in a push release type, a pull release type, a spring lock type, an one-way lock type and so on.
After confirming the shape of the lock, unlock the lock. Disconnect the connector while holding the connector by hand.
NOTE:

- Never pull the harness during the disconnection.
- Be sure to pull out the connector straight so as not to damage the terminal.



## CONNECTION

Perform the connection until the lock is completely engaged.
After the connection has been made, ensure that the lock is engaged positively.
NOTE:

- Be sure to connect the connector straight so as not to damage the terminal.



## INSPECTION

## Tester (Volt/ohmmeter)

For the inspection, use a tester having an internal resistance of more than $10 \mathrm{kw} / \mathrm{V}$.
Use of a tester with a low internal resistance may cause wrong measurement or secondary troubles.

Sonventional type connector
When resistance measurement and/or voltage measurement is conducted at the connector section, insert the measuring probe from the back of the connector, being very careful not to damage the harness-to-terminal connections.

## Water-proof type connector

When resistance measurement and/or voltage measurement is conducted at the connector section, bring the measuring probe into contact with the terminal at the connection side of the connector.
Be very careful not to apply excessive force to the terminal at the connector side. Failure to observe this caution may deform the terminal, causing poor continuity.
As an alternative method, insert a male or female terminal into the connector terminal or connect an adequate attachment. Then, connect the measuring probe.

## TERMINAL REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

## Gemoval of terminal

Housing lance type>
Insert a miniature screwdriver through the opening section of the connector into between the locking lug and the terminal. While prying up the locking lug with the screwdriver, pull the terminal backward.
<Metal lance type>
While pushing the lance with the screwdriver, pull the terminal backward.


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## Installation of terminal

## <Housing lance type>

Push the terminal into the protruding section of the connector, until the lock is engaged completely.
Lightly pull the harness to assure that the locking has been made completely.
<Metal lance type>
Insert the terminal into the connector, until lance is locked completely.
Lightly pull the harness to assure that the locking has been made completely.

## PIN NUMBER OF CONNECTOR

(1) Pin number of female connector

The numbering is made in sequence from the left/upper position to the right/under position.
(2) Pin number of male connector

The numbering is made in sequence from the right/upper position to the left/under position.

## OPERATION OF WIRE HARNESS

1. General instructions
(1) Never pull the connectors or step on them during the wire harness transport or assembly.
(Prevention of pulling-out of terminals, connector cracks, deformation and so forth)
(2) Care must be exercised to ensure that no scratch is made to the wire harness by burrs or edges during the wire harness transport or assembly.
(Prevention of scratches to the outer trim, electrical insulators and so forth)
(3) Clamping method

In the case of resin clamps, ensure that the clamp section is fitted in the body hole.
NOTE:

- Ensure that the clamp will not be detached when it is pulled lightly in the arrow-headed direction.
(Prevention of interference due to the detachment of the clamp)
- In the case of metal sheet welded clamps, be sure to assemble the harness in such a way that the harness will not come in contact with the welded surface.
(Prevention of wire harness damage due to welding burs)


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- In case that the locating guide of the clamp position or the clamp mark is clamped, make sure that the clamp is located within the guide. As for the clamp at the clamp mark section, ensure that the clamping is made at a point within $\pm 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ ( 0.39 inch ).
(Prevention of slackness or interference)
(4) Terminals and connectors

Perform the connection of connectors positively.

- Connector with lock $\qquad$ Ensure that the locking is made.
- Connector without lock Connect the connector positively until it stops.

Retention by screws

- When the tightening torque is specified, be sure to observe the specification strictly.
(The tightening torque is posted in the table separately.)
- Ensure that the staked section may not come on the assembling surface.
- After completion of the tightening operation, lightly pull out the terminal. Ensure that there is no slackness.
- When performing other operations, care must be exercised to ensure that no connected connector is detached by pulling out the wire harness forcibly.

2. Work procedure for tightening-up type resin ciamps
<Work procedure>
When the tightening-up type resin clamps are employed, do not use any pliers, cutting pliers or the like.
<Reason>
Prevention of clamps being cut or scratched


## WIRING HARNESSES

## WARNING:

- The wire diameter and capacity of each harness have been determined to assure the normal operation of the electrical system.
- Hence, do not take power for accessories carelessly through the original wiring harness. Failure to observe this caution may cause system malfunction or fire.


## Wiring color code

- For identification purpose, each wire has its own color. Each color bears a code as described in the right table. These codes are used in the wiring diagram and will be helpful during trouble shooting.

| Code | Gr | Br | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Color | Gray | Brown | Black |
| Code | W | R | G |
| Color | White | Red | Green |
| Code | Y | L | O |
| Color | Yellow | Blue | Orange |
| Code | P | Lg | V |
| Color | Pink | Light green | Violet |

- The wire color comes in two kinds: single color and composite color. In the case of single color, the whole outer coat of the harness is of a single color.
In the case of composite color, a fine line of the second color is drawn on the harness basic color.
In this case, the code is composed of the basic color code which comes first and the second color code which comes after a hyphen.



## 'NSPECTION OF CIRCUIT WITH TESTER

If a diode is built in the circuit, perform continuity test by changing the polarities of the measuring terminals.
In case of a general type tester, ensure that continuity exists when the negative $(-)$ lead of the tester is connected to the positive ( + ) side of the diode; the positive ( + ) lead of the tester to the negative $(-)$ side of the diode. Also ensure that no continuity exists when the polarities are changed.

Since some testers have different polarities, be sure to read the instruction manual of a tester to be used for the check before using it.

The inspection procedure for light emitting diodes (LED) is the same as normal diodes. However, there may be cases where the LED emits no light, unless a tester with LED check mode is used. If an adequate tester is not available, apply the battery voltage to the LED and ensure that the LED emits light.

## INSPECTION OF SHORT CIRCUIT

(1) Remove a melt fuse or fusible link.
(2) Disconnect all connectors for loads being applied to the melt fuse.
(3) Connect a test lamp at the position where the melt fuse or fusible link was installed.
(4) Search for the sort circuit by providing the minimum conditions which make the test lamp glow.

## Example

| Short section | Connecting conditions |
| :---: | :--- |
| (A) | Ignition switch is turned ON. |
| (B) | Ignition switch and switch (A) are turned ON. |
| (C) | Ignition switch, switch (A) and (B) are turned ON with <br> relay energized. |

(5) Perform repairs or wiring harness replacement, as required.


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## Example



## JUNCTION BLOCK (Main fuse block)

The junction block assembly is located underneath the instrument panel at the driver's foot side.

## Fuse check and replacement

1. Turn the ignition switch off and remove the fuse box lid.
2. Make sure that the switch of the malfunctioning component is off.
3. Attach the fuse puller and pull out the fuse.
4. When replacing a fuse with a new one, be sure to install a fuse having a capacity specified at the caution plate.
NOTE:

- The fuse puller is provided at the junction block.
- The fuse position should be checked by holding the caution plate.

1. Defogger
2. Engine 20A
3. Radio 15A
4. Starter 10A (For HC-E \& HD-E engine)
5. Turn signal lamp 15A
6. Horn Hazard 15A
7. Wiper 15 A
8. Tail lamp (Left) 15A (For Germany) Fog 10A (For HC-E \& HD-E engine)
9. Gauge 10A
10. Tail lamp (Right) 10A (For Germany) Tail lamp 15A (Except for Germany)
11. Cigarette lighter 10A
12. Spare 20A
13. Spare 15A
14. Spare 10A
15. Headiamp (Left) 15A
16. Headlamp (Right) 15 A
17. Ignition 120 A
18. Heater 30 A
19. Stop lamp 15A
20. Dome 15A
21. Ignition 2 15A
22. Power No. 2 30A
23. Power No. 1 20A


## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF WIRING HARNESSES



HW-10
WIRING DIAGRAM
STARTER AND ALTERNATOR


## GNITION COIL AND IDLE UP




## AETER



## WIPER \& WASHER, DEFOGGER AND HEATER




## TAIL LAMP AND INDEPENDENT TAIL FUSE



## COURTESY LAMP, A/T SHIFT LOCK AND STOP LAMP



## POWER WINDOW, CANVAS TOP AND DOOR LOCK



ENGINE ECU


## 4 A/T ECU



ABS ECU


CIGARETTE LIGHTE


## IR CONDITIONER



## RADIO AND REMOTE CONTROL MIRROR




WIRE, FRONT DOOR RH (Driver's side)



HW-28
WIRE, FRONT DOOR RH (Passenger's side)


## WIRE, REAR DOOR LH




WIRE, BACK-DOOk ivu. :

$\qquad$


High-mount stop lamp

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { TO WIRE, BACK DOOR No. } 4 \\
& \text { Back door earth }
\end{aligned}
$$



## HW-34

## WIRE CONNECTION, ENGINE, EFI

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| ATT ECU (E01) | 2168 |  | Connect to -W226 |
| Back-up lamp RH (-) | G15 | G2 | Back-up lamp SW (+) |
| Body earth | Z3 | 63 | Back-up lamp SW (-) |
| Meter (0il pressure) | H5 | H6 | Oil pressure SW |
| Meter (Thermo. gauge) | H20 | H21 | Thermo. sender |
| Connect to $\mathrm{N} 31 \sim 019$ | N31 | K18 | A/C VSV ( + ) |
| A/C relay No. 2 coil (-) | K156 | K96 | A/C coolant temp. SW |
| A/C amp. | K133 | K188 | A/C cul SW |
| Radiator fan relay coil ( - ) | 14 | L2 | Radiator fan SW |
| IG SW (ST) | M1 | M2 | Starter (ST) |
| Neutral start SW (-) | M4 | M2 | Starter (ST) |
| IG SW (ST) | M1 | M3 | Neutral start SW ( + ) |
| Battery ( + ) | M13 | M12 | Starter ( +B ) |
| Battery ( + ) | M13 | M12 | Starter ( +B ) |
| IG coil (IG -) | N17 | N8 | Ignitor ( IG ) $^{\text {d }}$ |
| Ignitor (IGI) | N16 | N17 | EFI ECU (IGI) |
| Ignitor (IGf) | N18 | N19 | EFI ECU (IGf) |
| Distributor (Ne) | N25 | N26 | EFI ECU ( Ne ) |
| Fuse, IG2 (-) | N33 | N37 | Ignitor (Power source) |
| Connect to Z48-249 | 248 | N46A | Ignitor shielded meshed wire |
|  |  | N46B | Ignitor shielded meshed wire (Separation) |
| Distributor ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{-}$ ) | N47 | N48 | EFIECU ( $\mathrm{N} \rightarrow$ ) |
| Alternator (+B) | 013 | 012 | IG SW (AM) |
| Fuse, engine (-) | N31 | 019 | Alternator (IG) |
| Meter (Charge) | 020 | 021 | Alternator (L) |
| $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{B}(\mathrm{ECU}+\mathrm{B})$ | 039 | 040 | EFIECU ( + B1) |
| Connect lo 039-040 | 039 | 041 | EFI ECU (+B2) |
| Alternator ( + B) | 013 | 062 | F/L 1.25 (-) |
| F/L (Battery) | 08 | 063 | F/L 1.25 (+) |
| EFI ECU (ALT2) | $\times 195$ | 098 | Alternator (C) |
| F/L 2.0 Battery | 011 | 099 | R/B power source 1 |
| Connect to 011~099 | 011 | 0100 | R/B power source 2 |
| EFI ECU (PST) | X197 | P3 | P/S pressure SW |
| A/ indicator (L) | H24 | W9 | Shifl position SW (L) |
| A/T indicator (2) | H25 | W11 | Shift position SW (2) |
| A/T indicator (D) | H26 | W13 | Shift position SW (D) |
| AT indicator ( N ) | H27 | W15 | Shifl position SW (N) |
| AT indicator (P) | H29 | W18 | Shift position SW (P) |
| AT ECU (S1) | W27 | W28 | Shift solenoid No. 1 |
| ATT ECU (S2) | W29 | W30 | Shitt solenoid No. 2 |
| AT ECU (SL) | W136 | W202 | L-UP control solenoid |
| ATT ECU (STH +) | W203 | W204 | Pressure control solenoid ( + ) |
| A/T ECU (STH -) | W205 | W206 | Pressure control solenoid ( -1 |
| AT ECU ( $\mathrm{NC}+$ ) | W218 | W220 | Cylinder revolution sensor (NC + ) |


| Fiom |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Termínal | Terminal | Location |
| ATECU (NC - ) | W219 | W221 | Cylinder revolution sensor (NC - ) |
| Connect to $\mathrm{Z168}$ - | 2168 | W226 | Vehicle soeed sensor shielded meshed wire |
| Connect to Z168- | 2168 | W228 | Revolution speed sensor shieided meshed wire |
| A/T ECU (SPD + ) | W230 | W231 | Vehicle soeed sensor (SPD1 +) |
| ATT ECU (SPD -) | W217 | W232 | Vehicle speed sensor (SPD1-) |
| EFI ECU (02) | X27 | X28 | $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ sensor |
| EFI ECU (THW) | $\times 29$ | $\times 30$ | Water temp. sensor ( + ) |
| Connect to X35~339 | $\times 35$ | X31 | Water lemp. sensor (-) |
| EFIECU (THA) | X32 | $\times 33$ | Intake air temp. sensor $(+)$ |
| Connect to X35-x39 | X35 | $\times 34$ | Intake air sensor (-) |
| EFIECU (E2) | X35 | $\times 39$ | Throtlie sensor (E2) |
| EFIECU (IDL) | $\times 36$ | $\times 40$ | Throtle sensor (Idie) |
| EFI ECU (VTH) | $\times 37$ | X41 | Throttle sensor (VTH) |
| Connect to X38->46 | X38 | X42 | Throtile sensor (VCC) |
| EFIECU (E21) | X99 | X44 | Pressure sensor (E21) |
| EFIECU (PIM) | X43 | X45 | Pressure sensor (PIM) |
| EFI ECU (VCC) | $\times 38$ | X46 | Pressure sensor (VCC) |
| Connect to 039-040 | 039 | $\times 50$ | Injector No. 1 (+) |
| EFIECU (\$10) | X56 | $\times 51$ | Injeclor No. $1(-)$ |
| Connect to-x50 | $\times 50$ | X52 | injector No. $2(+)$ |
| Connect to $\times 56-\times 51$ | $\times 56$ | X53 | Injector No. $2(-)$ |
| Connect to $\sim \times 50$ | X50 | X 54 | Injector No. 3 (+) |
| Connect to $\times 56-\times 51$ | $\times 56$ | X55 | Injectior No. 3 (-) |
| Connect lo 248-249 | 248 | X85A | $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ sensor shielded meshed wire |
|  |  | $\times 858$ | $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ sensor shielded meshed wire (Separation) |
| Connect to - $\times 85$ | X85 | X86A | Pressure sensor shielded meshed wire |
|  |  | X868 | Pressure sensor shielded meshed wire (Separation) |
| Connect to N31-019 | N31 | X89 | EGR VSV ( + ) |
| EGR VSV (-) | X90 | $\times 91$ | EFI ECU (EVSV) |
| Connect to - $\times 50$ | $\times 50$ | X97 | Injector No. 4 (+) |
| Connect to $\times 56 \sim \times 51$ | X56 | $\times 98$ | Injector No. $4(-)$ |
| Connect to - $\times 85$ | X85 | X101A | Distributor shielded meshed wire |
|  |  | X1018 | Distributor shieided meshed wire (Separation) |
| Conned to $\mathrm{H} 29-\mathrm{W} 18$ | H29 | X183 | EFI ECU (P) |
| Connect 10 H27-W15 | H27 | X184 | EFI ECU ( N ) |
| AT ECU (VCCO) | W233 | X190 | EFI ECU (VCCO) |
| A/T ECU (WT) | W42 | X191 | EFI ECU (THWO) |
| AT ECU (VTHO) | W235 | X192 | EFI ECU (VTHO) |
| ATT ECU (E20) | W236 | X193 | EFI ECU (E20) |


| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Connect to 247-249 | 247 | X196 | EFI ECU (ECASE) |
| EFIECU (PSW) | X203 | X205 | Throtle sensor (PSW) |
| Connect to 039-040 | 039 | $\times 227$ | Rotary ISC ( + ) |
| A/C VSV (-) | K19 | $\times 231$ | EFI ECU (A/C VSV) |
| EFt ECU (E01) | 247 | 249 | Engine earth |
| EFI ECU (E1) | 248 | 249 | Engine earth |
| Body earth | 23 | 253 | Shift position SW (-) |
| Connect to 247~249 | 247 | 276 | EFI ECU (E02) |
| Connect to 247~249 | 247 | 2170 | A/T ECU (EOR) |
| Connect to 248-249 | 248 | 2178 | EFIECU (E11) |

HW-36

## WIRE CONNECTION, ENGINE, CARB.

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| ATT ECU (E01) | 7168 |  | Connect to -W226 |
| F/ 0.5 ( HA ) | 04 | A22 | Lighting SW (+) |
| Back-up lamp RH (-) | G15 | G2 | Back-up lamp SW ( + ) |
| Body earth | Z3 | G3 | Back-up lamp SW (-) |
| Meter (0il pressure) | H5 | H6 | Oil pressure SW |
| Meter (Thermo gauge) | H20 | H21 | Themo sender |
| A/C relay No. 2 coil (-) | K156 | K96 | AC coolant temp. SW |
| AlC amp. | K138 | K188 | AC cut SW |
| Radiator fan relay coil (-) | L4 | L2 | Radiator fan SW |
| IG SW (ST) | M1 | M2 | Starter (ST) |
| Neutral start SW (-) | M4 | M2 | Starter (ST) |
| IG SW (ST) | M1 | M3 | Neutrai start SW (+) |
| Battery ( + ) | M12 | M13 | Starter ( + B) |
| IG coil (IG-) | N7 | N8 | Distributor ( + ) |
| Connect to N31-019 | N31 | N37 | lgnitor (+) |
| F/L ( + ) Battery | 0102 | 02 | F/L $0.3(+)$ |
| F/L ( + ) Battery | 0102 | 03 | F/L 0.5 (+) |
| Alternator ( + B) | 018 | 012 | IG SW (AM) |
| F/L 0.3 (Rad) | 0101 | 016 | Radiator fan relay contact point ( + ) |
| Fuse, engine (-) | N31 | 019 | Alternator (IG) |
| Meter (Charge) | 020 | 021 | Alternator (L) |
| F/L 0.3 (AC) | 083 | 032 | A/C relay contact point ( + ) |
| Alternator ( +B ) | 018 | 062 | F/L $1.25(-)$ |
| F/L (Battery) | 08 | 063 | F/L 1.25 ( + ) |
| F/L 0.3 (AC) BATT | 084 | 0103 | F/L 0.3 (+) |
| ATT indicator (L) | H24 | W9 | Shift position SW (L) |
| A/T indicator (2) | H25 | W11 | Shift position SW (2) |
| A/f indicator (D) | H26 | W13 | Shilt position SW (D) |
| AfT indicator (N) | H27 | W15 | Shift position SW (N) |
| ATT indicator (P) | H29 | W18 | Shift position SW (P) |
| ATT ECU (S1) | W27 | W28 | Shift solenoid No. 1 |
| AT ECU (S2) | W29 | W30 | Shitt solenoid No. 2 |
| ATT ECU (SL) | W136 | W202 | L-up control sotenoid |
| AT ECU (STH + | W203 | W204 | Pressure control solenoid ( + ) |
| ATT ECU (STH -) | W205 | W206 | Pressure control solenoid (-) |
| Af ECU (WT) | W42 | W207 | A/T coolant temp. SW |
| AT ECU ( $\mathrm{NC}+$ ) | W218 | W220 | Cylinder revolution sensor (NC +) |
| A/T ECU ( $\mathrm{NC}-\mathrm{-}$ ) | W219 | W221 | Cylinder revolution sensor (NC -) |
| Connect to 2168 - | 2168 | W226 | Vehicle speed sensor shielded meshed wire |
| Connect to Z168- | 2168 | W228 | Revolution sensor shieided meshed wire |
| A/T ECU (SPD1 +) | W230 | W231 | Vehicle speed sensor (SPD1 +) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| ATT ECU (SPO1 -) | W217 | W232 | Vehicle speed sensor <br> (SPD1 - - |
| Connect to N31-019 | N31 | X8 | Idle up VSV ( + ) |
| AT ECU (E20) | W23 | X39 | Throtle sensor (E20) |
| Af ECU (VTH) | W21 | X41 | Throtile sensor (VTH) |
| AT ECU (VCC) | W19 | X42 | Throtlle sensor (VCC) |
| Idie up VSV (-) | X9 | X152 | Idle up relay contact <br> point ( + ) |
| Connect to N31~019 | N31 | Y5 | Fuel cut |
| Connect to N31~019 | N31 | Y14 | Outer vent |
| Body earth | Z3 | Z53 | Shift position SW ( - ) |
| Engine earth | Z49 | Z170 | ATT ECU (EO22) |

## IIRE CONNECTION, COWL, EFI L.H.D. (EC Spec.)

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Termina! | Terminal | Location |
| Batted with W199 | W199 | (A) | Batted with 2116 |
| Headlight LH (+) | A2 | A1A | J/C 1 |
| J/B 6 (Headlight fuse LH-) | A1 | A2A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to A7-A17 | A7 | A3 | Headlight LH (Hi) |
| Connect to A8-A18 | A8 | A4 | Headlight LH (L0) |
| J/C 1 | A12A | A10 | Meter a (Beam +) |
| J/8 6 (Headlight fuse RH -) | A5 | A10A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to A7~A17 | A7 | A11 | Meter A (Beam -) |
| Headlight RH (t) | A6 | A11A | J/C 1 |
| Headlight RH ( Hi ) | A7 | A17 | Multi-control SW (Dimmer Hi) |
| Headlight RH (Lo) | A8 | A18 | Multi-control SW (Dimmer Lo) |
| R/B 2 (FL main -) | 04 | A22 | Multi-control SW (Lighting SW +) |
| Multi-control SW (Lighting SW -) | A23 | A24 | J/B 3 (Lighting SW) |
| Connect to 04~A22 | 04 | A29 | Day-light relay (Headlight +) |
| Connect to A23-A24 | A23 | A30 | Day-light relay (Headlight -) |
| Connect to AB-A18 | A8 | A31 | Day-ight relay (Headlight L0) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 214E | A32 | Day-light relay (Earth) |
| Connect to A7~A17 | A7 | A33 | Day-light relay (Headlight Hi) |
| J/C 1 | A14A | A54 | Levelling RH ( + ) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 2145 | A55 | Levelling RH (Earth) |
| J/C 1 | A3A | A61 | Levelling LH ( + ) |
| 1/B6 (Earth) | Z186 | A62 | Levelling LH (Earth) |
| Levelling RH (0) | A56 | A63 | Levelling LH (0) |
| Level ling RH (1) | A57 | A64 | Levelling LH (1) |
| Levelling RH (2) | A58 | A65 | Leveliing LH (2) |
| Levelling RH (3) | A59 | A66 | Levelling LH (3) |
| Levelling RH (4) | A60 | A67 | Levelling LH (4) |
| Connect to 2186~A62 | 2186 | A68 | Levelling SW (Earth) |
| Connect to A56-A63 | A56 | A69 | Levelling SW (0) |
| Connect to A57-A64 | A57 | A70 | Levelling SW (1) |
| Connect to A58-A65 | A58 | A71 | Levelling SW (2) |
| Connect to A59~A66 | A59 | A72 | Levelling SW (3) |
| Connect to A60-A67 | A60 | A73 | Levelling SW (4) |
| To engine 2 (VSV -) | X9 | AX1 | Day-light diode (+) |
| Connect to A7~A17 | A7 | AX2 | Day-light diode (-1) |
| Connecl lo A8~A18 | A8 | AX3 | Day-light diode ( -2 ) |
| J/B 5 (Tail fuse -2) | C11 | C1A | J/C 2 |
| Meter 1 (Illumi. +) | C2 | C2A | J/C 2 |
| 1/B4 (Tail fuse-t) | C9 | C10 | Clearance RH ( + ) |
| connect to C6-C12 | C6 | C10 | Clearance RH (+) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| J/B 4 (Taif fuse -) | C6 | C12 | Clearance LH ( + ) |
| J/C 2 | C4A | C27 | AT console (lllumi. +) |
| Connect to 055-02A | 055 | C29 | To instrument panel 1 (Clock +B) |
| Mutiti-control SW (Rear fog -) | C37 | C38 | To instrument panel 2 (Rear fog SW +) |
| Muiti-control SW (Tail SW -) | C13 | C45 | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B}$ (Tail fuse +) |
| R/B 1 (Day-light fuse -) | C104 | C49 | Day-light relay (Day-light fuse) |
| J/B6 (Tail 2 ) | C80 | C50 | Day-light relay (Tail) |
| J/B 4 (Tail 1) | C9 | C51 | Day-light relay (Tail) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Rear fog SW -) | C39 | ¢71 | To floor (Rear fog RH + ) |
| Connect to C47~C115 | C47 | C80 | J/B 6 (Tail LH power source) |
| Connect to C80~C115 | C80 | C102 | J/B 5 (Tail fuse -) |
| J/B 6 (Fog fuse --) | C56 | C103 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Multi-control SW (Rear } \\ & \text { fog }+ \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $J / B 5$ (Tail fuse -) | C102 | C103 | Multi-control SW (Rear fog +) |
| Connect to C21-C2A | C2A | C112 | Heater control (Illumi. +) |
| Connect to 2192-G3 | 2192 | C113 | Heater control (Illumi. earth) |
| J/C 2 | H5A | C114 | Tail buzzer (IG +) |
| J/B6 (Tail fuse LH-) | C47 | C115 | Tail buzzer (Tail) |
| J/B 6 (Tail LH power source) | C80 | C115 | Tail buzzer (Tail) |
| J/B (Tail fuse -) | C102 | C115 | Tail buzzer (Tail) |
| J/B 4 (Dome fuse -) | D34 | D2 | To interior lamp (Room $\operatorname{lamp}+$ ) |
| Connecl to D3-D9 | D3 | 08 | To floor (Courtesy SW RR) |
| To interior lamp (Room lamp -) | D3 | D9 | To courtesy 1 (Courtesy SWRL) |
| Connect to 07~031 | 07 | 016 | Tail buzzer (Courtesy SW) |
| Connect to D3-D9 | D3 | D30 | Tail buzzer diode (+) |
| To courtesy 1 (Courtesy SW FL) | D7 | D31 | Tail buzzer diode (-) |
| To courlesy 1 (Stop lamp) | E14 | E1A | J/C 2 |
| Stop lamp SW (-) | E11 | E2A | J/C2 |
| Horn (-) | E26 | E4 | Multi-control SW (Hom SW) |
| J/B 5 (Stop fuse -) | E9 | E10 | Stop lamp SW (+) |
| J/B 5 (Horn fuse -) | E1 | E25 | Horn ( + ) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Hazard SW) | F42 | F2 | Meter 2 (Red hazard) |
| J/B 4 (Front turn LH) | F8 | F9 | Front turn LH $(+)$ |
| Connect to 24-Z15B | Z4 | F10 | Front turn (Earth) |
| J/B 4 (Side turn LH) | F44 | F11 | Side turn LH (+) |
| Connect to Z4-Z15B | 24 | F12 | Side turn LH (Earth) |


| From |  | 10 |  | riori |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Termina! | Location | Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| J/B 4 (Front turn RH) | F13 | F14 | Front turn RH (t) | To floor (Wiper motor - ) | 130 | 131 | To instrument panel 1 (Rear wiper SW +) |
| Connect to Z106-W87 | 2106 | F15 | Front turn RH (Earh) |  |  |  |  |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | F15 | Front turn RH (Earth) | Connect to 018-012 | 018 | J19 | Headlight washer sub (+) |
| Connect tio Z106-Z32 | Z106 | F15 | Front turn RH (Earh) | J/C 1 | A15A | J22 | Headlight washer sub (Headight) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 4$ (Side turn RH) | F43 | F16 | Side turn RH (+) | Connect to 121~122 | 121 | J23 | Headlight washer sub (Power source) |
| Connect to Z3-Z14B | 23 | F17 | Side turn RH (Earth) |  |  |  |  |
| J/B 5 ( Indicator LH) | F18 | F19 | Meter 2 ( Indicator LH + ) | Connect to 13-14 | 13 | J25 | Headight washer sub (SW) |
| J/B 5 (Indicator RH) | F20 | F21 | Meter 2 (Indicator RH + ) |  |  |  |  |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW -) | F38 | F26 | J/B 4 (Flasher relay B) | Heater relay (Contacl point -) | K11 | K2 | Blower motor (+) |
| J/B 4 (Hazard tuse -) | F40 | F35 | To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TB) | R/B 1 (2-way relay coil -) | K156 | K2A | J/C 1 |
| J/B 4 (Pressure relay L) | F27 | F41 | To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW +) | Connect to K30-K4 | K30 | K3 | Blower resister ( + ) |
|  |  |  |  | To A/C 2 (Pressure SW) | K179 | K3A | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 1$ |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TR) | F36 | F45 | J/B 5 (Hazard RH) | Blower motor (-) | K30 | K4 | Heater control (Hi) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TL) | F37 | F46 | J/B 5 (Hazard LH) | Blower resistor (M1) | K5 | K6 | Heater controi (M1) |
|  |  |  |  | Connect to Z3-Z14B | Z3 | K7 | Blower resister (Earth) |
| To floor (Back-up lamp RH-1 | G15 | G1A | J/C 2 | Diode $6(-)$ | K1 | K8 | Heater relay (Contact point + |
|  |  |  |  | J/B6 (Heater fuse -) |  | K10 |  |
| To engine 2 | Q2 | G2A | J/C 2 |  |  |  |  |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2192 | G3 | To engine 2 ( $\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{LP} \mathrm{SW}$ earth) | J/C 2 | H6A | K12 | Heater relay (Coil +) |
|  |  |  |  | Connect to K11-K2 | K11 | K14 | R/B 1 (A/C luse +) |
| Meler 2 (Parking brake) | 69 | G7 | To courtesy 1 (Parking brake) | Connect to K129~K151 <br> To A/C 1 (Amp., Magnet clutch) | K129 | K18 | To engine 2 (VSV +) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | K22 | To A/C 2 (Magnet ciutch) |
| J/C 1 | G13A | G7 | To courtesy 1 (Parking brake) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | J/B6 (Defogger fuse -) | K26 | K27 | To instrument panel 2(Defogger $S W+$ ) |
| Brake fluid level SW (+) | G8 | G11A | J/C 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Meter 2 (Biake) | G6 | G12A | J/C2 | To instrument panel 2 (Defogger SW -) | K28 | K29 | To floor (Defogger + ) |
| J/B 5 (Gauge fuse -) | H1 | H1A | J/C 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Meter 1 (IG) | H2 | H2A | J/C 2 | Blower resistor (M2) | K41 | K42 | Heater control (M2) |
| Meter 1 (0il pressure) | H5 | H6 | To engine 2 (0il pressure $S W$ +) | J/C 2 | K1A | K96 | To engine 2 (2-way coolant temp. SW) |
| Meter 2 (T gauge) | H20 | H21 | To engine 2 (Water temp. sender +) | J/B (Earlh) | 2189 | K109 | To AC 1 (Amp. earth) |
|  |  |  |  | Connect to K129-K151 | K129 | K145 | To AC 2 (Dual pressure SW) |
| Meter 1 (F gauge) | H22 | H23 | To courtesy 2 (Fuel sender + |  |  |  |  |
| Meter 2 (0/0 OFF) | H50 | H51 | ATECU 2 (0/D OFF) | To A/C 2 (Dual pressure SW-1 | K146 | K150 | To A/C 1 (Amp. conlact point +) |
| Connect to W215-W213 | W215 | H53 | Meter 2 (PWB) | To A/C a (Amp., Power source) | K129 | K151 | R/B 1 (A/C fuse -) |
| Connect to K28-K29 | K28 | H55 | Meter 2 (Defogger indicator) | Radiator fan motor (-) | L1 | K153 | R/B 1 (A/C relay No. 2 contact point +) |
| Connect to 121-122 | 121 | 12 | Front washer motor ( + ) | J/C 1 | N10A | K155 | To AC 2 (A)C relay No. 1 coil + ) |
| Front washer molor (-) | 13 | 14 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Multi-control SW } \\ & \text { (Washer motor +) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Multi-control SW (Front | 111 | 118 | Front wiper motor (Lo) | J/C 1 | N20A | K157 | To A/C 1 (Tachometer pulse) |
| wiper SWL.0) | 112 | 120 | Front wiper motor (Hi) | EFI ECU (ACS1) | X198 | K174 | To AC 1 (ACSi) |
| Multi-control SW (Front wiper SW Hi) |  |  |  | To ANC 2 (COS motor +) | K181 | K180 | R/B 1 (A/C No. 2 conlacl point-) |
| J/B6 (Wiper fuse -) | 121 | 122 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Front wiper motor (Cam } \\ & S W+\text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | R/B 1 (Radiator fan relay coil (-) | L24 | K182 | To AC 1 (ACC amp. relay -) |
| Multi-control SW (Front wiper SW OFF) | 113 | 124 | Front wiper motor (Cam SW common) | To engine 2 (VSV-) | K19 | K185 | To A/C 1 (Amp. VSV No. 1 -) |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { To floor (Washer motor } \\ -1 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 127 | 128 | To instrument panel 1 (Rear washer SW +) | To ACC 1 (Amp., ACC cut) | K138 | K188 | To engine 2 (A/C coolant temp. cut) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| R/B 2 (Radiator fan relay coil --) | L4 | L2 | To engine 1 (Fiadiator $\operatorname{fan} S W+1$ |
| Connect to L14~L2 | L. 4 | L7 | Diagnosis (Check radiator fan) |
| Connect to L4~L2 | L4 | L12 | Diode 2 (Radiator fan SW) |
| IG SW (ST) | M1 | M2 | To engine 1 (Starter) |
| Connect to M11-X22 | M11 | M8 | R/B 1 (ST source power) |
| Connect to M11-X22 | M11 | M9 | Day-light relay (ST) |
| Connect to M1-M2 |  | M10 | J/B 3 (ST fuse) |
| IG SW 1 (IG1) | N1 | N2 | J/B 2 (IG fuse +) |
| J/B 6 (Engine fuse -) | N31 | N2A | J/C 2 |
| Connect to 014~N12A | 014 | N5 | IG coil (IG) |
| Connect to N7-N21A | N7 | N8 | To engine 1 (Distributor IG pulse) |
| R/B 1 (Relay coil) | 014 | N12A | J/C 1 |
| J/B 4 (IG1 fuse -) | N33 | N13A | J/C 1 |
| IG cosl (Distributor) | N7 | N21A | J/C 1 |
| Meter 1 (Tachometer pulse) | N11 | N22A | J/C 1 |
| J/C 1 | N11A | N37 | To engine 2 (lgnitor +) |
| IG SW (IG2) | N30 | N38 | J/B 2 (lG2 fuse +) |
| J/C 2 | H4A | N50 | Diagnosis ( $\mathrm{IG}+$ ) |
| Connect to 014~N12A | 014 | N57 | Condenser ( + ) |
| R/B 1 (ECU BATT) | 055 | 02A | J/C 2 |
| EFIECU (BATT) | 042 | 03A | J/C 2 |
| Connect to 018~012 | 018 | 04 | Multi-control SW (Tail $S W+$ ) |
| To engine 1 (Alternator $+8)$ | 018 | 012 | IG SW 1 (AM) |
| Connect to 04~A22 | 04 | 013 | J/B 3 (Horn hazard fuse -) |
| R/B 2 (Radiator fan relay contact point -) | 017 | 015 | Radiator fan motor ( + ) |
| 1/C2 | N3A | 019 | To engine 2 (Alternator IG) |
| Alternator cut relay (Contact point --) | 094 | 019 | To engine 2 (Alternalor IG) |
| Meter 2 (Charge lamp -) | 020 | 021 | To engine 2 (Alternator L) |
| R/B 1 (CDS FL - ) | 083 | 032 | To A/C 2 (A/C relay No. 1 contact point + ) |
| To engine 2 ( $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{B} \overline{\mathrm{ECL}}$ +B) | 039A | 040 | EFI ECU ( $+\mathrm{B} 1)$ |
| To engine 2 ( $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{B}$ ECJ +B) | 039B | 041 | EFI ECU (+B2) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 2$ | 13A | 051 | Day-light relay (IG +) |
| Connect to 020~021 | 020 | 052 | Day-light relay (Alternator L) |
| Connect to N1A~093 | N1A | 091 | Alternator cut relay (Coil +) |
| J/C 2 | N1A | 093 | Allernator cut relay (Contact point +) |
| Sonned to 018-012 | 018 | 095 | J/B 1 ( AM -related fuse +) |
| /C 2 | 01A | 097 | A/T ECU 2 (BATT) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| R/B 1 (Fuel pump) | P5 | P6 | To courtesy 1 (Fuel pump +) |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | P9 | To courtesy 1 (Power No. $130 \mathrm{~A}+$ ) |
| To courtesy (No. $2 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{B}$ 30A-) | P21A | P11 | To interior lamp (Canvas motor + ) |
| J/B 4 (Earth) | 2193 | P12 | To interior lamp (Canvas motor -) |
| R/B 1 (Fuel cut) | P17 | P18 | EFf ECU (FC) |
| Connect to N1~N2 | N1 | P20 | To courtesy 1 (Power No. 2 C/B 30A +) |
| Connect to P17-P18 | P17 | P68 | Diagnosis (Fuel pump) |
| IG SW 2 (ACC) | R1 | R2 | J/B 3 (ACC-related luse +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FL +) | R6 | R7 | To door LH (Speaker FL +) |
| To instrument pane! 1 (Radio FL - ) | R8 | R9 | To door LH (Speaker FL -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FR +) | R10 | R11 | To door RH (Speaker FR +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FR - ) | R12 | R13 | To door RH (Speaker FR -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (R/M SW VL) | R18 | R22 | To door LH (R/M VL) |
| To instrument panel 1 (R/M SW HL) | R20 | R23 | To door LH (R/M HL) |
| To instrument panel 1 (R/M SW VR) | R19 | R24 | To door RH (R/M VR) |
| To instrument panei 1 (R/M SW HR) | R21 | R25 | To door RH (R/M HR) |
| To instrument panel 1 (R/M SW motor) | R17 | R26 | To door RH (R/M -) |
| Connect to R17-R26 | R17 | R27 | To door LH (R/M -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RR +) | R28 | R32 | To floor (Speaker RR +) |
| To instrument pane: 1 (Radio RR -) | R29 | R33 | To floor (Speaker RR -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RL + ) | R30 | R34 | To courtesy 1 (Speaker RL +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RL -) | R31 | R35 | To courtesy 1 (Speaker RL - ) |
| J/C 2 | E3A | W3 | AT ECU 2 (BR) |
| Meter 2 (Easy) | H54 | W4 | A/T ECU 2 (Easy) |
| To engine 2 (L) | W9 | W8 | A/T ECU 1 (L) |
| To engine 2 (2) | W11 | W10 | ATT ECU 1 (2) |
| To engine 2 (D) | W13 | W12 | ATT ECU 1 (D) |
| To engine 2 ( N ) | W15 | W14 | A/T ECU 1 (N) |
| J/C 2 | G3A | W16 | AT ECU 2 (R) |
| To engine 2 (P) | W18 | W17 | A/T ECU 2 (P) |
| To engine 2 (Shilt solenoid No.1) | W28 | W27 | ATT ECU 2 (S1) |
| To engine 2 (Shift solenoid No.2) | W30 | W29 | A/T ECU 2 (S2) |
| Diagnosis (T) | W32 | W31 | A/T ECU 2 (T) |
| J/B 4 (Fuse ECU IG2-) | W187 | W34 | A/T ECU $2(+8)$ |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| To engine 2 (EFI THWC) | X191 | W42 | AT ECU 1 (WTH) |
| Connect io H54-W4 | H54 | W45 | Diagnosis (ATT output) |
| Connect to Z15E-W159 | 215E | W47 | ABS ECU 2 (Earth 1) |
| To courtesy 2 (ECU fuse IG2-) | W244 | W48 | ABS ECU $2(+B)$ |
| R/B 3 (ABS BATT) | W247 | W49 | ABS ECU 2 (BATT) |
| ABS relay 2 (Solenoid relay coil) | W97 | W54 | ABS ECU 2 (Solenoid relay) |
| ABS actuator 2 (AST) | W74 | W57 | ABS ECU 2 (AST) |
| To courtesy 2 (Stop) | E11A | W58 | ABS ECU 1 (STP) |
| ABS actuator 2 (FILH) | W75 | W60 | ABS ECU 2 (Solen0id Fr LH) |
| ABS actuator 2 ( Rr RH ) | W79 | W61 | ABS ECU 2 (Solenoid Rr RH) |
| Meter 1 (ABS warming) | W110 | W68 | ABS ECU 1 (W) |
| ABS actuator 2 ( Fr RH ) | W77 | W70 | ABS ECU 2 (Soienoid Fr RH) |
| ABS actuator 2 ( Rr LH ) | W80 | W71 | ABS ECU 2 (Solenoid Rt LH) |
| ABS relay 1 (Relay -) | W96 | W84 | ABS ECU 2 (Relay coil -) |
| ABS relay 1 (Motor +) | W91 | W86 | ABS actuator 1 (Motor) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | W87 | ABS actuator 1 (Earth) |
| R/B 3 (ABS FL -) | 073 | W90 | ABS relay 1 (Motor power source) |
| Connect to 073-W90 | 073 | W92 | ABS relay 2 (Solenoid power source) |
| ABS ECU 1 (RR + ) | W64 | W98 | To floor (Wheel sensor RR +) |
| ABS ECU 1 (RR-) | W50 | W99 | To fioor (Wheel sensor RR - ) |
| ABS ECU 2 ( $\mathrm{FL}+$ ) | W65 | W100 | ABS sensor LH (FL + ) |
| ABS ECU 2 ( $\mathrm{FL}-\mathrm{l}$ ) | W51 | W101 | ABS sensor LH (FL - ) |
| ABS ECU 1 (RL + ) | W66 | W102 | To floor (Wheel sensor RL +) |
| ABS ECU 1 (RL - ) | W52 | W103 | To floor (Wheel sensor RL - ) |
| ABS ECU 2 ( $\mathrm{FR}+$ ) | W67 | W104 | ABS sensor RH (FR + ) |
| ABS ECU 2 ( $\mathrm{FR}-$ ) | W53 | W105 | ABS sensor RH $\langle$ FR -) |
| ABS ECU 2 (TC) | W128 | W126 | Diagnosis (TC) |
| ABS ECU 1 (TS) | W196 | W127 | Diagnosis (TS) |
| Connect to W110-W68 | W110 | W134 | Diagnosis (Diag. output) |
| $\text { To engine } 2 \text { (L-UP }$ solenoid) | W202 | W136 | AT ECU 2 (SL) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 245E | W159 | ABS ECU 2 (Earth 2) |
| ABS relay 2 (Solenoid +) | W94 | W192 | ABS actuator 1 (Solenoid) |
| ABS actuator 2 (MT) | W191 | W194 | ABS ECU 2 (MT) |
| To courtesy 2 (PKB) | G7A | W195 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABS ECU } 1 \text { (Parking } \\ & \text { brake SW) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ABS relay 1 (Motor relay coil) | W95 | W197 | ABS ECU 2 (Motor relay) |
| Batted with 2113, 2114 | 2113 | W198 | ABS ECU 2 (Fr shield eartit) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Batted with (4) | (4) | W199 | ABS ECU 1 (Rr shield earth) |
| Connect to W110-W68 | W110 | W200 | ABS check 1 (1P lemale) |
| ABS relay 2 (W) | W193 | W201 | ABS check 2 (1P male) |
| To engine 2 (Pressure solenoid +) | W204 | W203 | A/T ECU 2 (STH + ) |
| To engine 2 (Pressure solenoid -) | W206 | W205 | ATT ECU 2 (STH-) |
| A/T console (0/D SW) | V76 | W208 | A/T ECU 1 (0/0) |
| ATT console (PWR) | W215 | W213 | A/T ECU 1 (PWR) |
| AT Console (Easy) | W216 | W214 | ATT ECU 1 (Easy) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To engine } 2 \text { (T/M SPD } \\ & - \text { - } \end{aligned}$ | W232 | W217 | A/T ECU 1 (SPD1 -) |
| To engine 2 (Cylinder revolution +) | W220 | W218 | A/T ECU $1(\mathrm{NC}+)$ |
| To engine 2 (Cylinder revolution-) | W221 | W219 | ATT ECU 1 (NC - ) |
| Connect to Z187-W227 | 2187 | W226 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| Connect to 2187-W227 | 2187 | W228 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| To engine 2 (T/M SPD + | W231 | W230 | ATT ECU 1 (SPD1 +) |
| To engine 2 (EFI VCC) | X190 | W233 | AT ECU 2 (VCC) |
| To engine 2 (EFIVTH) | X192 | W235 | AT ECU 2 (VTH) |
| To engine 2 (EFIE20) | X193 | W236 | A/T ECU 2 (E2) |
| EFI ECU (TC) | X194 | W237 | A/T ECU 1 (TC) |
| ABS ECU 1 (GST) | W238 | W241 | $\qquad$ |
| ABS ECU 1 (GS1) | W239 | W242 | To courtesy 2 (G sensor GS1) |
| ABS ECU 1 (GS2) | W240 | W243 | To courtesy 2 (G sensor GS2) |
| Meter 1 (Check engine) | X1 | X2 | EFI ECU (W) |
| Meter 1 (Vehicie speed sensor) | X3 | X4 | EFI ECU (Vehicle speed sensor) |
| Connect to K28-K29 | K28 | X15 | Diode 1 (Defogger) |
| J/C 1 | A13A | X16 | Diode 2 (Headight) |
| Diode 1 (OUT) | X17 | X18 | EFI ECU (Defogger SW) |
| To ACC 1 (Amp., ACS 2) | K175 | $\times 19$ | EFI ECU (A/C) |
| Diagnosis (VF) | X20 | $\times 21$ | EFI ECU (VF) |
| J/B6 (Starter fuse) | M11 | $\times 22$ | EFI ECU (STA) |
| EFI ECU ( T 1 ) | 246 | $\times 57$ | Diagnosis (Check terminal) |
| To engine 2 (Engine earth) | 249 | X78 | EFI ECU (AM) |
| Connect to X1~X2 | X1 | X109 | Diagnosis (EF1 Output) |
| EFI ECU (DSW2) | X124 | X150 | Diode 2 ( N ) |
| Connect to X248-K8 | X248 | X160 | Diode 2 (Heater control SW) |
| EFI ECU (ACT) | X201 | X176 | To AC 1 (ACT) |
| To engine 2 (Alternator C) | 098 | X195 | EFI ECU (Allernator C) |
| Alternator cut relay (Coil -) | 092 | X226 | EFI ECU (ALTC) |
| Heater relay (Coil -) | K13 | X247 | Diode 6 ( + ) |
| Connect to $23-2148$ | 23 | 27 | To floor (Earth) |


| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminaf | Location |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2181 | 28 | Mieler 2 (Power earth) |
| J/B 6 (Earth) | 2188 | 211 | Brake fluid level SW (Earth) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | Z3 | 2148 | Body earth J/C RH (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 215C | Z14C | Body earth J/C RH (Earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | 24 | 2158 | Body earh J/C LH (Earth) |
| Body earlh J/C RH (Earth) | Z14E | 216 | Headight washer sub (Earth) |
| Connect to 215C~214C | 215C | Z21 | Heater contsol (Heater control SW earth) |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2179 | 226 | A/T console (lliumi. -) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 214A | 230 | To instrument panel 1 (Radio earth) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | Z32 | To ACC 2 (CDS motor) |
| Connect to Z106-W87 | 2106 | 732 | To A/C 2 (CDS molor) |
| Connect to Z4-Z15B | 24 | 241 | To courtesy (Earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earih) | 2195 | 245 | R/B 2 (R/B earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | 2195 | 245 | R/B 2 (R/B earth) |
| Connect to Z15C-Z14C | 215C | 263 | J/B6 (Earth) |
| Connect to 215C~214C | 215 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 275 | Muiti-conitrol SW (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 215D | 285 | Meter 2 (Gauge earth) |
| Connect to Z106-W87 | 2106 | 2105 | ABS relay 2 (Earth) |
| Batted with W198 | W198 | 2113 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| Batted with W198 | W198 | 2114 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| Batted with (A) | (A) | 2116 | To floor (Rr shield earth) |
| Connect to 73-214B | Z3 | 2145 | Clearance AH (Earth) |
| Connect to 24~215B | Z4 | 2146 | Clearance LH (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 215A | 2152 | Heater relay (Stop earth) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | Z14D | 2168 | A/T ECU 2 (E11) |
| Sonnect to Z14D-Z168 | 2140 | 2169 | A/T ECU 2 (E12) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | Z14D | 2170 | A/T ECU 2 (E01) |
| Connect to Z14D-Z168 | 2140 | 2175 | AfT ECU 2 (E02) |
| Connect to Z179-Z26 | 2179 | 2183 | AT console (0/D SW earth) |
| Connect to Z15C-Z14C | 215C | 2184 | Diagnosis (Earth) |
| Radialor fan motor (-) | L1 | 2195 | Body earth LH (Earth) |
| Connect to $\mathrm{Z3}$-214B | 23 | Z210 | Tail buzzer (-) |
| J/B6 (Earth) | 2187 | Z227 | To engine 2 (Engine sensor shieid) |

## HW-42

## WIRE CONNECTION, COWL, EFI R.H.D.

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lacation | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Batted with W199 | W199 | (A) | Batted with 2116 |
| Headlight LH ( + ) | A2 | A1A | J/C 1 |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 6$ (Headlight fuse LH -) | A1 | A2A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to A7~A20A | A7 | A3 | Headlight L.H (Hi) |
| J/C 1 | A33A | A4 | Headlight LH (Lo) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 1$ | A12A | A10 | Meter 1 (Beam + ) |
| Connect to A1'~A21A | A17 | A11 | Meter 1 (Beam-) |
| Headlight RH (+) | A6 | A11A | J/C 1 |
| J/B 6 (Headiight fuse RH-) | A5 | A1CA | J/C 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Multi-Control SW } \\ & \text { (Dimmer Hi) } \end{aligned}$ | A17 | A21A | J/C 1 |
| R/B 2 (FL main -) | 04 | A22 | Multi-control SW (Lighting SW +) |
| Muilt-control SW (Lighting SW - ) | A23 | A24 | J/B 3 (Lighting SW) |
| Headlight RH ( Hi ) | A7 | A2CA | J/C 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Muiti-controil SW } \\ & \text { (Dimmer Lo) } \end{aligned}$ | A18 | A31A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to A23-A24 | A23 | A39 | Dim-dip relay (Coii +) |
| Headlight RH (L0) | AB | A3CA | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 1$ |
| J/C 1 | A22A | A43 | Dim-dip relay ( D coil - ) |
| J/C 1 | A32A | A44 | Dim-dip resister (RH + ) |
| Connect to A32A-A44 | A32A | A45 | Dim-dip resister ( $\mathrm{LH}+$ ) |
| Dim-dip relay ( $\mathrm{C}+$ ) | A42 | A46 | Dim-dip resister ( - ) |
| J/C 1 | A14A | A54 | Levelling RH ( + ) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2196 | A55 | Levelling RiH (Earth) |
| J/C 1 | A3A | A61 | Levelling LH ( + ) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | Z195 | A62 | Levelling LH (Earth) |
| Leveling RH (0) | A56 | A63 | Levelling LH (0) |
| Levelling RH (1) | A57 | A64 | Leveling LH (1) |
| Levelling RH (2) | A58 | A65 | Levelling LH (2) |
| Levelling RH (3) | A59 | A66 | Levelling LH (3) |
| Levelling RH (4) | A60 | A67 | Levelling LH (4) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | Z145 | A68 | Levelling SW (Earth) |
| Connect to A56-A63 |  | A69 | Levelling SW (0) |
| Connect to A57~A64 |  | A70 | Levelling SW (1) |
| Connect to A58-A65 |  | A71 | Levelling SW (2) |
| Connect to A59-A66 |  | A72 | Levelling SW (3) |
| Connect to A60-A67 |  | A73 | Levelling SW (4) |
| J/B 5 (Tail fuse -2) | C11 | C1A | J/C2 |
| Meter 1 (lilumi. +) | C21 | C2A | J/C2 |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | C4 | Multi-control SW (Tail SW +) |
| J/B 4 (Tail fuse -1) | C9 | C10 | Clearance RH ( + ) |
| $J / \bar{B} 4$ (Tail fuse -) | C6 | C12 | Clearance LH ( + ) |
| J/C 2 | C4A | C27 | AT console (llilumi. +) |
| Connect to 055-02A | 055 | C29 | To instrument panel (Clock + B) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Termina! | Terminal | Location |
| Multi-control SW (Reartog -) | C37 | C38 | To instrument panel 2 (Rearlog SW) |
| Multi-control SW (Tail SW -) | C13 | C45 | J/B (Tail fuse +) |
| J/C 2 | C6A | C63 | Dim-dip relay ( $\mathrm{A}+$ ) |
| To instrument panel 1 | Z166 | C65 | Meter 1 (Illumi. -) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Rearlog SW -) | C39 | C71 | To floor (Reariog RH +) |
| J/B6 (Tail fuse LH-) | 647 | C80 | J/B 7 (Tail LH Power supply) |
| J/B6 (Tail LH Power supply) | C80 | C102 | J/B5 (Tail fuse -) |
| J/B6 (Fog fuse -) | C56 | C103 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Multi-control SW } \\ & \text { (Rearfog }+ \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| J/B 5 (Tail fuse -) | C102 | C103 | Multi-control SW (Rear $\log +$ ) |
| J/C2 | C5A | C112 | Heater control (Illumi. +) |
| Connedt 10 2166~C65 | 2166 | C113 | Heater control (themi. earth) |
| J/C 2 | H3A | C114 | Tail buzer (IG +) |
| Connect to C47-C80 | C47 | C115 | Tail buzzer (Tail) |
| Connect to C80~C102 | C80 | C115 | Tail buzer (Tail) |
| J/B 4 (Dome fuse -) | D34 | D2 | To interior lamp (Room lamp +) |
| Connect to D3-09 | D3 | D8 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To floor (Courtesy SW } \\ & \text { RR) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| To interior lamp (Room lamp -) | 03 | D9 | To courtesy (Courtesy SW RL) |
| To floor (Courtesy SW FR) | D7 | 016 | Tail buzzer (Courtesy SW) |
| To floor (Stop lamp +) | E14 | E1A | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 2$ |
| Stop lamp SW (-) | E11 | E2A | J/C 2 |
| Horn (-) | E26 | E4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Multi-control SW (Horn } \\ & \text { SW) } \end{aligned}$ |
| J/B 5 (Slop fuse -) | E9 | E10 | Stop lamp SW (+) |
| J/B 5 (Horn fuse -) | E1 | E25 | Horn ( + ) |
| To instrument panel (Hazard SW) | F42 | F2 | Meter 2 (Red hazard) |
| J/B 4 (Front turn LH) | F8 | F9 | Front turn $\mathrm{LH}(+)$ |
| Connect to 24-2̇15B | 24 | F10 | Front turn LH (Earth) |
| J/B 4 (Side turn LH) | F44 | F11 | Side turn LH ( + ) |
| Connect to 24-215B | 24 | F12 | Side turn LH (Earth) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 4$ (Front turn RH) | F13 | F14 | Front turn $\mathrm{RH}(+)$ |
| Connect to Z3~Z14B | 73 | F15 | Front tum RH (Earth) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 4$ (Side turn RH) | F43 | F16 | Side turn RH ( + ) |
| Connect to Z3-214B | Z3 | F17 | Side turn RiH (Earth) |
| J/B 5 ( Indicator LH) | F18 | F19 | Meter 2 (indicator LH + ) |
| J/B 5 (Indicator RH) | F20 | F21 | Meter 2 (indicator RH + ) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW -) | F38 | F26 | J/B 4 (Flasher relay B) |
| J/B 4 (Hazard fuse -) | F40 | F35 | To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TB) |


| From |  | To |  | From |  | To |  |
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| Location | Terminai | Terminal | Location | Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| J/B 4 (Flasher relay L) | F27 | F41 | To instrument panel 2 | Diode 6 (-) | X248 | K8 | Heater control (Lo) |
|  |  |  | (Hazard SW +) | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 6$ (Heater fuse -) | K1 | K10 | Heater relay (Contact point +) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TR) | F36 | F45 | J/B 5 (Hazard RH) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | J/C 2 | H4A | K12 | Heater relay (Coii +) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TL) | F37 | F46 | J/B 5 (Hazard LH) | Connect to K11-K2 | K11 | K14 | R/B 1 (A/C fuse + ) |
|  |  |  |  | Connect to K129-K151 | K129 | K18 | To engine 2 (VSV + ) |
| To fioor (Back lamp RH -) | G15 | G1A | J/C 2 | To A/C 1 (Amp., Magnet clutch) | K50 | K22 | To A/C 2 (Magnet clutch) |
| To engine 2 (Back lamp SW) | G2 | G2A | J/C 2 | J/B6 (Defogger fuse -) | K26 | K27 | To instrument panel 2 (Defogger SW +) |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2192 | G3 | To engine 2 (Back lamp SW earth) | To instrument panel 2 (Defogger SW -) | K28 | K29 | To floor (Defogger + ) |
| Meter 2 (Parking brake) | G9 | G7 | To floor (Parking brake) | Blower resister (M2) | K41 | K42 | Heater control (M2) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 1$ | G13A | G7 | To floor (Parking brake) | J/C 1 | K1A | K96 | To engine 2 (2-way coolant temp. SW) |
| Brake fluid SW ( + ) | G8 | G11A | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 1$ |  |  |  |  |
| Meter 2 (Brake) | G6 | G12A | J/C 1 | J/B 5 (Earth) | 2189 | K109 | To AMC 1 (Amp. earth) |
| J/B 5 (Gauge fuse -) | H1 | H1A | J/C 2 | Connect to K129-K151 | K129 | K145 | To AV 2 (Dual pressure SW +) |
| Connect to H2A-N50 | H2A | H2 | Meter 1 (IG) |  |  |  |  |
| Meter 1 (0il pressure) | H5 | H6 | To engine 2 (Oit pressure SW +) | To A/C 2 (Dual pressure SW-) | K146 | K150 | To AC 1 (Amp. contact point +) |
| Meter 2 (T gauge) | H20 | H21 | To engine 2 (Coolant temp. sender +) | To A/C 1 (Amp. power supply) | K129 | K151 | R/B 1 (A/C fuse - ) |
| Meter 1 (F gatge) | H22 | H23 | To courtesy 2 (Fuel sender +) | Radiator lan motor (-) | L1 | K153 | R/B 1 ( $A / C$ relay No. 2 contact point +) |
| Connect to P13A-W16 |  | H28 | Meter 2 (Shift indicator) | Connect to $\mathrm{N} 33-014$ | N33 | K155 | To A/C 2 (A/C relay No. 1 coll +) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 6$ turn ( - ) | F51 | H47 | Meter $2(+)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Meter 2 (0/D OFF) | H50 | H51 | A/T ECU 2 (0/D OFF) | Connect to N7~N11 | N7 | K157 | To A/C 1 (Tachometer pulse) |
| Connect to W215-W213 | W215 | H53 | Meter 2 (Power) | EFI ECU (ACS1) | X198 | K174 | To A/C 1 (ACS1) |
| Connect to K28-K29 | K28 | H55 | Meter 2 (Defogger indicator) | EFI ECU (ACT) | X201 | K176 | To A/C 1 (Alternator) |
| Connect to 121-122 | 121 | 12 | Front washer motor ( $\dagger$ ) | To A/C 2 (CDS motor +) | K181 | K180 | R/B 1 (A/C No. 2 contact point-) |
| Front washer motor (-) | 13 | 14 | Multi-control SW (Washer molor + ) | R/B 1 (Radiator fan relay coil -) | L24 | K182 | To AC 1 (A/C amp. relay-) |
| Mutti-control SW (Front wiper SW Lo) | 111 | 118 | Front wiper motor (L0) | To engine 2 (VSV -) | K19 | K185 | To AC 1 (Amp. VSV No. 1-) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Multi-controf SW (Front } \\ & \text { wiper SW Hi) } \end{aligned}$ | 112 | 120 | Front wiper motor (Hi) | To A/C 1 (Amp. A/C cut) | K138 | K188 | To engine 2 (A/C coolant temp. cut SW) |
| J/B6 (Wiper fuse -) | 121 | 122 | Front wiper motor (Cam SW +) | R/B 2 (Radiator fan relay coil -) | L4 | L2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To engine } 1 \text { (Radiator } \\ & \text { fan } S W+\text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Multi-control SW (Front wiper SW OFF) | 113 | 124 | Front wiper motor (Cam SW common) | Connect to L4-L2 | 14 | L7 | Diagnosis (Check radiator fan) |
| To floor (Washer motor -) | 127 | 128 | To instrument panel 1 <br> (Rear washer SW +) | Connect to L4-L2 | L4 | L12 | Diode 2 (Radiator fan SW) |
| To floor (Wiper motor -) | 130 | 131 | To instrument panel 1 (Rear wiper SW +) | IG SW 2 (ST) | M1 | M2 | To engine 1 (Slater) |
| Heater relay (Contact point -) | K11 | K2 | Biower motor (+) | Connect to M11-X22 | M11 | M8 | R/B 1 (Starter power supply) |
| R/B 1 (2-way relay coil | K156 | K2A | J/C 1 | Connect to M1-M2 | M1 | M10 | J/B 3 (Starter fuse) |
|  |  |  |  | IG SW 1 (IG 1) | N1 | N2 | J/B 2 (IG fuse +) |
| Connect to K30-K4 | K30 | K3 | Blower resister ( + ) | J/B 6 (Engine fuse -) | N31 | N2A | J/C 2 |
| To A/C 2 (Pressure SW) | K179 | K3A | J/C 1 | Connect to N33-014 | N33 | N5 | IG coil ( IG ) |
| Blower motor ( - ) | K30 | K4 | Heater control (Hi) | Connect to N7-N11 | N7 | N8 | To engine 1 (Distributor IG pulse) |
| Blower resister (M1) | K5 | K6 | Heater control (M1) |  |  |  |  |
| Body earth J/C LH 'Earth) | 215A | K7 | Blower resister (Earth) | IG coil (Distributor) | N7 | N11 | Meter 1 (Tachometer pulse) |


| From |  | To |  |
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| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Conned 10 $\mathrm{N} 33 \sim 014$ | N33 | N37 | To engine 2 (lgnitor + ) |
| IG SW 2 (IG 2) | N30 | N38 | J/B 2 (IG fuse +) |
| J/C 2 | H2A | N50 | Diagnosis (IG +) |
| Connect to N33-014 | N33 | N57 | Condenser ( + ) |
| Conneci to H2A~N50 | H2A | N145 | A/T shift lock (IG) |
| R/B 1 (ECU BAT) | 055 | 02A | J/C 2 |
| EFIECU (BATT) | 042 | 03A | J/C 2 |
| To engine 1 (Alternator +B) | 018 | 012 | IG SW 1 (AM) |
| Connect to 04~A22 | 04 | 013 | J/B 3 (Horn hazard fuse -) |
| J/B 4 (IG 1 fuse -) | N33 | 014 | R/B 1 (Relay coil + ) |
| R/B 2 (Radiator fan relay contact point - ) | 017 | 015 | Radiator fan motor ( + ) |
| J/C2 | N1A | 019 | To engine (Alternator IG) |
| Alternator cut relay (Contact point -) | 094 | 019 | To engine 2 (Alternator IG) |
| Meter 2 (Charge lamp -) | 020 | 021 | To engine 2 (Alternator L) |
| R/B 1 (CDS FL -) | 083 | 032 | To AC 2 (A/C relay No. 1 contact point + ) |
| To engine 2 ( $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{BECU}$ +B) | 039A | 040 | EFI ECU ( +81 ) |
| To engine 2 (R/B ECU +B) | 039B | 041 | EFIECU ( + B2) |
| J/C 2 | N3A | 057 | Dim-dip relay (A coil + ) |
| Connect to 04~A22 | 04 | 058 | Dim-dip relay ( $\mathrm{B}+$ ) |
| Connect to N1A-093 | N1A | 091 | Alternator cut relay (Coil +) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 2$ | N1A | 093 | Allernator cut relay (Contact point +) |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | 095 | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 1$ (AM-related fuse +) |
| J/C 2 | G1A | 097 | A/T ECU 2 (BATI) |
| R/B 1 (Fuel pump) | P5 | P6 | To courtesy 1 (Fuel pump +) |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | P9 | To floor (Power No. 1 $30 \mathrm{~A}+$ ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To floor (No. } 2 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{B} 30 \mathrm{~A} \\ & -\mathrm{G} \end{aligned}$ | P21A | P11 | To interior lamp (Canvas top motor +) |
| Connect to $24 \sim 215 B$ |  | P12 | To interior lamp (Canvas top motor -) |
| R/B1 1 (Fuel cut) | P17 | P18 | EFIECU (FC) |
| Connect to N1~N2 | N1 | P20 | To illoor (Power No. 2 C/B30A + ) |
| Connect to P17-P18 | P17 | P68 | Diagnosis (Fuel pump) |
| IG SW 2 (ACC) | R1 | R2 | J/B (ACC-related fuse +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FL +) | R6 | R7 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To door LH (Speaker FL } \\ & + \text { +) } \end{aligned}$ |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FL -) | R8 | 89 | To door LH (Speaker FL $\qquad$ -) |
| To instrument panei 1 (Radio FR +) | R10 | R11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To door RH (Speaker FR } \\ & + \text { +) } \end{aligned}$ |
| To instrument paneel 1 (Radio FR -) | R12 | R13 | $\qquad$ |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled mirror SW VL) | R18 | R22 | To door LH (Remote-controlled mirror VL) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlied mirror SW HL) | R20 | R23 | To door LH (Remote-controlled mirror HL ) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled misror SWVR) | R19 | R24 | To door RH (Remote-controlled mirror VR) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled mirror HR) | R21 | R25 | To door RH (Remote-controlled mirror HR) |
| To instrument panei 1 (Remote-controlled mirror SW motor - ) | 817 | R26 | To door RH (Remote-controlled mirror -) |
| Connect to R17~R26 | R17 | R27 | To door LH (Remote-controlled mirror -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RR +) | R28 | R32 | To floor (Speaker RR +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RR -) | R29 | R33 | To tloor (Speaker RR -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RL +) | R30 | R34 | To courtesy 1 (Speaker RL +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RL -) | R31 | R35 | To courtesy 1 (Speaker RL - |
| J/C2 | E3A | W3 | ATI ECU 2 (BR) |
| Connect to E3A-W146 | E3A | W3 | AT ECU 2 (RR) |
| Meter 2 (Easy) | H54 | W4 | AT ECU 2 (Easy) |
| To engine 2 (L) | W9 | W8 | ATTECU 1 (L) |
| To engine 2 (2) | W11 | W10 | ATTECU 1 (2) |
| To engine 2 (D) | W13 | W12 | A/T ECU 1 (D) |
| To engine $2(\mathrm{~N})$ | W15 | W14 | ATECU 1 ( N$)$ |
| J/C 2 | G3A | W16 | AT ECU 2 (R) |
| To engine 2 (P) | W18 | W17 | ATTECU 2 (P) |
| To engine (Shift solenoid No. 1) | W28 | W27 | ATE ECU 2 (S1) |
| To engine (Shift solenoid No. 2) | W30 | W29 | ATT ECU 2 (S2) |
| Diagnosis (T) | W32 | W31 | ATE ECU $2(\mathrm{~T})$ |
| J/B 4 (Fuse ECU IG 2-) | W187 | W34 | ATE ECU $2(+B)$ |
| To engine 2 (EFI THWO) | $\times 191$ | W42 | ATT ECU 1 (WTH) |
| Connect to H54~W4 | H54 | W45 | Diagnosis (AT output) |
| Connect to Z145-W159 | 2145 | W47 | ABS ECU 2 (Earth 1) |
| To lloor (ECU luse IG 2 -) | W244 | W48 | ABS ECU 2 (+B) |
| R/B 3 (ABS BATT) | W247 | W49 | ABS ECU 2 (BATI) |
| ABS relay 2 (Solenoid relay coil) | W97 | W54 | ABS ECU 2 (Solenoid relay) |
| ABS actuator 2 (AST) | W74 | W57 | ABS ECU 2 (AST) |
| To floor (Slop) | E11A | W58 | ABS ECU 1 (STP) |
| ABS actuator 2 \{Front LH) | W75 | W60 | ABS ECU 2 (Solenoid Front LH) |
| ABS actuator 2 (Front RH) | W79 | W61 | ABS ECU 2 (Solenoid Rear RH) |
| Meler 1 (ABS warning) | W110 | W68 | ABS ECU 1 (W) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| ABS actuator 2 (Front RH) | W77 | W70 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABS ECU } 2 \text { (Solenoid } \\ & \text { Front RH) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ABS actuator 2 (Front LH) | W80 | W71 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABS ECU } 2 \text { (Solenoid } \\ & \text { Rear IH) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ABS relay 1 (Relay -) | W96 | W84 | ABS 2 (Relay coil -) |
| ABS relay 1 (Motor +) | W91 | W86 | ABS actuator 1 (Motor) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | W87 | ABS actuator 1 (Earth) |
| R/B 3 (ABS F/L -) | 073 | W90 | ABS relay 1 (Motor power supply) |
| Connect to 073-W90 | 073 | W92 | ABS relay 2 (Solenoid) |
| ABS ECU 1 (RR +) | W64 | W98 | To floor (Wheel sensor RR +) |
| ABS ECU 1 (RR -) | W50 | W99 | To floor (Wheel sensor RR - ) |
| ABS ECU 2 ( $\mathrm{FL}+$ ) | W65 | W100 | ABS sensor LH ( $\mathrm{FL}+$ ) |
| ABS ECU 2 ( FL -) | W51 | W101 | ABS sensor LH ( $\mathrm{FL}-$ ) |
| 1BS ECU 1 (RL +) | W66 | W102 | To floor (Wheel sensor RL +) |
| ABS ECU 1 (RL -) | W52 | W103 | To lloor (Wheel sensor RL - |
| ABS ECU 2 (FR +) | W67 | W104 | ABS sensor RH ( $\mathrm{FR}+$ ) |
| ABS ECU 2 (FR-) | W53 | W105 | ABS sensor RH (FR -) |
| ABS ECU 2 (TC) | W128 | W126 | Diagnosis (TC) |
| ABS ECU 1 (TS) | W196 | W127 | Diagnosis (TS) |
| Connect to W110-W68 | W110 | W134 | Diagnosis (Diagnosis output) |
| To engine 2 (L-UP solenoid) | W202 | W136 | ATT ECU 2 (SL) |
| A/T shift lock (Key lock solenoid) | W147 | W143 | Key SW (Key interlock solenoid +) |
| J/B 4 | R38 | W144 | A/T shijt lock (ACC) |
| J/C 2 | E3A | W146 | AT shift lock (STOP) |
| Connect to 2179-726 | 2179 | W148 | ATT shift lock (Earth) |
| Connect to 2179-226 | 2179 | W150 | Key SW (Key interlock solenoid -) |
| jdy earth J/C RH (Earth) | Z14E | W159 | ABS ECU 2 (Earth 2) |
| ABS relay 2 (Sotenoid +) | W94 | W192 | ABS actuator 2 (Solenoid) |
| ABS actuator 2 (MT) | W191 | W194 | ABS ECU 2 (MT) |
| To floor (Parking brake) | G7A | W195 | ABS ECU 1 (Parking brake $S W$ ) |
| ABS relay 1 (Motor relay coil) | W95 | W197 | ABS ECU 2 (Motor relay) |
| Batted with 2113, 2114 | 2113 | W198 | ABS ECU 2 (Front shield earth) |
| Batted with (A) |  | W199 | ABS ECD 1 (Rear shield earth) |
| Connect to W110-W68 | W110 | W200 | ABS check 1 (1P female) |
| ABS relay 2 (W) | W193 | W201 | ABS check 2 (1P male) |
| To engine 2 (Pressure solenoid +) | W204 | W203 | ATT ECJ 2 ( $\mathrm{STH}+$ ) |
| To engine 2 (Pressure solenoid -) | W206 | W205 | ATT ECJ 2 (STH-) |
| T console (0/0 SW) | 176 | W208 | A/T ECJ 1 (O/D) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| A/T console (Power) | W215 | W213 | ATT ECU 1 (Power) |
| ATT console (Easy) | W216 | W214 | A/T ECU 1 (Easy) |
| To engine 2 (T/M SPD -) | W232 | W217 | AT ECU 1 (SPD1-) |
| To engine 2 (Cylinder revolution +) | W220 | W218 | ATT ECU 1 (NC +) |
| To engine 2 (Cylinder revolution --) | W221 | W219 | A/T ECU 1 (NC-) |
| Connect to Z187-W227 | 2187 | W226 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| J/B6 (Earth) | 2187 | W227 | To engine 2 (Engine sensor shield) |
| Connect to 2187-W227 | 2187 | W228 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| To engine 2 (T/M SPD +) | W231 | W230 | A/T ECU 1 (SPD1 +) |
| To engine 2 (EFI VCC) | X190 | W233 | ATT ECU 2 (VCC) |
| To engine 2 (EFI VTH) | X192 | W235 | AT ECU 2 (VTH) |
| To engine 2 (EFI E20) | X193 | W236 | ATT ECU 2 (E2) |
| EFI ECU (TC) | X194 | W237 | A/T ECU 1 (TC) |
| Meter 1 (Check engine) | X1 | X2 | EFI ECU (W) |
| Meter (Vehicle speed sensor) | X3 | X4 | EFI ECU (Vehicle speed sensor) |
| Connect to K28-K29 | K28 | X15 | Diode 1 (Defogger) |
| J/C 1 | A13A | X16 | Diode (Headlight) |
| Diode 1 (OUT) | X17 | $\times 18$ | EFI ECU (PSW) |
| To A/C 1 (Amp. ACS2) | K175 | X19 | EFI ECU (AC) |
| Diagnosis (VF) | $\times 20$ | $\times 21$ | EFI ECU (VF) |
| J/B6 (Slarter fuse -) | M11 | X22 | EFI ECU (Starter) |
| EFI ECU (T1) | 246 | X57 | Diagnosis (Check terminal) |
| To engine 2 (Engine earth) | 249 | X78 | EFF ECU (AM) |
| Connect to X1~X2 | X1 | X109 | Diagnosis (EFI output) |
| EFI ECU (DSW 2) | $\times 124$ | $\times 150$ | Diode 2 ( N ) |
| Connect to $\times 240-\mathrm{K8}$ | $\times 240$ | $\times 160$ | Diode 2 (Heater control SW) |
| To engine 2 (Alternator C) | 098 | X195 | EFI ECU (Alternator C) |
| Alternator (Coil -) | 092 | X226 | EFI ECU (ALTC) |
| Heater reiay (Coil -) | K13 | $\times 247$ | Diode 6 (t) |
| Connect to $\mathrm{Z3}$-214B | 23 | 27 | To floor (Earth) |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2181 | 28 | Meter 2 (Power earth) |
| J/B 6 (Earth) | 2188 | 211 | Brake fluid level SW (Earth) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | Z3 | Z14B | Body earth J/C RH (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 215C | 214 C | Body eath J/C RH (Earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | 24 | 215B | Body earth J/C LH (Earth) |
| Connect to 215C-214C | 215C | 221 | Heater control (Heater control SW earth) |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2179 | 226 | A/T console (Illumi - -) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 2140 | 230 | To instrument panel 1 (Radio earth) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | 232 | To A/C 2 (CDS motor) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Connect to 2106-W87 | 2106 | Z32 | To A/C 2 (CDS motor) |
| Connect to 24-215B | 24 | 241 | To courtesy (Earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | 2195 | 245 | R/B 2 (R/B earth) |
| Connect to Z15C-214C | 215C | 263 | J/B6 (Earth) |
| Connect to 215C-214C | Z15C | 275 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mulli-courtesy SW } \\ & \text { (Earth) } \end{aligned}$ |
| J/B6 (Earth) | Z186 | 280 | Dim-dip relay (Earth) |
| Body earth $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C}$ LH (Earth) | Z15E | 285 | Meter 2 (Gauge earth) |
| Connect to 2106~W87 | 2106 | 2105 | ABS relay 2 (Earth) |
| Batted with W198 | W198 | 2114 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| Batted wilh W198 | W198 | 2114 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| Batled with (A) |  | 2116 | To floor (Shieid earth) |
| Connect to Z3-2148 | 23 | 2145 | Clearance RH (Earth) |
| Connect to 24~Z15B | 24 | 2146 | Clearance LH (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 214A | Z152 | Heater relay (Stop earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earh) | 2150 | 2168 | ATT ECU 2 (E11) |
| Connect to 215D-Z168 | 2150 | 2169 | ATT ECU 2 (E12) |
| Body earth $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C}$ L.H (Earth) | 215D | 2170 | AT ECU 2 (E01) |
| Connect to Z150-2168 | 2150 | 2175 | A/T ECU 2 (E02) |
| Connect to 2179-Z26 | 2179 | 2183 | AT console (0/D SW earth) |
| Connect to 215A-K7 | 215A | 2184 | Diagnosis (Earth) |
| Connect to 23-214B | 23 | 2210 | Buzer (-) |

## VIRE CONNECTION, COWL, CARB. L.H.D.

| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| J/B 6 (Headlight fuse LH -) | A1 | A2 | Headlight LH (+) |
| Connect to A7-A17 | A7 | A3 | Headight LH (Hi) |
| Connect to A8-A18 | A8 | A4 | Headlight LH (L0) |
| Connect to A6-A11A | A6 | A10 | Meter 1 (Bearn +) |
| J/B 6 (Headlight fuse RH - ) | A5 | A10A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to A7-A17 | A7 | A11 | Meter 1 (Beam-) |
| Headight RH (+) | A6 | A11A | J/C 1 |
| Headlight RH (Hi) | A7 | A17 | Multi-control SW (Dimmer Hi) |
| Headlight RH (L0) | A8 | A18 | Multi-control SW (Dimmer Lo) |
| To engine 1 (FL main -) | 04 | A22 | Multi-control SW (Lighting SW +) |
| Multi-control SW (Lighting SW -) | A23 | A24 | J/B 3 (Lighting SW) |
| J/B 5 (Tail fuse -2) | C11 | C1A | J/C 2 |
| Meter 1 (Illumi. +) | C21 | C2A | J/C2 |
| Connect to 018~012 | 018 | C4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Muiti-control SW (Tail } \\ & \text { SW +) } \end{aligned}$ |
| J/B 4 (Tail fuse -1) | C9 | C10 | Clearance RH ( + ) |
| J/B 4 (Tall fuse -) | C6 | C12 | Clearance LH ( + ) |
| J/C 2 | C4A | C27 | AT console (llumi. +) |
| Connect to D3A-D2 | D3A | C29 | To instrument panel 1 (Clock +B) |
| Multi-Control SW (Rear fog - ) | C37 | C38 | To instrument panel (Rear log SW) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Muiti-control SW (Tail } \\ & \text { SW -) } \end{aligned}$ | C13 | C45 | J/B (Tail fuse +) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Rear fog SW -) | C39 | 671 | To floor (Rear fog RH +) |
| J/B 6 (Tail LH, power supply) | C80 | 0102 | J/B 5 (Tail fuse - ) |
| J/B6 (Fog fuse -) | C56 | C103 | Multi-control SW (Rear $\log +1$ |
| Connect to C21~C2A | C21 | C112 | Heater control (lliumi. +) |
| Connect to Z192-G3 | 2192 | C113 | Heater control (illumi. earth) |
| J/C 1 | H5A | C114 | Tail buzzer (IG +) |
| Connect to C80-6102 | C80 | C115 | Tail buzer (Tail) |
| J/B 4 (Dome fuse -) | D34 | D2A | J/C2 |
| To interior lamp (Room) lamp +) | D2 | D3A | J/C 2 |
| Connecl to D3-09 | 03 | D8 | To floor (Courtesy SW, RR) |
| To interior lamp (Room lamp -) | D3 | D9 | To courtesy 1 (Courtesy SW, RL) |
| To courtesy 1 (Courtesy SW FL) | D7 | D16 | Tail buzzer (Couttesy SW) |
| Connect to D3-D9 | 03 | D30 | Tail buzzer diode ( + ) |
| Connect to 07-016 | 07 | D31 | Tail buzzer diode (-) |


| From |  | To |  |
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| Location | Terminal | Termina! | Location |
| To courlesy 1 (Stop lamp) | E14 | E1A | J/C 2 |
| Stop lamp SW (-) | E11 | E2A | J/C 2 |
| Horn | E26 | E4 | Multi-control SW (Horn SW) |
| J/B 5 (Stop lamp tuse -) | E9 | E10 | Stop lamp SW ( + ) |
| J/B 5 (Horn fuse -) | E1 | E25 | Horn (+) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Hazard SW) | F42 | F2 | Meter 2 (Red hazard) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 4$ (Front turn LH) | F8 | F9 | Front turn LH (+) |
| Connect to 24-215B | 24 | F10 | Front turn LH (Earth) |
| J/B 4 (Side turn LH) | F44 | F11 | Side turn $\mathrm{LH}(+)$ |
| Connect to 24-215B | 24 | F12 | Side turn LH (Earth) |
| J/B 4 (Front turn RH) | F13 | F14 | Front turn $\mathrm{RH}(+)$ |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | F15 | Front turn RH (Earth) |
| Connect to 2106-232 | 2106 | F15 | Front turn RH (Earth) |
| J/B 4 (Side turn RH) | F43 | F16 | Side turn RH (+) |
| Connect to Z3-Z148 | Z3 | F17 | Side turn RH (Earth) |
| J/B 5 ( indicator LH) | F18 | F19 | Meter 2 (Indicator LH + ) |
| J/B 5 ( (ndicator RH) | F20 | F21 | Meter 2 (Indicator RH + ) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW -) | F38 | F26 | J/B 4 (Fiasher relay B) |
| J/B 4 (Hazard fuse -) | F40 | F35 | To instrument panet (Hazard SW TB) |
| J/B 4 (Flasher relay L) | F27 | F41 | To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW +) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TR) | F36 | F45 | J/B 5 (Hazard RH) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TL) | F37 | F46 | J/B 5 (Hazard LH) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To floor (Back-up lamp } \\ & \text { RH }- \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | G15 | G1A | J/C 2 |
| To engine 2 (Back-up SW) | G2 | G2A | J/C 2 |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2192 | G3 | To engine 2 (Back lamp SW earth) |
| Meter 2 (Parking brake) | G9 | G7 | To courlesy (Parking brake) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 1$ | G13A | G7 | To courtesy 1 (Parking brake) |
| Brake fluid SW ( + ) | G8 | G11A | J/C 1 |
| Meter 2 (Brake) | G6 | G12A | J/C 1 |
| J/B 5 (Gauge fuse -) | H 1 | H1A | J/C 1 |
| Meter 1 (IG) | H2 | H2A | J/C 1 |
| Meter (0il pressure) | H5 | H6 | To engine (Oil pressure SW +) |
| Meter (T gauge) | H20 | H21 | To engine (Coolant temp. sender +) |
| Meter (F gauge) | H22 | H23 | To courtesy 1 (Fuel sender + |
| Meter 2 (0/0 0FF) | H50 | H51 | A/T ECU 2 (0/D 0FF) |
| Connect to W215-W213 | W215 | H53 | Meter 2 (PWR) |

## HW-48

| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Connect to K28-K10A | K28 | H55 | Meter (Defogger indicator) |
| To courtesy 1 (Sheel bell SW) | H19 | H56 | Meter 1 (Sheet belt indicator) |
| Connect to 121-122 | 121 | 12 | Front washer motor (t) |
| Front washer motor (-) | 13 | 14 | Multi-control SW (Washer molor + ) |
| Mulli-control SW (Front wiper SW L0) | 111 | 118 | Front wiper motor (L0) |
| Mulli-control SW (Front wiper SW Hi) | 112 | 120 | Front wiper motor ( Hi ) |
| J/B6 (Wiper fuse --) | 121 | 122 | Front wiper motor (Cam $\mathrm{SW}+$ ) |
| Multi-control SW (Front wiper SW OFF) | 113 | 124 | Front wiper motor (Cam SW common) |
| $\qquad$ $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | 127 | 128 | To instrument panel 1 (Rear washer SW +) |
| To iloor (Wiper motor $\rightarrow$ ) | 130 | 131 | To instrument panel 1 (Rear wiper SW +) |
| Heater relay (Contact point -) | K11 | K2 | Blower motor ( + ) |
| Connect to K30-K4 | K30 | K3 | Blower resister ( + ) |
| Blower molor (-) | K30 | K4 | Heater control (Hi) |
| Blower resistor (M1) | K5 | K6 | Heater control (M1) |
| Comnect to Z3-214B | Z3 | K7 | Blower resister (Earth) |
| J/B 6 (Heater fuse -) | K1 | K10 | Heater relay (Contact point + ) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Defogger SW -) | K28 | K10A | J/C 1 |
| To fioor (Defogger +) | K29 | K11A | J/C 1 |
| J/C 1 | H6A | K12 | Heater relay (Coil +) |
| Connect to K11~K2 | K11 | K14 | A/C luse (+) |
| Connect to K129~K151 | K129 | K18 | VSV (VSV +) |
| Diode 6 (-) | X249 | K20A | J/C 2 |
| Heater control (L0) | K8 | K21A | J/C 2 |
| To AC 1 (Amp. Magnet clutch) | K50 | K22 | To A/C 2 (Magnet clutch) |
| J/B 6 (Defogger fuse -) | K26 | K27 | To instriment panel 2 (Defogger SW +) |
| Blower resistor (M2) | K41 | K42 | Heater control (M2) |
| Connect to K156-K179 | K156 | K96 | To engine 2 (2-way coolant temp. SW) |
| J/6 5 (Earth) | 2189 | K109 | To A/C 1 (Amp. earth) |
| Connect to K129-K151 | K129 | K145 | To AC 2 (Dial pressure SW +) |
| To A/C 2 (Dual pressure SW-) | K146 | K150 | To A/C 1 (Amp. contact point + ) |
| To ACC 1 (Amp. power supply) | K129 | K151 | A/C fise (-) |
| Radiator lan motor (-) | L1 | K153 | A/C relay No. 2 (Contact point + ) |
| J/C 2 | N4A | K155 | To A/C 2 (A/C relay No. 1 coil +) |
| J/C 1 | N20A | K157 | To A/C 1 (Tachometer pulse) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| J/C 2 | K22A | K160 | Diode 5 (Heater) |
| A/C relay No. 2 (Coil -) | K156 | K179 | To A/C 2 (Pressure SW) |
| To A/C 2 (CDS motor + ) | K181 | K180 | ACC relay No. 2 (Contact point-) |
| J/C1 | L4A | K182 | To AC 1 (A/C amp. relay -) |
| VSV (VSV -) | K19 | K185 | To A/C 1 (Amp. VSV No. 1-) |
| To A/C 1 (Amp. A/C cut) | K138 | K188 | To engine 2 (A/C coolant temp. cut SW) |
| Radiator fan relay (Coil $-1$ | L4 | L1A | J/C 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To engine } 1 \text { (Radiator } \\ & \text { fan } \mathrm{SW}_{+ \text {) }} \end{aligned}$ | L2 | L2A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to N4A-K155 | N4A | 13 | A/C relay No. 2 (Coil +) |
| J/C 1 | L3A | L12 | Diode 2 (Radiator fan) |
| To engine 1 (Radiator $\tan \mathrm{FL}-1$ | 0101 | L.19 | Radiator fan relay (Contact point +) |
| IG SW (ST) | M1 | M2 | To engine 1 (Starter) |
| To engine 2 (Alternator IG) | 019 | N1A | J/C 2 |
| IG SW (GG1) | N1 | N2 | J/B2 (IG fuse +) |
| J/B6 (Engine fuse --) | N31 | N2A | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 2$ |
| J/C2 | N5A | N5 | IG coil (IG) |
| Radiator fan relay | 014 | N6A | J/C2 |
| Conmedt to N7~N21A | N7 | N8 | To engine 1 (Distributor IG pulse) |
| IG coil (Distributor) | N7 | N21A | J/C 1 |
| Meter 1 (Tachometer puise) | N11 | N22A | J/C 1 |
| IG SW (IG2) | N30 | N38 | J/B 2 (IG2 fuse +) |
| J/C1 | H4A | N50 | Diagnosis (IG +) |
| J/C 2 | N7A | N57 | Condenser ( + ) |
| To engine 1 (Atternator +B) | 018 | 012 | Confront wit 012X |
| Batted with 012 | 012 | 012X | IG SW (AM) |
| Connect to 04-A22 | 04 | 013 | J/B 3 (Horn hazard luse -) |
| Radiator fan relay (Contact point -) | 017 | 015 | Radiator fan motor ( + ) |
| Meter (Charge lamp -) | 020 | 021 | To engine 2 (Alternator b) |
| To engine 2 (CDS FL - ) | 083 | 032 | To AC 2 (A/C relay No. 1 contact point + ) |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | 095 | J/B1 (AM-related fuse +) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 2$ | 01A | 097 | ATT ECU 2 (BATT) |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | P9 | To courtesy 1 (Power No. $130 \mathrm{~A}+$ ) |
| $\text { To courtesy } 1 \text { (No. } 2$ $C / B 30 A-1$ | P21A | P11 | To interior lamp (Canvas top motor +) |
| J/B4 (Earth) | 2193 | P12 | To interior lamp \Canvas top motor -) |
| Connect to $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | N1 | P20 | To courtesy 1 (Power No. $2 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{B} 30 \mathrm{~A}+$ ) |
| IG SW (ACC) | R1 | R2 | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B}$ ( ACC -related fuse +) |



## HW-50

| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminà | Location |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | 232 | To A/C 2 (CDS molor) |
| Connect to 24-215B | 24 | 241 | To courlesy (Earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | 2195 | 245 | A/C relay No. 2 (Contact point -) |
| Connect to 215C~214C | 215C | 263 | J/B 6 (Earth) |
| Connect to Z15C~214C | 215C | 275 | Multi-control SW (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | Z15D | 285 | Meter 2 (Gauge earth) |
| Connect to Z3-2148 | 23 | 2145 | Clearance RH (Earth) |
| Connect to $24-2158$ | 24 | 2146 | Clearance LH (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 215A | 2152 | Heater relay (Stop earth) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 215E | 2167 | Idie up relay (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 2140 | 2168 | AIT ECU 2 (E11) |
| Connect to 2140-2168 | 214 D | 2169 | A/T ECU 2 (E12) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | 214D | 2170 | AT ECU 2 (E01) |
| Connect to 2140~2168 | Z14D | 2175 | AT ECU 2 (E02) |
| Connect to Z179-226 | 2179 | 2183 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ATT console }\langle 0 / \mathrm{DSW} \\ & \text { earth) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | Z14E | 2184 | Diagnosis (Earth) |
| Radiator fan motor (-) | 11 | 2195 | Body earth LH (Earth) |
| Connect to 23-214B | 23 | 2210 | Tail buzzer (-) |

## VIRE CONNECTION, COWL, CARB. R.H.D.

| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 6$ (Headight fuse LH -) | A1 | A2 | Headlight LH ( + ) |
| Connect to A7~A17 | A7 | A3 | Headlight L.H (Hi) |
| Connect to AB~A18 | A8 | A4 | Headlight L.H (L0) |
| Connect to A6-A11A | A6 | A10 | Meter 1 (Beam + ) |
| J/B 6 (Headlight fuse RH - | A5 | A10A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to A7-A17 | A7 | A11 | Meter 1 (Beam-) |
| Headlight RH ( + ) | A6 | A11A | J/C 1 |
| Headlight RH ( Hi ) | A7 | A17 | Multi-control SW (Dimmer Hi) |
| Headight RH (Lo) | A8 | A18 | Multi-control SW (Dimmer Lo) |
| To engine 1 (FL main -) | 04 | A22 | Multi-control SW (Lighting SW +) |
| Muiti-conitol SW (Lighting SW -) | A23 | A24 | J/B 3 (Lighting SW) |
| J/B 5 (Tail fuse -2) | C11 | C1A | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 2$ |
| Meter 1 (Illumi. +) | C21 | C2A | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 2$ |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | C4 | Multi-controlled SW (Tail SW +) |
| J/B 4 (Tail fuse -1) | C9 | C10 | Clearance RH( + ) |
| J/B 4 (Tail fuse -) | C6 | C12 | Clearance LH (+) |
| J/C 2 | C4A | C27 | ATT console (Illumi. +) |
| Connect to D2-D3A | D2 | C29 | To instrument panel (Clock +B) |
| Multi-conitrol SW (Tail SW-) | C13 | 645 | J/B (Tail fuse +) |
| To instrument panel 1 | 2166 | C65 | Meter 1 (Hlumi. -) |
| J/B 6 (Tail LH power supply) | C80 | C102 | J/B 5 (Tail fuse -) |
| Connect to C21~C2A | C21 | C112 | Heater Control (lliumi. +) |
| Connect to Z166-C65 | 2166 | C113 | Heater control (lllumi. earth) |
| Connect to H2-H2A | H2 | C114 | Tail buzzer (IG +) |
| Connect to C80-C102 | C80 | C115 | Tail buzzer (Tail) |
| J/B 4 (Dome fuse -) | D34 | D2A | J/C 2 |
| To interior lamp (Room lamp +) | D2 | D3A | J/C 2 |
| Connect to D3-D9 | D3 | D8 | To floor (Courtesy SW RR) |
| To interior lamp (Room lamp -) | D3 | D9 | To courtesy 1 (Courtesy SW RL) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To courtesy } 1 \text { (Courtesy } \\ & \text { SW FL) } \end{aligned}$ | 07 | 016 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tail buzzer (Courtesy } \\ & \text { SW) } \end{aligned}$ |
| To floor (Stop lamp) | E14 | E1A | J/C 2 |
| Stop lamip SW (-) | E11 | E2A | J/C 2 |
| Horn (-) | E26 | E4 | Muiti-control SW (Horn SW) |
| J/B 5 (Stop fuse -) | E9 | E10 | Stop lamp SW ( + ) |
| J/B 5 (Horn fuse -) | E1 | E25 | Horn ( + ) |
| To instrument pane! (Hazard SW) | F42 | F2 | Meter 2 (Red hazard) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| J/B 4 (Front turn L.H) | F8 | F9 | Front turn LH (+) |
| Connect to $74 \sim 215 B$ | 24 | F10 | Front turn LH (Earth) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 4$ (Side turn L.H) | F44 | F11 | Side turn LH ( + ) |
| Connect to Z4~Z15B | 24 | F12 | Side lurn LH (Earth) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B} 4$ (Front turn RH) | F13 | F14 | Front turn $\mathrm{RH}(+)$ |
| Connect to Z3-Z14B | Z3 | F15 | Front turn RH (Earth) |
| J/B 4 (Side turn RH) | F43 | F16 | Side turn RH ( + ) |
| Connect to Z3-Z2148 | 23 | F17 | Side turn RH (Earth) |
| J/B 5 ( (ndicator LH) | F18 | F19 | Meter 2 (Indicator LH +) |
| J/B 5 (Indicator RH) | F20 | F21 | Meter 2 (Indicator $\mathrm{RH}+$ ) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW -) | F38 | F26 | J/B 4 (Fiasher relay B) |
| J/B 4 (Hazard fuse -) | F40 | F35 | To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW + B) |
| J/B 4 (Flasher -L) | F27 | F41 | To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW +) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Hazard SW TR) | F36 | F45 | J/B 5 (Hazard RH) |
| To instrument pane: 2 (Hazard SW TL) | F37 | F46 | J/B 5 (Hazard LH) |
| To floor (Back lamp RH -) | G15 | G1A | J/C 2 |
| To engine 2 (Brake lamp SW) | G2 | G2A | J/C 2 |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2192 | G3 | To engine 2 (Back lamp SW earth) |
| Connect to 66-68 | G6 | G7 | To floor (Parking brake) |
| Meter 2 (Brake) | G6 | 68 | Brake fluid level SW(+) |
| J/B 5 (Gauge fuse -) | H1 | H1A | J/C 1 |
| Meter 1 (IG) | H2 | H2A | J/C 1 |
| Meter 1 (0il pressure) | H5 | H6 | To engine 2 (0il pressure $S W+$ ) |
| Meter 2 (Temp. gauge) | H 2 O | H21 | To engine 2 (Coolant temp. sender +) |
| Meter 1 (Fuel gauge) | H22 | H23 | To countesy 1 (Fuei sender +) |
| Meter 2 (0/D OFF) | H50 | H51 | A/T ECU 2 (O/D OFF) |
| Connect to W215-W213 | W215 | H53 | Meter 2 (PWB) |
| Connect to K28-K10A | K28 | H55 | Meter 2 (Defogger indicator) |
| Connect to 121-122 | 121 | 12 | Front washer motor ( + ) |
| Front washer motor ( - ) | 13 | 14 | Multi-control SW (Washer motor + ) |
| Multi-control SW (Front wiper SW Lo) | 111 | 118 | Front wiper motor (Lo) |
| Multi-control SW (Front wiper SW Hi) | 112 | 120 | Front wiper motor (Hi) |
| J/B6 (Wiper fuse -) | 121 | 122 | Front wiper motor (Cam SW +) |
| Multi-control SW (Front wiper SW OFF) | 113 | 124 | Front wiper motor (Cam SW common) |
| To floor (Washer motor) | 127 | 128 | To instrument panel 1 (Rear washer SW +) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| To floor (Wiper molor) | 130 | 131 | To instrument panel 1 (Rear wiper SW +) |
| Heater relay (Conlact point -) | K 11 | K2 | Blower motor ( + ) |
| Connect to K30~K4 | K30 | K3 | Blower resister (+) |
| Blower motor ( - ) | K30 | K4 | Heater control (Hi) |
| Blower resister (M1) | K5 | K6 | Heater control (M1) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | Z15C | K7 | Blower resister (Earth) |
| J/B6 (Heater fuse -) | K1 | K10 | Heater relay (Contact point +) |
| To instrument panel 2 (Detogger SW -) | K28 | K10A | J/C 1 |
| To floor (Defogger + ) | K29 | K11A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to H2-H2A | H2 | K12 | Heater relay ( $\mathrm{Coil}+$ + |
| Connect to K11~K2 | K11 | K14 | A/C fuse (t) |
| Connect to K129-K151 | K129 | K18 | VSV ( + ) |
| Diode $6(-)$ | 018 | K20A | J/C2 |
| Heater control (L0) | K8 | K21A | J/C2 |
| To A/C 1 (Amp., Magnet clutch) | K50 | K22 | To A/C 2 (Magnet clutch) |
| J/B6 (Defogger fuse - ) | K26 | K27 | To instrument panel 2 (Defogger SW +) |
| Blower resister (M2) | K41 | K42 | Heater controi (M2) |
| Connect to K156-K179 | K156 | K96 | To engine 2 (2-way coolant temp. SW) |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2189 | K109 | To A/C 1 (Amp. earth) |
| Connect to K129-K151 | K129 | K145 | To A/C 2 (Dual pressure SW +) |
| To AC 2 (Dual pressure SW-1 | K146 | K150 | To AC 1 (Amp. conlact point + ) |
| To A/C 1 (Amp. power supply) | K129 | K151 | A/C fuse (-) |
| Radiator fan motor (-) | L1 | K153 | A/C relay No. 2 (Contact point +) |
| J/C 2 | N4A | K155 | To A/C 2 (A)C relay No. 1 coil +) |
| Connect to $77 \sim$ N11 | N7 | K157 | To A/C 1 (Tachometer pulse) |
| A/C relay No. 2 (Coil -) | K156 | K179 | To AC 2 (Pressure SW) |
| To A/C 2 (CDS motor +) | K181 | K180 | A/C relay No. 2 (Contact point -) |
| Connect to L4-L1A | 14 | K182 | To A/C 1 (AC amp. relay --) |
| VSV (VSV -) | $K 19$ | K185 | To A/C 1 (Amp. VSV No. 1-) |
| To A/C 1 (AMP A/C cut) | K138 | K188 | To engine 2 (ACC coolant temp. cut SW) |
| Radiator fan relay (Coil $-1$ | L4 | L1A | J/C 1 |
| To engine 2 (Radiator fan $S W+$ ) | L2 | L2A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to N4A~K155 | N4A | L. 3 | A/C relay No. 2 (COil +) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{C} 1$ | L.3A | L12 | Diode 2 (Radiator fan) |


| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| To engine 1 (Radiator fan $\mathrm{FL}-$ ) | 0101 | L19 | Radiator fan relay (Conlact point +) |
| IG SW (Starter) | M1 | M2 | To engine 1 (Starter) |
| To engine 2 (Alternator IG) | 019 | N1A | J/C 2 |
| IG SW (IG1) | N1 | N2 | J/B2 (IG fuse +) |
| J/B 6 (Engine fuse -) | N31 | N2A | J/C 1 |
| J/C 2 | N5A | N5 | IG coil (IG) |
| Radiator tan relay | 014 | N6A | J/C 1 |
| Connect to $\mathrm{N} 7-\mathrm{N} 11$ | N7 | N8 | To engine 1 (Distribulor IG pulise) |
| IG coil (Distributor) | N7 | N11 | Meter (lachometer puise) |
| IG SW (!G2) | N30 | N38 | J/B2 (IG2 fuse +) |
| J/C 1 | H4A | N50 | Diagnosis (IG +) |
| J/C2 | N7A | N57 | Condenser ( + ) |
| To engine 1 (Alternator +B) | 018 | 012 | Batted with 012X |
| Batter with ~012 | 012 | 012 X | IG SW (AM) |
| Connect 10 04-A22 | 04 | 013 | J/B 3 (Horn hazard fuse -) |
| Radiator fan relay (Contact point -) | 017 | 015 | Radiator fan motor ( + ) |
| Meter 2 (Change lamp -) | 020 | 021 | To engine 2 (Alternator L) |
| To engine 1 (CDS FL -) | 083 | 032 | To A/C 2 (A/C relay No. 1 contact point +) |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | 095 | J/B 1 (AM-related fuse + ) |
| J/C 2 | D1A | 097 | A/T ECU 2 (BATT) |
| Connect to 018-012 | 018 | P9 | To floor (Power No. 1 $30 \mathrm{~A}+$ ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To floor ( } \mathrm{No} .2 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{B} 30 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text {-) } \end{aligned}$ | P21A | P11 | To interior lamp (Canvas top motor) |
| Connect to 24-215B | Z4 | P12 | To interior lamp (Canvas top motor) |
| Connecl to N 1 - N 2 | N1 | P20 | To floor (Power No. 2 C/B 30A + ) |
| IG SW (ACC) | R1 | R2 | J/B 3 (ACC-related fuse +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FL + ) | R6 | R7 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To door LH (Speaker FL } \\ & + \text { + } \end{aligned}$ |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FL -) | R8 | R9 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To door LH (Speaker FL } \\ & \text {-) } \end{aligned}$ |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio FR +) | R10 | R11 | To door RH (Speaker FR + +) |
| To instrument pane! 1 (Radio FR-) | R12 | R13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To door RH (Speaker FR } \\ & \text {-) } \end{aligned}$ |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled mirror SW VL) | R18 | R22 | To door LH (Remote-controlied mirror VL) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled mirror SW HL) | R20 | R23 | To door LH (Remote-controlled mirror HL ) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled mirror SW VR) | R19 | R24 | To door RH (Remote-controlled mirror VR) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminai | Termina! | Location |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled mirror SW HR) | R21 | R25 | To door RH (Remote-controlled mirror HR) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Remote-controlled mirror SW motor) | R17 | R26 | To door RH (Remote-controlled mirror -1 |
| Connect to R17-R26 | R17 | R27 | To door LH (Remote-controlled mirror -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RR +) | R28 | R32 | To floor (Speaker RR +) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RR -) | R29 | R33 | To floor (Speaker RiR -) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RL +) | R30 | R34 | To courtesy 1 (Speaker RL + ) |
| To instrument panel 1 (Radio RL - ) (Radio RL -) | R31 | R35 | To courtesy 1 (Speaker RL-1 |
| J/C 2 | E3A | W3 | A/T ECU 2 (BB) |
| Meter 2 (Easy) | H54 | W4 | AT ECU 2 (Easy) |
| To engine 2 (L) | W9 | W8 | ATT ECU 1 (L) |
| To engine 2 (2) | W11 | W10 | ATT ECU 1 (2) |
| To engine 2 (D) | W13 | W12 | AT ECU 1 (D) |
| To engine 2 ( N ) | W15 | W14 | A/T ECU 1 ( N$)$ |
| J/C2 | G3A | W16 | ATT ECU 2 (R) |
| To engine 2 ( P ) | W18 | W17 | AT ECU 2 (P) |
| To engine 2 (Throttle VCC) | X42 | W19 | ATT ECU 2 (VCC) |
| To engine 2 (Throttle VTH) | X41 | W21 | ATT ECJ 2 (VTH) |
| To engine 2 (Throttle E2) | X39 | W23 | AT ECU 2 (E2) |
| To engine 2 (Shift solenoid No. 1) | W28 | W27 | ATT ECU 2 (S1) |
| To engine 2 (Shift solenoid No. 2) | W30 | W29 | ATT ECU 2 (S2) |
| Diagnosis (T) | W32 | W31 | A/T ECU 2 (T) |
| J/B 4 (Fuse ECU IG2-) | W187 | W34 | A/T ECU 2 ( +B ) |
| To engine 2 (Coolant temp. SW +) | W207 | W42 | ATT ECU 1 (WTH) |
| Connect to H54-W4 | H54 | W45 | Diagnosis (ATT output) |
| Connect to W13-W12 | W13 | W117 | Diode 3 (Shitt D) |
| Connect to W11~W10 | W11 | W118 | Diode 3 (Shift 2) |
| Connect to W9-W8 | W9 | W119 | Diode 4 (Shift L) |
| Connect to G3A W16 | G3A | W120 | Diode 4 (Shift R) |
| Connect to X9-X152 | X9 | W121 | Diode 3 (IN) |
| Connect to X9-X152 | X9 | W122 | Diode 4 ( IN$)$ |
| To engine 2 (L-UP solenoid) | W202 | W136 | A/T ECU 2 (SL) |
| To engine 2 (Pressure solenoid + ) | W204 | W203 | A/T ECU 2 (STH + |
| To engine 2 (Pressure solenoid -) | W206 | W205 | A/T ECU 2 (STH-) |
| AT console (0/0 SW) | V76 | W208 | AT ECU 1 (0D) |
| A/T console (PWR) | W215 | W213 | ATT ECU 1 (PWR) |
| $\sqrt{\text { T console (Easy) }}$ | W216 | W214 | A/T ECU 1 (Easy) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| To engine 2 (T/M SPD -) | W232 | W217 | ATT ECU 1 (SPD1-) |
| To engine 2 (Cylinder revolution +) | W220 | W218 | A/T ECU 1 ( $\mathrm{NC}+$ ) |
| To engine 2 (Cylinder revolution -) | W221 | W219 | ATT ECU 1 (NC-) |
| Connect to Z187~W227 | 2187 | W226 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| J/B 6 (Earlh) | 2187 | W227 | To engine 2 (Engine sensor shield) |
| Connect to 2187-W227 | 2187 | W228 | Shield earth (Separation) |
| To engine 2 (TM SPD + ) | W231 | W230 | A/T ECU 1 (SPD1 +) |
| J/C 1 | K12A | X15 | Diode 1 (DEF) |
| J/C 1 | A12A | X16 | Diode 1 (Headlight) |
| Connect to X9-X152 | X9 | X150 | Diode 5 (+) |
| To engine 2 (VSV-) | X9 | X152 | Idle up relay (Contact point +) |
| Diode 1 (OUT) | X17 | X153 | I/UP relay (Coil +) |
| J/C 2 | K22A | X160 | Diode 5 (Heater) |
| Connect to $\times 9-\times 152$ | X9 | X169 | Diode 2 (+) |
| AT ECU 1 (ACT) | 2171 | X181 | To A/C 1 (ACT) |
| Heater relay (Coil -) | K13 | X247 | Diode 6 (+) |
| Connect to Z3-Z14B | 23 | 27 | To floor (Earth) |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2181 | 28 | Meter 2 (Power earth) |
| J/B6 (Earth) | 2188 | 211 | Brake fluid level SW (Earth) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 23 | 2148 | Body earth J/C RH (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 215C | 214C | Body earth J/C RH (Earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | Z4 | 2158 | Body earth J/C LH (Earth) |
| Connect to 215C~214C | 215C | 221 | Heater control (Heater control SW earth) |
| J/B 5 (Earth) | 2179 | 226 | A/t console (illumi. -) |
| Body earth J/C RH (Earth) | Z14D | 230 | To instrument panel 1 (Radio eath) |
| Body earth RH (Earth) | 2106 | Z32 | To A/C 2 (COS motor) |
| Connect to Z4-Z15B | 24 | 241 | To courtesy (Earth) |
| Body earth LH (Earth) | 2195 | 245 | A/C relay No. 2 (Contact point -) |
| Connect to Z15C~214C | 215C | 263 | J/B6 (Earth) |
| Connect to 215C-Z14C | 215C | 275 | Multi-control SW (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 215E | 285 | Meter 2 (Gauge earth) |
| Connect to Z3-Z14B | 23 | 2145 | Clearance RH (Earth) |
| Connect to $24-\mathrm{Z} 15 \mathrm{~B}$ | 24 | 2146 | Clearance LH (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | Z14A | Z152 | Heater relay (Stop earth) |
| Connect to 2179-226 | 2179 | 2167 | lUPP relay (Earth) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earth) | 2150 | 2168 | AT ECU 2 (E11) |
| Connect to 215D-2168 | 2150 | 2169 | A/T ECU 2 (E12) |
| Body earth J/C LH (Earlh) | 2150 | 2170 | ATT ECU 2 (E01) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Connect to Z15D-Z168 | Z15D | Z175 | A/T ECJ 2 (E02) |
| Connect to Z179-Z26 | Z179 | Z183 | A/T console (0/D SW <br> earth) |
| Body earth J/C RH <br> (Earth) | Z14E | Z184 | Diagnosis (Earth) |
| Connect to Z3-Z14B |  | Z210 | Buzzer (-) |

'NIRE CONNECTION, INSTRUMENT PANEL

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Termina! | Location |
| Rool antenna (Motor) | R109 |  | Connect to R40-R55 |
| Connect to C15-C106 | C15 | C20 | Ashtray illumi. ( + ) |
| Connect to C15-C106 | C15 | C22 | Clock (Dimmer + ) |
| J/B (Fuse, fog) | C56 | C23 | Front fog SW (+) |
| Rear fog (RH +) | C25 | C24 | Front fog SW (-) |
| Connect to C15-C106 | C15 | C28 | Radio (lliumi. +) |
| Connect to D43-C30 | D43 | C29 | Clock (Back-up) |
| Connect to D43-C30 | D43 | C29 | Clock (Back-up) |
| Connect to D51-C30 | D51 | C29 | Clock, break |
| J/B (Fuse, dome) | D43 | C30 | Radio (Back-up) |
| Break terminal (-) | D51 | C30 | Radio, back-up |
| Mutiti-control SW (RF) | C37 | C38 | Rear fog lamp SW ( + ) |
| Rear fog lamp RH (+) | C71 | C39 | Rear fog lamp SW (-) |
| J/B (Fuse, tail) | C15 | C43 | Rheostat (T) |
| Connect to Z31-Z166 | C107 | C44 | Rheostat (L) |
| J/B (Fuse, tail) | C15 | C106 | Hazard SW (Illumi. +) |
| Connect to Z31~2166 | 231 | C107 | Hazard SW (litumi. earth) |
| Connect to Z31~Z166 | 231 | C113 | Heater control illumi. (-) |
| J/B (Fuse, dome) | D43 | D50 | Break terminal ( + ) |
| Fuse, hazard | F40 | F35 | Hazard SW (Hazard +) |
| J/B (Hazard RH) | F45 | F36 | Hazard SW (TR) |
| J/B (Hazard LH) | F46 | F37 | Hazard SW (TL) |
| Flasher relay + | F26 | F38 | Hazard SW (Hazard L) |
| Flasher relay L | F27 | F41 | Hazard SW (TB) |
| Meter (Red hazard) | F2 | F42 | Hazard SW (Red hazard) |
| Fuse, turn | F47 | F49 | Hazard SW (Turn cancel) |
| Connect to K28-K29 | K28 | H55 | Meter (Defogger indicator) |
| Rear washer motor (-) | 127 | 128 | Rear wiper SW (Rear washer) |
| Rear wiper motor (-) | 130 | 131 | Rear wiper SW (Rear wiper) |
| Fuse, delogger | K26 | K27 | Defogger SW (+) |
| Rear, defogger + | K29 | K28 | Defogger SW (-) |
| J/B (Fuse, radio) | R3 | R4 | Radio (ACC power source) |
| Connect to R14-R15 | R14 | R5 | Clock (Indicator +) |
| Speaker Fr LH (FL + ) | R7 | R6 | Radio (Speaker FL +) |
| Speaker Fr LH (FL-) | R9 | R8 | Radio (Speaker FL -) |
| Speaker Fr RH (FR +) | R11 | R10 | Radio (Speaker FR +) |
| Speaker Fr RH (FR - ) | R13 | R12 | Radio (Speaker FR --) |
| $J / B$ (Fuse, cigarette lighter) | R14 | R15 | Cigarette lighter ( + ) |
| Connect to R14~R15 | R14 | R16 | Remote-controlled door mirror $S W$ ( +B ) |
| Door mirror RH (C) | R26 | R17 | Remote-controlled door mirror SW (C) |
| Door mirror LH (VL) | R22 | R18 | Remote-controlled door mirror SW (VL) |
| Door mirror RH (VR) | R24 | R19 | Remote-controlled door mirror SW (VR) |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Door mirror LH (HL) | R23 | R20 | Remote-controlled door mirror SW (HL) |
| Door mirror RH (HR) | R25 | R21 | Remote-controlled door mirror SW (HR) |
| Speaker Rr RH ( $\mathrm{RR}+$ ) | R32 | R28 | Radio (Speaker RR +) |
| Speaker Rr RH (RR -) | R33 | R29 | Radio (Speaker RR -) |
| Speaker Rr LH (RL + ) | R34 | R30 | Radio (Speaker RL +) |
| Speaker Rr LH (RL-) | R35 | R31 | Radio (Speaker RL-) |
| Electric-powered antenna ( RX ) | R40 | R55 | Radio (Electric-powered antenna RX ) |
| Connect to R11~R10 | R11 | R56 | Instrument panel. speaker (+) |
| Connect to R13~R12 | R13 | R57 | Instrument panel, speaker ( - ) |
| Centre speaker ( + ) | R60 | R62 | DSP (Centre speaker +) |
| Centre speaker (-) | R61 | R63 | OSP (Centre speaker -) |
| Connect to 231-2166 | 231 | 218 | Rear wiper SW (Earth) |
| Connect to 231-2166 | 231 | 224 | Ashtray illumi. (Earth) |
| Connect to Z31-2166 | 231 | Z25 | Clock (Earth) |
| Body earh (Cow, Inner Right) | 214 | 230 | Radio (GND) |
| Connect to Z31~Z166 | Z31 | 243 | Rear fog iamp SW (ON indicator earth) |
| Connect to 243 |  | 244 | Rheostat (-) |
| Connect to 231~2166 | 231 | 262 | Remote-controlled mirror SW (Earth) |
| Cigarette lighter (Earth) | 231 | 2166 | $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B}$ (Instrument panel earth) |

## WIRE CONNECTION, rLUUH

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminai | Location |
| To cowl 2 (ABS ECU, shielded earth) | Z110 |  | Connected with - 2110 |
| J/B (Tail fuse -, floor 1) | C2 | C7 | Rear combination lamp RH, Tail lamp ( + ) |
| J/B (Tail fuse -, lloor 2) | C5 | C8 | Rear combination lamp LH, Tail lamp ( + ) |
| Connect to C2~C7 | C2 | C16 | License plate lamp ( + ) |
| To cowl 1 (Key buzzer courtesy SW) | C116 | D6 | Couttesy SW FR |
| To cowl 1 (Room lamp. door -) | D3 | D8 | Courtesy SW FR |
| Courtesy SW, back door | D10 | D12 | Luggage room lamp ( - ) |
| Connect to D3~08 | 03 | D30 | Diode ( + ) |
| Connect to C115-D6 | C116 | D31 | Diode (-) |
| Luggage room lamp ( + ) | 011 | D42 | J/B (Dome fuse -) |
| Connect to E11~E15 | E11 | E14 | Rear combination lamp RH (STOP + ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To cowl } 1 \text { (Stop lamp } \\ & \text { SW }(-1) \end{aligned}$ | E11 | E15 | Rear combination lamp LH (STOP + ) |
| Connect to E11~E15 | E11 | E16 | To back door (High-mount stop lamp +) |
| Earth (Body earth, Rr RH) | 28 | E17 | To back door (Earth) |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B}$ (Rear turn l H) | F4 | F5 | Rear combination lamp $\mathrm{LH}(+)$ |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B}$ (Rear turn RH ) | F6 | F7 | Rear combination lamp RH ( + ) |
| J/B (Back fuse) | F34 | G4 | Rear combination lamp RH (Back-up lamp +) |
| Connect to F34-G4 | F34 | G5 | Rear combination lamp LH (Back-up $\operatorname{lamp}+$ ) |
| To cowl 1 (Meter, brake warning) | G6 | G7 | Parking brake (Parking brake SW) |
| To cowl 1 (Shitt position SW (Reverse)) | G2 | G15 | Rear combination lamp RH (Back-up lamp -) |
| Connect to G2-G15 | G2 | G16 | Rear combination lamp LH (Back-up lamp -) |
| To cowl 1 (Meter, sheet belt warning) | H56 | H19 | Sheet 1, 2 |
| Connect to Z3-Z7 | Z3 | H59 | Sheet 1, 2 (Earth) |
| J/B (Fuse, wiper) | 125 | 126 | Rear washer (Motor + ) |
| To back door (Rear wiper motor +) | 129 | 126 | Rear washer (Motor + ) |
| Rear washer (Motor -) | 127 | 128 | To cowl 1 (Rear washer SW +) |
| To back door (Rear wiper motor -) | 130 | 131 | To cowl 1 (Rear wiper motor SW +) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To cowl } 1 \text { (Defogger SW } \\ & - \text {-) } \end{aligned}$ | K23 | K29 | To back door (Defogger + ) |
| To cowl 1 (PN master SW RR (UP)) | P32 | P34 | To rear door RH (PN SW (UP + )) |
| To cowl 1 (PN master SW RR (DOWN)) | P33 | P35 | To rear door RH (PW SW (DOWN + )) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To cowl } 1 \text { (PW master } \\ & \text { SW RR (+B)) } \end{aligned}$ | P71 | P36 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To rear door RH }(\mathrm{PW} \\ & \mathrm{SW}(+)) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |


| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To cowl 1 (Door lock } \\ & \text { SW, Lock) } \end{aligned}$ | 05 | Q10 | To rear door RH (Door lock motor, Lock) |
| To cowl 1 (Door lock SW, Unlock) | Q3 | 011 | To rear door RH (Door lock motor, Unlock) |
| To cowl 1 (Radio speaker Rr RH ( + ) ) | R28 | 832 | RR speaker (+) |
| To cowl 1 (Radio speaker $\operatorname{Rr} \mathrm{RH}(-))$ | R29 | R33 | RR speaker (-) |
| To cowl 1 (Radio RR) | R25 | R40 | Electric-powered алtenпа (SX) |
| J/B (Fuse, gauge) | H41 | R41 | Electric-powered antenna (IG) |
| J/B (Fuse, cigarette lighter) | R39 | R42 | Electric-powered antenna (ACC) |
| To cowl 1 (C/B (-)) | R21 | R52 | Electric-powered antenna $(+B)$ |
| Connect to D11-D42 | D11 | S44 | Sheet 2 (BATT, back-up) |
| Connect to P21-P52 | P21 | \$45 | Sheet 2 (+B) |
| Connect to ~H59 | Z3 | S46 | Sheet 2 (Earth) |
| To cowl 2 (Key SW -) | D14 | \$47 | Sheet 2 (IG) |
| To cowl 2 (Shitit position SW (P)) | W18 | S48 | Sheet 2 (Parking) |
| To cow 2 Vehicle speed sensor) | X3 | S49 | Sheet 2 (Vehicle speed sensor) |
| Connect to E11-E15 | E11 | W58 | To Cowl 2 (STOP) |
| To cowl 2 (ABS ECU sensor RR (+)) | W64 | W98 | ABS wheel sensor RR (+) |
| To cowl 2 (ABS ECU sensor RR (-)) | W50 | W99 | ABS wheel sensor RR (-) |
| To cowl 2 (ABS ECU sensor R: $(+)$ ) | W66 | W102 | ABS wheel sensor RL ( + ) |
| To cowl 2 (ABS ECU sensor RL ( - ) ) | W62 | W103 | ABS wheel sensor RL ( - ) |
| Connect to G6-G7 | G6 | W195 | To cow 2 (Parking brake SW) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To cowl } 2 \text { (ABS ECU } \\ & \text { GST) } \end{aligned}$ | W238 | W241 | G sensor (GST) |
| To cowl 2 (ABS ECU GS1) | W239 | W242 | G sensor (GS1) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To cowl } 2 \text { (ABS ECU } \\ & \text { GS2) } \end{aligned}$ | W240 | W243 | G sensor (GS2) |
| To cowl 2 (ABS ECU ( +B ) | W48 | W244 | J/B (Fuse IG2) |
| Connect to W48-W244 | W48 | W245 | 6 sensor (162) |
| Connect to-H59 | 23 | W246 | G sensor (Earth) |
| Connect to Z8-26 | 28 | Z5 | Rear combination lamp RH (Tail earth) |
| Earth (Body earth, Rr RH) | 28 | 26 | Rear combination lamp <br> LH (Tail earth) |
| To cowl 1 (Body earth, cowl) | 23 | 27 | Earth (Body earth, Rr RH) |
| Connect to Z8~76 | 78 | 779 | License lamp (Earth) |
| Connected with 2110- | 2110 | 2116 | Separation |
| Connect to Z3-77 | 23 | 2196 | Electric-powered antenna (Earth) |

## WIRE CONNECTION, COURTESY LAMP FEED

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| J/B (Tail fuse - floor) | C2 | C7 | Rear combination lamp RH (Tail lamp $+B$ ) |
| Tail fuse (-) | C5 | C8 | Tail lamp LH |
| Buzzer (-) | D16 | D7 | Courtesy SW ( $\mathrm{Fr}, \mathrm{LH}$ ) |
| Room tamp (-) | D3 | 07 | Courlesy SW (Fr, LH) |
| Room lamp (-) | D3 | D9 | Courtesy SW (Fr, LH) |
| Connect to D3-D7 | D3 | D9 | Courtesy SW (Rr, LH) |
| Luggage room lamp ( + ) | D11 | D42 | Dome fuse (-) |
| To courtesy (Stop lamp SW (-) ) | E11 | E14 | Rear combination lamp (Stop lamp +) |
| $J / B$ (Rear turn LH) | E4 | F5 | Rear turn RH |
| $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B}$ (Rear turn RH) | F6 | F7 | Rear turn LH |
| Rear combination tamp RH (Back-up lamp +) | G4 | F34 | J/B Fuse, Turn |
| To cowl (Meter, brake) | G6 | G7 | Parking brake SW ( + ) |
| Meter, sheet belt warning | H56 | H19 | Sheet belt warning SW (Meter) |
| Meter (Fuel gauge) | H22 | H23 | Fuel sensor |
| Connect to Z15~Z41 | Z15 | H59 | Sheet belt warning SW |
| J/B (Fuse, wiper) | 125 | 126 | Rear washer (Motor + ) |
| Relay box (Fuei pump relay) | P5 | P6 | Fuel purmp ( + ) |
| To cowl (IG SW (AH)) | P9A | P9 | Sub fuse block (30A ( + ) |
| Connect to P21-P36 | P21 | P11 | To cowl (Canvas top +) |
| To cow $\{$ [IG SW (IG) | P22A | P20 | Sub fuse block (Holiow fuse 30A (+)) |
| Connect to P21-P31 | P21 | P22 | To front door $\langle\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{W}$ master $S W,+B$ ) |
| To floor, master SW (Passenger, UP) | P27 | P29 | PW Passenger (UP) |
| To floor, master SW (Passenger, DOWN) | P28 | P30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PN SW (Passenger, } \\ & \text { DOWN) } \end{aligned}$ |
| PN C/B (-) | P21 | P31 | P/W SW Passenger (+B) |
| To front door courtesy (Master SW, RR, UP) | P32 | P34 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To rear door RH (PW } \\ & \text { SW, UP) } \end{aligned}$ |
| To front door courtesy (Master SW. DOWN) | P33 | P35 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To rear door RH (PW } \\ & \text { SW, DOWN) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Hoilow fuse 30A (-) | P21 | P36 | P/W SW, Passenger (P) |
| PNW master SW (RL. UP) | P37 | P39 | PNW SW, Rr LH (UP) |
| P/W master SW (RL, DOWN) | P38 | P40 | P/N SW, Rr LH (DOWN) |
| Connect to P21~P31 | P21 | P41 | PN SW, Rr LH (+B) |
| Fuse (Power No. 1) | P71 | P41 | P/W master SW ( + ) |
| To front door (Lock SW. Unlock) | Q25 | 01 | Door fock control relay (Unlock) |
| Lock SW (Lock) | Q24 | Q4 | Door lock control relay (LOCk) |
| Connect to Q5~012 | 05 | 07 | Door lock FL (Lock) |
| Connect to Q3~013 | Q3 | 09 | Door lock FL (Unlock) |
| Door lock relay (lock) | 05 | 012 | Door lock (Lock) |
| Door lock relay (Unlock) | 03 | 013 | Door lock (linlock) |


| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Sub fuse block (30A (-)) | P10 | Q16 | Door lock control relay $(+B)$ |
| Radio speaker Rr LH ( + ) | R30 | R34 | Speaker Rr LH (+) |
| Radio speaker Rr LH $(-)$ | R31 | R35 | Speaker Rr LH (-) |
| Connect to W244-W245 | W244 | W48 | To cowl (ABS ECU, IG2) |
| Connect to E11~E14 | E11 | W58 | To cowl (ABS ECU, Stop) |
| Connect to G6-G7 | G6 | W195 | To cowl (ABS ECU, Parking brake) |
| To cowl (ABS ECU GST) | W238 | W241 | ABS G sensor (GST) |
| To cowl (ABS ECU GS1) | W239 | W242 | ABS G sensor (GS1) |
| To cowi (ABS ECU GS2) | W240 | W243 | ABS G sensor (GS2) |
| To cowl (J/B fuse IG2) | W244 | W245 | ABS G sensor (IG2) |
| Connect to 23-27 | Z3 | W246 | ABS G sensor (Earth) |
| Connect to 215-241 | 260 | 27 | Floor earth |
| Body earth (Cowl side LH) | 215 | 241 | Fuel lank (Earth) |
| Body earth (Cowl side LH) | 215 | 241 | Fuel tank (Earth) |
| Connect to Z15~Z41 | 215 | 260 | Door lock controi relay (Earth) |
| Connect to 260-87 | 260 | 761 | To front door (PN earth) |

## HW-58

WIRE CONNECTION, FRONT DOOR RH (Driver's side)

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Step lamp (-) | D23 | D3 | Courtesy SW |
| Fuse, stop (-) | E9 | 021 | Step lamp (-) |
| Circuit breaker (power No. 2-) | P21 | P22 | PW master SW, Front LH ( +8 ) |
| PN M motor, Front RH (UP) | P25 | P23 | PN SW, Front RH (UP) |
| P/W motor, Front RH (DOWN) | P26 | P24 | PN SW, Front RH (DOWN) |
| PNW SW, Front LH (UP) | P29 | P27 | PW master SW. Front LH (UP) |
| PN SW, Front LH (DOWN) | P30 | P28 | PW master SW, Front LH (DOWN) |
| PNN SW, Rear RH (UP) | P34 | P32 | PN master SW, Rear RH (UP) |
| PNW SW, Rear RH (DOWN) | P35 | P33 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PN master SW, Rear } \\ & \text { RH (DOWN) } \end{aligned}$ |
| PNW SW, Rear LH (UP) | P39 | P37 | PN master SW, Rear LH (UP) |
| PN SW, Rear LH (DOWN) | P40 | P38 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PN master SW, Rear } \\ & \text { LH (DOWN) } \end{aligned}$ |
| PNW SW (Rear LH + ) | P41 | P71 | Master SW (PN+) |
| Fuse, Power No. 2 | P10 | P90 | PN master SW, Front LH (IG + ) |
| Electromagnetic lock relay (1) | 07 | 014 | Electromagnetic lock (Lock) |
| Electromagnetic lock relay (7) | 09 | 015 | Electromagnetic lock (Unlock) |
| Door lock controller (Lock) | 04 | Q24 | Electromagnetic lock (Lock +) |
| Door iock controller (Uflock) | 02 | Q25 | Electromagnetic lock (Uniock +) |
| Connect to 215-261 | 215 | 026 | Electromagnetic lock (Earth) |
| Radio (Speaker FR +) | R10 | R11 | Speaker FR ( + ) |
| Radio (Speaker FR -) | R12 | R13 | Speaker FR (-) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (VR) | R19 | R24 | Remote-controlled door mirror RH (VR) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (HR) | R21 | R25 | Remote-controlled door mirror RH (HR) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (C) | 817 | R26 | Remote-controlled door mirror RH (CR) |
| Connect to R10-R11 | R10 | R91 | Tweeter ( + ) |
| Connect to R12-R13 | R12 | R92 | Tweeter ( - ) |
| Body earth | 215 | Z61 | PW master SW, Front LH (Earth) |

## WIRE CONNECTION, FRONT DOOR LH (Passenger's side)

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Power window SW (SU) | P29 | P27 | Power window master SW (FLU) |
| Power window SW (SD) | P30 | P28 | Power window master SW (FLD) |
| Master SW (PN +) | P71 | P31 | Power window SW ( + B) |
| Power window motor FL (UP) | P44 | P42 | Power window SW (UP) |
| Power window motor FL (DOWN) | P45 | P43 | Power window SW (DOWN) |
| Door lock controller (Lock) | 05 | 07 | Electromagnetic lock (Lock +) |
| Door lock controtler (Unlock) | 03 | 09 | Electromagnetic lock (Unlock -) |
| Radio (Speaker FL + ) | R6 | R7 | Speaker FL + |
| Radio (Speaker FL-) | R8 | R9 | Speaker FL - |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (VL) | R18 | R22 | Remote-controlled door mirror LH (VL) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (HL) | R20 | R23 | Remote-controlled door mirror LH (HL) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (C) | R17 | R27 | Remote-controlled door mirror LH (CL) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (F) | R72 | R76 | Remote-controlled door mirror LH (FL) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW ( A ) | R73 | R77 | Remote-controlled door mirror LH (RL) |

WIRE CONNECTION, FRONT DOOR RH (Passenger's side)

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| PW SW (SU) | P29 | P27 | P/N master SW (FLU) |
| PW SW (SD) | P30 | P28 | PM master SW (FLD) |
| Master SW (P/N +) | P21 | P31 | PW SW (+B) |
| P/W motor FL (UP) | P44 | P42 | P/W SW (UP) |
| PWN motor FL (DOWN) | P45 | P43 | PW SW (DOWN) |
| Door lock controiler (Lock) | 05 | Q7 | Electromagnetic lock (Lock +) |
| Door lock controiler (Unlock) | Q3 | 09 | Electromagnetic lock (Unlock +) |
| Radio (Speaker FR + ) | R10 | R17 | Speaker FR + |
| Radio (Speaker FR -) | R12 | R13 | Speaker FR - |
| Remote-conirolled door mirror SW (VR) | R19 | R24 | Remote-controiled door mirror RH (VB) |
| Remote-controlled door mirror SW (HR) | R21 | R25 | Remote-controlled door misror RH (HR) |
| Remole-controlled door mirror SW (C) | R17 | R26 | Remole-controlled door mirfor RH (CR) |

## VIRE CONNECTION, REAR DOOR LH

| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| PW S SW (+B) | P41 | P10 | Fuse (Power No. 1) |
| PNW SW (Master SW SU) | P39 | P37 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PW master SW (RL UP } \\ & + \text { +) } \end{aligned}$ |
| P/W SW (Master SW SD) | P40 | P38 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PW master SW (RL } \\ & \text { DOWN }+ \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| P/W SW (Motor UP + ) | P50 | P52 | PN ${ }^{\text {motor ( }}$ (UP + ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PW SW (Motor DOWN } \\ & + \text { +) } \end{aligned}$ | P51 | P53 | PNW motor (DOWN +) |
| Door lock relay (Lock + ) | 05 | 012 | Door lock motor RL (Lock +) |
| Door lock relay (Unlock $+ \text { ) }$ | 03 | 013 | Door lock motor RL (Unlock +) |

WIRE CONNECTION, REAR DOOR RH

| From |  | To |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| P/W SW ( +B ) | P36 | P10 | Fuse (Power No. 1) |
| PN SW (Master SW SU) | P34 | P32 | PN master SW (RR UP +) |
| PW SW (Master SW SD) | P35 | P33 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PW master SW (RR } \\ & \mathrm{DOWN}+\text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| PW SW (Motor UP + ) | P46 | P48 | P/N motor (UP + ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { PNW SW (Motor DOWN } \\ & + \text { +) } \end{aligned}$ | P47 | P49 | PN motor (DOWN + ) |
| Door lock relay (Lock +) | 05 | Q10 | Door lock motor RR (Lack +) |
| Door lock relay (Unlock +) | Q3 | 011 | Door lock motor RR (Unlock +) |

## WIRE CONNECTION, BACK DOOR No. 1

| From |  | T0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Stop lamp SW (-) | E11 | E16 | High-mount stop lamp ( + ) |
| Stop lamp SW (-) | E11 | E33 | Spoiler, High-mount stop lamp ( + ) |
| Connect to 27~2162 | 27 | E34 | Spoiler, High-mpount stop lamp (-) |
| Fuse (Wiper, Washer) | 125 | 129 | Rear wiper motor (+) |
| Rear wiper SW (+) | 131 | 130 | Rear wiper motor (-) |
| Defogger SW (-) | K28 | K29 | Rear window defogger $(+)$ |
| Body earth (Quarter RH) | 27 | 2162 | Back ojoor earth |

WIRE CONNECTION, BACK DOOR No. 3

| From |  | To |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Stop lamp SW (-) | E11 | E16 | High-mount stop lamp <br> $(+)$ |
| Connect to Z7-Z162 | Z7 | E17 | A igh-mount stop lamp <br> $(-)$ |
| Fuse (Wiper, washer) | 125 | 129 | Rear wiper motor ( + ) |
| Rear wiper SW ( + ) | 131 | 130 | Rear wiper motor ( - ) |
| Defogger SW (-) | K28 | K29 | Rear defogger ( + ) |
| Body earth (Quaarter RH) | Z7 | Z162 | Back door earth |

## VIRE CONNECTION, INTERIOR LAMP FEED

| From |  | To |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Location | Terminal | Terminal | Location |
| Room lamp ( - ) | D3 | D6 | Courtesy SW (FR + ) |
| Room lamp ( + ) | D2 | D34 | Fuse (Dome) |
| Canvas top SW (OPEN) | P13 | P14 | Canvas top (Motor + ) |
| Canvas top SW (CLOSE) | P16 | P15 | Canvas top (Motor -) |
| Canvas top SW (+B) | P11 | P71 | P $/$ master SW ( + ) |
| Canvas top SW (E) | P12 | Z14A | Body earth (J/C cowl <br> side RH) |

WIRE, ENGINE, EFI

TO WIRE, COWL MT

|  | 615 | N31 | 420 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| мз3 ${ }^{\text {K156 }}$ | 23 | 020 | H5 |

## TO WIRE, COWL AT



WIRE, ENGINE, CARB.


TO WIRE, COWL AT


TO WIRE, COWL MTT



## WIRE, COWL, EFI L.H,D. (EC Spec.)




## WIRE, COWL, EFI R.H.D.



## HW-69



## WIRE, COWL, CARB. L.H.D.




WIRE, COWL, CARB. R.H.D.



## WIRE, INSTRUMENT. PANEL





[^0]:    [ ]: Australian specifications

[^1]:    (1) Brake master cylinder piston seal
    (2) Brake master cylinder reserve tank
    (3) Set bolt
    (4) Gasket
    (5) Brake master cylinder piston assembly No. 1
    (6) Brake master cylinder piston assembly No. 2

